The Bee.

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Every Day, The Best Goods!
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Our Store has become the recognized headquarters for the finest Butter sold in the City. Always Gilt Edge.

Choclest Creamery, per lb	$ 22
Armour's Star Hams, per lb	14
Armour's Star Bacon, per lb	14
Silver Soap, per box	2 75
Bell's Buffalo Soap, per box	4 00
Babbett's Best Soap, per box	4 25
Mellin's Baby Food, per pkg	45
Imperial Granum, per pkg, small	60
Imperial Granum, per pkg, large	90
Smith's Philadelphia Ale, per doz	1 40
Bass Ale, Dog Head, per doz	2 20
Bass Ale, White Label, per doz	2 20
Hinkle's Castl Soap, per gross	9 00
" " per doz	80
" " " box, 3 cakes	30
" " " per cak	07
Hunyadi Water, per bottle	39
" " per doz	2 20
" " per case	8 50
25 lbs Extra C Sugar for	1 00
25 lbs Extra C Sugar for	1 00
Knox's Gelatine, per pkg	19
Choice Oranges, per doz	20

The Above Oranges are a Special Bargain, and No. 1 Fruit.

THE F. SCHUMACHER MILLING CO.
AKRON, OHIO,
Manufacturers of Cereal Products Second to None.

Call for its Oat Meal, Rolled Avena, Rolled and Cracked Wheat, Crushed Pearl Barley and Parched Farinose, In Two-Pound Packages.

The White Wheat Graham Flour, Hominy, White and Yellow Granulated Cornmeal.

Everything the Best and all Goods Warranted at

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MANTELS

Which combine all the good qualities and all of the lesser ones are what we endeavor at all times to have. The designs are pretty, the material good, the finish most perfect, or less perfect, as the buyer may desire. By less perfect we mean less expensive. Some people do not want to pay as much as others. It's not every one who would buy a Mantel for $25, yet many would expect to pay more. You can choose which.

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RECIPROCITY.

Mr. Blaine is right. We believe in reciprocity and practice it as far as possible with our customers.

Furniture, Carpets, Ranges, &c., sold on Installments at cash prices. Baby Carriages and Refrigerators $1 down and $1 per week. Goods delivered free anywhere in Toledo.

Honorable and square dealing every time. Ask your friends about us. Come in and examine our goods and learn our prices.

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CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES of our own manufacture, at low cut prices; Wooden and Willow ware, Hammocks and Croquet Sets, Baskets of every variety, Rattan and Reed Rocking Chairs, Boys' Express Wagons, Velocipedes, etc., etc.

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PURE LAKE ICE

Best Service! Scales on Wagons!

Customers Get What They Pay For.

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Is There a Crack in Your Wall?

Have your rooms papered while we are selling goods below cost.

ALLEN & PARKHURST.

IN THE BEE TO-DAY.

WEATHER.

Ohio forecast—Warmer, fair weather; southesterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair, probably followed by local showers; warm southerly winds.

Local indications for the next 24 hours from 3 p. m.—Continued warm, fair weather; southerly winds.

LOCAL

Kicking on Detroit prices.
The rolling mill gas contract.
W. H. Maher in a songful mood.
Meeting of the Union of Unions.
Labor news of general interest.
Doings of the gas trustees last night.
Railroad notes in and about Toledo.
Oleomargarine and the McKinley act.
Search for a man who has money left him.
Suit for $15,000 against the Michigan Central.
Worthington engine adopted by Water Works board.
Dr. Eyman appointed superintendent of Cleveland asylum.
Lucas county cut down by the state board of equalization.

UNITED STATES.

Ex-Gov. Axtell dead.
Brutality on shipboard.
Repairing the white house.
The Baker poisoning case.
Big day for eastern fishermen.
Backer may also be a criminal.
The Connecticut political muddle.
Dynamiter Martin sentenced to 10 years.
A Cleveland man falls dead at the altar.
New York republicans shouting for Blaine.
Kansas farmers to corner the wheat crop.
New York prohibs to place a state ticket in the field.
Catholic Total Abstenence society election in Washington.

FOREIGN.

The Jewish persecutions.
Disastrous floods in Australia.

TOLD A STRANGE STORY.

A Romance and Tragedy Linked Together.

A Man Charged With the Murder of a Sister of Mercy Who Had Cared for Him.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 7.—Robert H. Murray, who was released two days ago from the Jefferson, Ind., penitentiary, has been arrested here on a technical charge, but is really held pending further investigation into a charge that he is a murderer.

The story of the crime is a most unusual one. A few years ago the train on which Murray was a brakeman was wrecked near Terre Haute.

Murray was injured, and with many others were taken to the hospital of the Sister of Mercy. The sister who attended to the brakeman's wants was young, good looking and kind, and Murray fell in love with her.

When he recovered sufficiently to be able to leave the hospital he told her of his affection and tried to induce her to flee with him. The good woman, shocked yet sympathetic, told her strange lover she would not even harbor a thought of doing such a thing, and Murray left the place in great anger. The sister told her superior of the man's infatuation and threats, and was sent to Emporia, Kan. Shortly after her arrival at Emporia a man called one evening and asked to see her. The poor woman had no sooner appeared at the door than she was dealt a fearful blow on the head.

The sister died after making a statement that she had been struck by her former patient, Murray. Murray denies that he was either infatuated with the sister or that he murdered her.

LETTER CARRIERS.

Prgress of Their Meeting in Detroit.

Detroit, Aug. 7.—At this morning's session of the Letter Carriers' National Association convention, the committee to which J. A. Balls's esolution on equalizing letter carriers' salaries was referred yesterday reported recommending the adoption of the resolution, and after some discussion the report was adopted.

The report of the committee on constitution and by-laws, which calls for slight changes, was adopted.

The finance committee reported in favor of simplifying the bookkeeping of the association and then a recess was taken until this afternoon.

JUST RECEIVED

Ladies' and Misses'

Dauntless Sailor Hats!

IN FELTS,

FALL STYLES,

AND THOSE STYLISH

MILITARY PON-PONS

ALL COLORS.

C. A. Harley & Co.

A WIFE, FOR $50.00 OR $75.00,

(ACCORDING TO SIZE, SHAPE AND COLOR,)

Can buy her husband one of those nice Diamond Studs or Rings at Freeman's. Call and see our bargains in the Diamond line.

J. J. FREEMAN, 313 SUMMIT ST

BOILED HIM ALIVE.

Terrible Fate of a Governor of Mazanderan.

Abdullah Khauh Embezzled From the Shah

Who Decreed Death in Its Most Awful Form.

The Charge of Murder Against the Emperor

Has Shaken the Whole German Empire—Libel Suits to Follow and the French Embassador to be Recalled.

London, Aug. 7.—A Berlin dispatch says that Count Von Munster, the German ambassador at Paris, has been instructed to ascertain the origin of the outrageous story published in a French newspaper, accusing the kaiser of having killed a lieutenant in a drunken orgie, on the Hohenzollern.

Although the German imperial family have been accustomed to ignore libels in the French press, it is said that Chancellor Caprivi, urged by the ex-Empress Frederick, considers this attack in a prominent paper too serious to be ignored, and it is possible that, if an apology is not offered, the French ambassador at Berlin may be given his passports, not with a view to war, but as an evidence of the indignation of Germany.

It is understood that the kaiser himself has not yet been made aware of the statements of the French press, and that when he is there may be a scene in which the French legation will figure.

It may be remembered that the present czar of Russia, who usually ignores what foreigners say about him, was accused, some years ago, of murdering one of his officers in a fit of senseless rage.

The czar was deeply moved when he heard of the report, and caused it to be circumstantially denied, throughout the world.

It is believed that the kaiser, who is much more sensitive to public opinion, will have something to say about the accusation against him.

Advices from the Hohenzollern represent that the voyage has been without incident, save the accident to the kaiser's knee, and that the kaiser has found the trip most enjoyable and refreshing after the exhaustion of his English reception.

Count Von Wedel, who will shortly, it is rumored, succeed Count Munster at Paris, is, like Munster himself, of Hanoverian extraction, or at any rate, began his career in the Hanoverian army, from which he exchanged into the Prussian service after the extinction of King George's kingdom.

It is thought characteristic of the kaiser that he should wish a soldier to represent him in Paris, just as he sought and found a successor for Prince Bismarck among the ranks of his generals.

A letter from Teheran brings a queer report to the effect that the shah, having become much enraged against Abdullah Khauh, the governor of Mazanderan, condemned that ruler to the terrible death of being boiled alive.

The charge against the unfortunate governor was that he had embezzled taxes due to the shah's treasury.

The truth, it is alleged, is that Abdullah had not embezzled any more than he was in the habit of doing, but that owing to the poor harvests and the poverty of the peasantry he did not keep the usual amount for the shah.

This greatly enraged the monarch, who is much in need of money, and he caused Abdallah to be seized, and brought to trial before the council of the state, which unanimously found him guilty of embezzlement, and found him worthy of death, leaving the sentence to be passed by the shah.

The latter, with a view of striking terror into other thieving governors, ordered that Abdullah should be boiled alive, but graciously decreed also that the water should be boiling hot at the time of the fatal dip, so as to finish him as quickly as possible.

The sentence is said to have been carried out. The severe punishment will, it is supposed, be a lesson to other governors to be more prompt with their payments.

The punishment of boiling alive has been inflicted in Persia before, and the Persians claim that, under the above conditions, life is destroyed immediately, and there is no suffering.

The members of parliament have vanished, upon adjournment to all points of the compass. Those who have the privilege of the Scottish moors have hurried there to prepare for the grouse shooting; many are on the continent, and others at the watering places.

Saved from Prison.

Philadelphia, Aug. 7.—J. Henry Jahke, sr., was to-day exonerated from all blame by the coroner's jury for the killing of his son and namesake. Their verdict was that death resulted from a fall and that the blow of the father in no way contributed to his son's death.

Coroner Ashbridge thereupon discharged the father. The death of the son, it will be remembered, occurred Tuesday night. It aroused the greatest interest because it was supposed to have been due to a blow from a weapon in the hands of the father.

Found His Dead Body.

Greensburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—Last evening the headless and decomposed remains of an unknown man were found in a secluded thicket near United Mines. From an overhanging branch of a tree, swaying in the breeze, dangled the ghastly head at the end of a rope. A few coins and some papers were found in the pockets.

Daniel Swisher for State Senator.

Springfield, Aug. 7.—The people's party delegates, representing the Sixteenth senatorial district, comprising Delaware and Licking counties, held a convention here and nominated Daniel Swisher, of Licking, for state senator. They claim the chances are good for his election.

AFFAIRS FROM THE SOUTH.

Information Received by Blaine's News Bureau.

Washington, Aug. 7—The bureau of American republics has information that the Brazilian government by a decree which goes into effect on January 1, 1892, includes consular invoices among the documents required to effect a clearance at Brazilian custom houses. The step has been taken in accordance with the resolution adopted by the International American conference. The bureau is also informed of other important changes in customs regulations in South American states.

Venezuela has placed maize, rice and apicot upon the free list; Peru has re-imposed the duties on wheat and rice which were remitted by the decree of April 4, 1891; and Ecuador has adopted regulations providing that if any article on the free list shall be included in the same packages with others liable to duty, duty shall be levied according to the rate imposed upon the dutiable articles.

THEIR VOICE FOR BLAINE.

New York Republicans Have No Use for Harrison.

Syracuse, Aug. 7.—The delegates to the convention of the New York State League of Republican clubs seem to have but one slogan, and that is, "Blaine from Maine."

In the streets, at the hotels, and in all public places the mention of James G. Blaine's name has been the signal for cheers. In the convention hall whenever the name was pronounced in calling the roll of clubs there were deafening cheers.

Portage Lake Canal.

Washington, Aug. 7—The war department has closed its negotiations for the purchase of the Portage Lake canals and Gen. Grant, assistant secretary of war, has directed Major Charles L. Davis, engineer of public works at Milwaukee, to take possession of them. The price paid was $350,000 and the work of repairing them will be commenced as soon as possible.

THE WAR GOES ON.

The Jews' Property Can Be Plundered at Will.

Another Illustration of the Bitterness Shown Against Them in Russia.

London, Aug. 7.—Advices have been received here which gives another illustration of the bitter hostility against the Jews in Russia.

The last instance of the virulent feeling against Hebrews occurred at Elizabethgrade, a fortified town of 58,000 inhabitants, situated on the Ingool river one hundred and thirty miles north of Kherson.

Among the inhabitants of the town are quite a number of Jews who are engaged in the usual vocation of the people of that nationality in Russian cities.

The intense hatred of the Hebrews entertained by the peasant population recently broke out into open flame, and several thousand farm laborers, small landholders, and others engaged in agricultural occupations in the country surrounding Elizabethgrade marched into the town and proceeded to the Jewish quarter.

The terrified Jews, seeing the mob approaching, made frantic efforts to hide themselves from their enemies, seeking refuge in out of the way places of the Ghetto, and in every way trying to avoid coming in contact with the members of the mob.

Amid cries of "Kill the Jews," the thousands of yokels descended upon their cowering victims. They attacked the Jewish shops and dwellings, driving the owners from them or holding them powerless to defend themselves or their property and plundered them of everything valuable.

What was considered not worth while stealing was wantonly destroyed. Some of the braver Jews resisted their looting of their property, but this only made matters worse for them, and three of them were killed.

Many others who attempted in their frenzy of fear to defend their families or property from the mob were set upon and severely wounded. The rioting in the Jewish quarters continued for hours, and although the authorities were well aware of the outrages being committed, they did not take a single step to prevent them nor in any way interfere to protect the Hebrews.

Sent to Bavaria.

Washington, Aug. 7—Gen. Greeley, chief signal officer of the army has been ordered to proceed to Munich, Bavaria, to attend the Meteorological conference and the International Polar commission which will meet there in August and September, 1891, and upon the adjournment of the meeting of the Polar commission in September next to return to his station in this city.

A New Bank.

Washington, Aug. 7—The First National bank of Oakland, Neb., capital $50,000, was to-day authorized to begin business.

CAME LIKE A TIDAL WAVE.

Disastrous Floods Reported in Australia.

Miles of Country Covered With Water and Many Houses and Factories Wrecked.

San Francisco, August 7.—Auckland advices of July 14 to 16 are to the effect that a great flood and something like a tidal wave prevailed at Melbourne on the 13th.

Waters in the harbor rose above the level of the surrounding towns and several small vessels were wrecked. The floods were the most severe since 1862, and the course of the Yarra river presented a scene of desolation for miles.

Factories along the river side were submerged as were also a great number of houses on the south side of the river Toorak.

In South Richmond, another suburb of Melbourne, whole streets were submerged and two thousand people rendered homeless. Business is almost suspended in the city and efforts are being made to relieve the wants of the sufferers.

A relief fund was started and soon reached the sum of £5,000.

The loss of life, it is believed, did not exceed ten.

Captain Lancaster and a sailor named Robertson, of the schooner Narra, which was wrecked at Sorrento, was drowned, and a fireman on the deck of a dredger who attempted to make the shore in a small boat was also drowned.

A schooner, name unknown, disappeared off Sorrento, and it is believed has been lost with all hands.

The steamer Bancoora went ashore and the bottom was stoved in. On the plateau of the Dandenong range an avalanche of earth fifty acres in extent swept down the mountain's side, engulfing a residence there.

The inmates escaped, except one woman, who had a limb broken.

The railroads were partly washed out for twenty miles. A great number of sheep were drowned. It is estimated that the total loss will reach half a million pounds.

At last advices the Murray was rising and floods in the Albury district were feared. Much sickness was prevalent at Melbourne, attributable to exposure and to deposit of slime left by the floods.

WILL HAVE HIS SCALP.

Quay and Cameron are After Harrison.

They Take Blaine as the Least of Two Evils.

Some Interesting Reading Concerning the Doings of the Bosses in the Republican Party.

Washington, Aug. 7.—From all accounts Mr. Quay has started to work promptly to lay out Mr. Harrison next year. Quay and his colleague in the senate from Pennsylvania, Don Cameron, were in consultation for two days at the latter's country place, Donnegal, near Harrisburg, and it is no secret that the subject matter of their conference was the attitude of Pennsylvania in the next national convention.

Cameron has always been violently opposed to Harrison. He makes no secret of his disgust for him and has more than once asserted in the hearing of a good many people that he would rather see any democrat president than Harrison.

Heretofore, as a general rule, both Quay and Cameron have been opposed to Blaine. It is safe to say that they have not any particular love for Blaine now, but they prefer him to Harrison, and will rally the opposition to Harrison under the banner of Blaine in Pennsylvania.

If Blaine is not in condition to make a presidential campaign they will transfer the Pennsylvania delegation to Alger or somebody else, but it is evident that the Pennsylvania senators have made up their minds that Harrison can receive no assistance from the Keystone state in the next national convention.

The Philadelphia Press is in a state of wild alarm. The Press, from being the avowed organ of Mr. Blaine, has become the open organ of Mr. Harrison. The Press recently devoted a good deal of space to the matter. The principle article on its first page led off with this language: "The friends of Senator Quay and Senator Cameron have agreed to make every possible effort to have the delegates to the next national republican convention pledged to Mr. Blaine. This statement can be relied upon as implicitly as though it were announced authoritatively and officially.

"It does not mean that the representatives of Pennsylvania in the United States have entered upon this plan with the advice or even tacit consent of Mr. Blaine, but enough is known to make it clear that in every quarter of the state the friends of Senator Quay will endeavor to beat the administration and secure indorsement for the secretary of state."

On the editorial page the following double-leaded leader was printed, and as the Press does not often indulge in double leads it can be readily surmised that the occasion is one of importance:

"That Senators Quay and Cameron have determined to work on the strong and undoubted Blaine sentiment of the state in order to antagonize the president is in line with a policy deliberately adopted by the opponents of the administration within the republican party to which we have more than once called attention.

"The real friends of Mr. Blaine will not fail to note that the men who are now showing such zeal in his behalf defeated his nomination in 1876 and in 1880, and would have defeated it in 1884 if they could.

"There is no evidence that they have any more regard for Mr. Blaine than when they were fighting him against the overwhelming sentiment of the state and using every art and artifice known to politicians to defeat his nomination.

"There is every reason to believe that the gentlemen who, without obtaining or asking Mr. Blaine's consent, have donned his livery to accomplish a purpose of their own will show their hand at the Schuylkill county republican convention to-day. A convention of republicans and a convention of Mr. Blaine's friends are very nearly synonymous terms in Pennsylvania.

"Mr. Blaine's friends in the Pottsville convention to-day owe it to themselves not to allow their generous enthusiasm to be used to further the sinister designs of dissatisfied politicians, who have no more love for Mr. Blaine now than in the long years in which they were opposing and defeating him, but whose purpose and ambition now is to prevent President Harrison's renomination.

"Are the republicans of Schuylkill county willing to join Senators Quay and Cameron in their opposition to President Harrison?"

The chances are that the scare and the fright of the Press will make very little impression on the Pennsylvania senators. When Quay stepped out of the national committee he avowed his purpose of having an open tussle with Harrison.

He is preparing now to carry out his word. There is little doubt that Quay and Cameron can give the Pennsylvania delegation in the national convention to any candidate they may select.

At the present time Blaine is their man. If Blaine is not in a condition to run (and nothing but his health will prevent him from running), the Pennsylvania delegation will be turned over to Alger.

The friends of Blaine and Alger have an understanding. Alger has consented to take the second place on the ticket with Blaine, and if Blaine's health is not such that he can take the nomination his friends are to support Alger for the first place. This is the contract.

Quay, with his usual promptness, did not let any grass grow under his feet; after planning the campaign with Cameron, he is now making a tour of the state, instructing his lieutenants and fixing his fences.

It is not unlikely that during the next few months the Philadelphia Press and other organs of the administration may be abusing Quay much more violently than the democratic press have been going for him during the past couple of years. It is war to the knife and Quay will not confine his efforts to Pennsylvania.

His object is to defeat Harrison's renomination and his friends say he can do it. The attitude of the New York Tribune in the coming contest between Blaine and Harrison will be watched with interest by politicians.

Like the Philadelphia Press, the Tribune has been the faithful organ of Mr. Blaine ever since Whitelaw Reid has been in control of it. Whether the Tribune will turn tail on Blaine now, as the Press is doing, remains to be seen. The editor of the Tribune is our minister to France. The editor of the Press is our minister to Russia. The editor of the Press is at present at home on leave of absence, and it is understood that he will retire from his diplomatic position when his leave of absence expires. Whether Mr. Smith is inspiring the attitude of the Press at the present time is not known.

During his absence in St. Petersburg, the Press was edited by a young gentleman named Wells, the son or nephew of Calvin Wells, of Pittsburg, the principal owner of the Press.

Perhaps when Mr. Charles Emory Smith resumes the editorship of the Press again, he will bring it back to the old Blaine moorings, but whaever its future conduct may be, its present attitude in preferring Harrison to Blaine is causing a surprise among the republican politicians of Washington.

MAY HAVE BEEN NATURAL.

Evidence in the Alleged Baker Poisoning Case.

Abingdon, Va., Aug. 7.—The first witnesses for the defense in the Baker murder trial were examined yesterday. The most important was a Mrs. Clice, a niece of the accused man, who lived near the Bakers. She testified to Mrs. Baker's nervous apprehension as the time approached for the birth of her child—a period which, as testified by medical witnesses previously, had always been of great peril to the dead woman.

Mrs. Clice said that Mrs. Baker repeatedly said to her that she would not live to see it. Mrs. Clice detailed minutely the circumstances immediately preceding and attending the death of Mrs. Baker, and the effect of her testimony, if believed, will be strongly against the theory of poisoning.

Fostoria Notes.

Fostoria, Aug. 7.—In the condemnation suit of the city v Fry, et al., for the purpose of opening up North street, Mrs. Fry was awarded $1,650, Mrs. Bender $125, and the Newcomb heirs $300 for compensation, and $100 for damages.

Mayor Bever and family leaving in a few days for Franklin county. 'Squire Chas. Hughes will be acting mayor of Fostoria during his absence.

Thirty-eight militia boys went into camp at Sage's grove, near Huron yesterday.

Carriage Maker Falls.

St. Louis, Aug. 7.—Daniel W. Haydock, carriage manufacturer, corner Tenth and St. Charles streets, assigned to-day to Henry N. Pollard and John P. Camp, of this city. The assets are placed at $126,000. The liabilities are not stated, but are believed to be in excess of assets. No cause for the assignment, other than slow collections, has been given.

A HORRIBLE SUSPICION.

Another Murder Case in the East.

Two Children, Whose Lives Were Insured Die from the Effect of Poison.

Chester, Pa., August 7.—It has been demonstrated that little George Lewis, who died suddenly last week, had been deliberately poisoned. Just who the guilty person is that administered the poison, or the motive for the crime, have not been discovered.

Now that it has been proved beyond doubt that the boy died from poisoning, the body of Mary E. Morgan, the adopted daughter of the Lewises, who died on July 10, will be disinterred, and an examination will be made to learn if she had been poisoned also.

An inquest was held in the case, and it is clear from the evidence before the Coroner's jury that two different doses of poison were administered to the boy, and that it was taken each time in milk.

The father's own testimony on this point is very clear, and is corroborated by his pretty 15-year-old daughter Ella. Georgie was first taken sick at supper on Tuesday evening after drinking a glass of milk. The dose was just sufficient to cause nausea, and the following morning he was apparently as well as ever, except that his appetite was gone.

At dinner he had a glass of milk and immediately became violently ill. He vomited freely, and Dr. Crothers, who was the house, was called in. He thought it was a bilious attack and prescribed calomel and sugar, one dose to be taken every hour.

After the third dose the vomiting ceased, but the boy grew rapidly worse.

Dr. Crothers was again sent for, but not being at home, Dr. Lehman responded, and three minutes afterwards the boy died in great agony. This is the story as the father gave it on the stand.

Mrs. Lewis, who is engaged through the day on Front street, and who did not know of her son's illness until she reached home at supper time, is certainly not implicated in any plot to take the life of her child.

Mr. Lewis declared that George was in his company the greater part of the time, and no one else was in the house but the sweet-faced daughter.

How the poison got into the milk is the question which the commonwealth is at work upon, for it has not been shown that any member of the family bought poison at any of the numerous drug stores in South Chester.

The jury gave no verdict, as Coroner Jefferis has given orders to have the body of Mary E. Morgan, the adopted daughter who died suddenly on the 10th of July under similar circumstances, exhumed.

The autopsy of Georgie by Dr. Crothers revealed arsenic in sufficient quantities to cause death. The autopsy of Mary's body will be made, when, if arsenic is found, decisive steps will be taken by the district attorney to indict the guilty person or persons.

Mrs. Lewis was so overcome by the proceedings that she went into a violent fit of hysterics.

The lives of both Mary Morgan and Georgie were insured. The Lewises are very poor, and the father has been out of work for some time.

THE CONNECTICUT MUDDLE.

The Treasurer Refuses to Pay the Salaries of Democrats.

Hartford, Conn., Aug. 7.—The political muddle in Connecticut culminated Wednesday in the refusal of the state treasurer, E. Stevens Henry, a hold-over, to pay the salary of Controller Nicholas Staub, the only democrat who was allowed to take his seat by the general assembly.

Clerk Hubbard presented an order in favor of Controller Staub for his salary for July. It was not drawn upon E. Stevens Henry, but upon the treasurer of state.

Mr. Henry said that until Controller Staub honored his requisition and gave him an order for his salary, he would not honor the order of Staub for salary as controller.

FELL DEAD AT THE ALTAR.

Disobeyed His Wife's Request Not to Marry.

A Sensational Scene in a Cleveland Church Which Has Caused Much Gossip.

Cleveland, Aug 7.—Owen Clarke, a merchant 65 years old, summoned Attorney M. W. Beacon Tuesday morning and indicted a will.

Later in the day he visted Graw Brothers, undertakers, and had prepared a bill of expenses for a respectable funeral, which he indorsed as correct.

The next morning he and Mrs. Murphy, a widow, drove to the Church of the Immaculate Conception, on Lyman street, where a marriage ceremony was begun by Rev. Father Sidley.

Before the last words which would pronounce them man and wife could be spoken Clarke fell forward in an apoplectic spasm, from which he never recovered. He expired in a few moments in the arms of his bride.

It was learned yesterday that Clarke had made a solemn promise to his first wife on her death bed that he would never marry again under any circumstances. In his will, which was probated yesterday Clarke left his entire estate, valued at $40,000, to Mrs. Murphy.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Floods in Australia—Sullivan on Another Drunk.

San Francisco, Aug. 6.—The steamer Alameda arrived from Australia this morning, bringing particulars of the overflow of its banks by the river Yarra at Melbourne. Over a thousand families were rendered homeless and there is much sickness and fever among them.

The damage caused by the flood amounted to $2,000,000.

The steamer brings news of another escapade of John Sullivan's. One day while the steamer Mariposa was between Honolulu and Samoa Sullivan arose at 11 o'clock in the morning and began to imbide freely.

By supper time he had disposed of 38 glasses of porter and was uproariously drunk. Capt. Haywards ordered the bar shut down while the eighty or more passengers were at supper.

Sullivan made his appearance and strongly protested to Capt. Haywards against being deprived of liquor. He made a scene and squared off to strike the captain, when there was a roll of the ship and John went down in a heap. He was seized, bound and taken to his stateroom and locked up. He obtained no more liquor during the remainder of the passage.

The iron bark Compadre, from Calcutta for Chili, with a cargo of bags, has been totally wrecked on one of the Auckland Islands. The crew was saved. Fire broke in her hold and two days later a terrific gale arose which sent her ashore on the rocks.

PEOPLE'S PARTY TICKET.

The Work of the Springfield Convention Completed.

Springfield, Aug. 7.—The full ticket nominated by the people's party here yesterday is as follows:

JOHN SEITZ.

Governor—John Seitz, Seneca county.
Lieutenant-Governor—Frank L. Rist, Hamilton county.
Auditor—David N. Cooper, Athens.
Attorney-General—Dial N. Smith, Summit.
Treasurer—Henry Welf, Cuyahoga.
Supreme Judge—Albert S. Yaple, Hamilton.
School Commissioner—J. E. Peterson, Greene.
Member Board of Public Works—J. S. Borrer, Franklin.
Dairy and Food Commissioner—W. J. Weaver, Portage.

CHARGED WITH MUTINY.

A Crew Tells a Peculiar Story of the Sea.

He Sailed at Random, Was to No Port Bound, and His Only Hope Was Soon to Run Aground.

New York, Aug. 7.—The steamship Finance, of the United States and Brazil Mail company, arrived at Brooklyn yesterday with the crews of two vessels.

One crew belonged to the barkentine Steadfast, which recently went ashore on the island of Santa Cruz.

The other crew were the alleged mutinous sailors of the Norwegian bark, the Hugo Fortesue. One of the Fortesue's sailors tells the following romantic yarn about the voyage of that bark:

"We were bound from Savannah for Macco. Our troubles began when we were off Cape St. Roque. We were amazed at the peculiar actions of the captain, a Swede whose name I do not remember. He began to steer the bark about in every direction.

"He followed no course and let her drift at the wind's fancy. He kept this up for three days. Then the captain suddenly steered for Maranham. When we sighted the lighthouse at the entrance to that harbor the captain began to run the bark on the rocks. Then the second mate took the wheel.

"The captain did not resist. He went below and there became very violent. When we came to anchor the captain and his wife went ashore. The captain did not return to the ship. Several days later the Spanish consul came aboard. A charge of mutiny had been made against us. When we appeared before the consul the captain was there also.

"He said we mutinied because we were short of provisions. There were plenty of provisions on the ship. We then told of the captain's conduct. The consul ordered us to return to the ship and await the result of his inquiry. The day after the inquiry the captain came aboard of the bark again. The day after he returned, about noon, we were alarmed by the rapid discharge of a pistol. The mate rushed to the cabin.

"We found the captain lying on the floor. A smoky revolver was at his side. We were then convinced that the captain had been insane for some time. After the captain's death, his brother took charge of the vessel. He shipped a new crew. We were discharged and sent here on the Finance; the bark was still at Marahan when we left."

The crew of the Steadfast had quite a thrilling experience. They were wrecked on a small reef. The crew had to remain on their wrecked vessel for ten days while she was being stripped. Then they made their way to Santa Cruz, a port situated many miles from where their vessel met with disaster. Then the American consul took charge of them and sent them to New York.

Had a Grudge Against the Bank.

Cape May, N.J., Aug. 7.—A run was made on the branch of the New Jersey Trust and Safe Deposit company, this morning, caused by a lad, John L. Love, employed at the Stockton, starting a groundless story that the bank was in trouble. Love is in jail. Resident Director Smith says the bank will remain open till 6 p. m. if the depositors continue to demand settlements.

SENT FOR TEN YEARS.

Dynamiter Martin Receives His Sentence.

The Man Who Tried to Blow Up His Neighbors Must Pay for It at Columbus.

Upper Sandusky, O., Aug. 7.—(Special)—Elias Martin, the dynamiter, was sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary by Judge Smalley this morning.

HE IS SERIOUSLY INJURED

Emperor Williams Condition Creates Alarm.

Will be Forced to Remain for Weeks at Keil.

A Growing Impression that His True Condition Has Not Been Reported to the Germans.

Berlin, Aug. 7.—A dispatch just receved from Kiel announces that Emperor William will be compelled to remain at that place for a fortnight in order that his knee, injured by a fall on the deck of the yacht Hohenzollern, may have rest and receive proper medical treatment.

The news has created a feeling of apprehension in this city that the condition of the emperor is much worse than it has been represented in German official circles to be. The fact that the dispatch above referred to also brings the information that the emperor will, by reason of his crippled condition, be unable to review the troops of the imperial guard, adds materially to the anxiety of the people concerning the actual condition of their ruler.

Scrupulously exact in his attention to even the most unimportant of his military duties, the kaiser has been so particular in the matter of personally reviewing the guard that it is believed nothing short of the most serious disability could compel him to depart from his practice in that regard.

The announcement that he will later attend manoeuvres of the Bavarian and Austrian troops does not serve to dispel the fears that are felt fir his majesty's health.

DIED ON THE SCAFFOLD.

James Thoroughgood Hanged at Dover.

History of an Awful Crime for Which the Courts Passed the Death Sentence.

Dover, Del., Aug. 7.—James Thoroughgood was hanged here to-day. The crime for which the negro was executed was committed January 18, 1891.

On that day he met Louise Hoffington, aged about 9 years, the daughter of a poor negro. He violently assaulted the child and then threatened to cut her ears off if she informed on him. The little one, more dead than alive, made her way home and told her parents.

The alarm was given and search was made for Thoroughgood. Governor Reynolds who was inaugurated two days after the crime was committed offered a reward of $300 for the fellow's capture. A few days later Thoroughgood was arrested and taken to jail and on April 29 was indicted for rape. He was tried and convicted and sentenced to hang on August 7.

The little victim who had picked out her assailant at the time of his arrest from among a group of negroes in the jail, again identified him at the trial when she was placed on the stand. No effort was made to secure a respite or to have the sentence changed.

About a month after Thoroughgood was sentenced the Hoffington house was burned and Louise was so badly burned about the head and hands that she is not expected to live long.

INTO THE REAR END.

Another Frightful Railroad Disaster.

A Wabash Passenger Train, Going at Full Speed, Piles Up on a Freight Train.

St. Louis, Aug. 7.—Shortly after midnight this morning eastbound vestibule train No. 42 on the Wabash railway, which hauls the New York and Boston sleepers, struck a fast freight train which was pulling in on a switch at Homer, Ill., badly damaging the passenger train's engine, mail and express cars. Four cars of grain in the freight train were also wrecked. No passengers were injured. The following trainmen were injured:

Engineer Frank Clark, seriously injured, scalded and bruised.

Fireman Henry Opel, severely cut about the head.

Mail Clerk A. J. Mourning, seriously injured.

Lewis H. Gerke, mail clerk, and an express messenger were slightly injured.

A tramp named Daniel Feeley, who was stealing a ride on the mail car, was killed.

The passenger train was behind time and the freight train had been allowed to use some of its time.

Wrecking crews were at once sent to the scene of the accident, and it is expected the tracks will be clear at noon.

Physicians were summoned at Homer and the injured trainmen were made as comfortable as possible.

A WHEAT CORNER.

Kansas Farmers Are in the Deal.

They Make Arrangements to Store Three-Fourths of the Crop and Borrow on It.

Topeka, Ks., Aug. 7.—J. B. French, secretary of the Kansas Farmers' alliance, states that the buisness branch of the alliance has completed arrangements by which it will handle three-quarters of the Kansas wheat crop of fifty million bushels.

Arrangements have been made to store at least half of the crop in the big elevators in Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Baltimore and other large cities for an indefinite period, or until the owners desire to sell. Arrangements have been made in the east to secure an advance on the wheat stored of 75 per cent. of the present value of wheat. This new movement by the alliance practically corners the Kansas crop.

DID NOT BAR HIM OUT,

The Black Man Still in the Grand Army.

The Late Commander-in-Chief's Advice Not Taken.

No Separate Posts Will Be Charted in the South, and the Whites Will Drop Out of the Grand Army.

Detroit, Aug. 7.—Before the race question was taken up yesterday T. S. Clarkson was elected junior vice commander.

For chaplain there were three candidates—S. B. Payne of Florida, D. C. Millner of Kansas, and A. B. Kendrich of Iowa. Mr. Payne was elected.

Surgeon General Benjamin T. Stevenson, of Connecticut, was re-elected by acclamation.

Past Commander-in-Chief William Warner, chairman of the committee on address of the commander-in-chief, reported resolutions which were adopted, petitioning congress for legislation providing for the custody and care of Mount McGregor cottage, and for amendments to the revised statutes providing more explicitly that preference be given old soldiers in government appointments and employment.

The vexed "race problem" came up in the encampment and was settled. The special champion of the negro race was ex-Congressman William Warner of Missouri, past commander-in-chief, and he is to-night receiving the tribute of the colored veterans whose cause he so eloquently espoused.

The matter came before the convention when Mr. Warner, as chairman of the committee on commander-in-chief's recommendations, presented the following report: "Your committee has carefully considered the clear and frank statements of the commander-in-chief regarding difficulties existing between posts in the departments of Louisiana and Mississippi. The committee has also considered all the documents submitted to and arguments made before it as to the causes leading to the existing trouble in those departments. The old posts from 1 to 8, inclusive, in the departments of Louisiana and Mississippi, are composed of white comrades. The new posts, from 9 to 17, inclusive, are composed of colored comrades. The contention is that the latter posts are tainted with fraud in their organization."

Here the report quotes freely from the commander-in-chief's statements of the contentions of the two sides and concludes: "The remedy suggested of separate department of concurrent jurisdiction for colored veterans involves an amendment to our rules and regulations.

"The committee is informed that the requisite notice of the presentation of this notice has been given, and therefore it is properly before the encampment for its action. This organization, the Grand Army of the Republic, from its birth at Decatur, Ill., in 1866, to this its silver encampment, has never turned from its posts' doors any deserving comrade, however humble, on account of his nationality, creed or color.

"The only qualification for membership is an honorable discharge from the United States army, navy or marine corps of '61 to '65, as an evidence that he aided in maintaining the honor, integrity and supremacy of the national government during the late rebellion," providing, always, that the African has done nothing in civil life to cast a stain on his honorable record in liberty's cause. During the fierce struggle for the life of the nation we stood shoulder to shoulder as comrades tried.

"It is too late now to divide on the color line. A man who is good enough to stand between the flag and those who would destroy it when the fate of the nation was trembling in the balance, is good enough to be a comrade in any department of the Grand Army of the Republic.

"No different rule has been, or ever shall be, recognized by the survivors of the union army and navy. No department should be established for any color or nationality. Last year in national encampment assembled, under the shades of Bunker Hill monument, the accredited delegates of the Grand Army of the Republic unanimously indorsed the following words of a distinguished comrade: 'It has been my determination to recognize as a comrade the equal rights of every man, no matter what his color or nationality, provided he has two qualifications—service and an honorable discharge. In this struggle of life the strong should aid the weak; it ennobles the former and helps to elevate the latter.'

"The platform of principles of the G. A. R. is so broad that all honorably discharged soldiers and sailors can stand upon it. In the opinion of your committee the fact that the department of Louisiana and Mississippi consists of posts—a part of which are composed of white comrades, the others of colored comrades—is no sufficient reason for making this radical change in our rules and regulations.

"Our fraternity, charity and loyalty should be witnessed by our deeds as well as our words. The recommendations of the commander-in-chief is based upon the fact that seven of the colored posts of the department of Louisiana and Mississippi petitioned for a separate department.

Comrades representing a part of these posts appeared before the committee and claimed in argument that it was their understanding and that of many other of their colored comrades that they were only petitioning for a department to be created in the state of Louisiana, the same as in other states in which department all comrades, white and black, should be equally entitled to membership; and, further, that they and those represented by them are opposed to the creation of a separate department.

"In view of the facts submitted to your committee, it is of the opinion that it would be inexpedient to place the authority with the commander-in-chief to organize new or provisional departments in states in which there are organized departments. William Warner, John P. Rea, Lucius Fairchild, Henry Painter.

Minority Report.

The following minority report was presented on the subject:

We do not concur in the following recommendations contained in the address of the commander-in-chief in reference to the difficulties existing in the departments of Louisiana and Mississippi, and, therefore, recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the rules and regulations be so changed as to authorize the commander-in-chief to organize departments of the G. A. R. in departments now existing, whenever satisfied upon proper representations, that they may be organized without detriment to the G. A. R., or any department organization existing in states embraced therein.

W.

W. S. Decker, Colorado, defended his minority report.

"I believe," said he, "the ——ored soldier has a right to all the privileges that are accorded to every white soldier in the G. A. R."

"This is not drawing the color line, Comrades. I served with a colored regiment, and I want to say to you that no comrade of the G. A. R. will go further than I will in extending the hand of fraternity and charity to the colored soldier.

"There are representatives on this floor who went there 10, 12 or 14 or more years ago and established a G. A. R. in the midst of rebels. As there is a difficulty existing down there, we say to the colored comrades: 'You have your colored churches, you have your colored orders of the Masonic fraternity, you have you colored associations in other respects.'" (Hisses.)

"I move if there be more hissing in the galleries they be cleared," said O'Donnell of Illinois.

"I am opposed to this minority report, but I insist that we have fair play here."

"If there is any more of that from the galleries they will be cleared," said the presiding officer.

"Now," resumed Mr. Decker, "if we do not settle this question now it will be here a year from now, and it will be here continually until it is settled according to the condition of affairs in Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina and the southern states.

"Let us say to the commander-in-chief, as my report which I have offered here says, 'Go down there as a true, honest, conscientious G. A. R. man; look over the ground and see whether these colored comrades and white comrades can live together.

"If they can live together in the different posts of the south, for God's sake keep them together. But if they cannot devise some means by which the colored men who have fought for the union can come in and have all the privileges."

Warner's Plea.

"Comrades," said Maj. Warner, "when these black men or white men, or whatever color or nationality they may have been, shouldered the musket in defense of the union, it was not a question of etiquette or of sociability; but it was a question of patriotism and loyalty. (Applause.)

The black man fought for a flag that never, up to that time, had protected him in anything but bondage. (Applause.) This organization had better bury the old flag, comrades had better tear the button from the breast, than now, as our heads are silvering o'er with the frosts of years, to go back on the principles for which we bled." (Applause.)

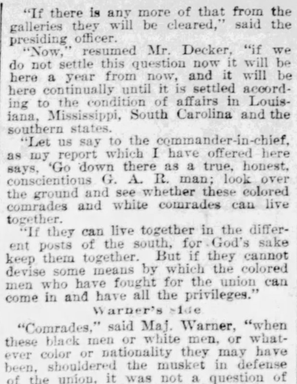
Comrades Johnson, a colored member from Washington, and Ritchie, another colored member, Past Commander-in-Chief Fairchild of Wisconsin, and Northcott of Virginia spoke in favor of the majority report. Mr. Graham of Louisiana recounted some of the trouble of his department. He said that no colored post had been organized until recently, when charters were granted by the department commander, who became offended because members of the order refused to attend the funeral of Jeff Davis; that several hundred men had been admitted within a few days, and the time was too short to make any examination into their military record or character.

By a viva voce vote the report was finally overwhelmingly adopted.

Officers and Delegates Banqueted.

Last evening a banquet was tendered by the citizens of Detroit to the officers and delegates of the Grand Army encampment. Gen. R. A. Alger presided. After an elaborate menu had been discussed Col. Henry M. Duffield delivered an address of welcome.

Then came the following toasts: "The Grand Army of the Republic," by Com-



COMMANDER-IN CHIEF PALMER.

mander-in-Chief Veazey; "The President of the United States," by Hon. Don M. Dickinson; "The Army," Secretary of War Proctor; "The Navy," Secretary of Navy Tracy; "The Rank and File," Hon. D. B. Henderson; "Loyal Women," Gen. Daniel Butterfield; "The War Governors," ex-Gov. Austin Blair; "The Department of Michigan," Department Commander C. L. Eaton.

A choice selection of music was interspersed at suitable intervals during the evening.

The assemblage was not dismissed until a very late hour.

Ladies Elect Officers.

The fifth annual convention of the Ladies of the G. A. R. received the fraternal greetings of the G. A. R. encampment and elected their officers for the coming year:

National president, Mrs. M. J. Cartledge, Kansas; senior vice president, Mrs. Alice Bishop, of Massachusetts; junior vice president, Mrs. Nettie Sanford-Chapin; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Anna Grubb, New Jersey; chaplain, Mrs. Alonzo Page of Illinois.

ANOTHER VICTIM.

Jack the Ripper Again in White Chapel.

An Aged Woman Mortally Wounded and Left Dying in the Streets This Morning.

London, Aug. 7.—The Whitechapel district was to-day again thrown into a ferment of excitement by the commission of a crime, the character of which suggests its having been perpetrated by "Jack, the Ripper."

Early this morning an unknown man attacked a woman named Woolfe, 70 years of age, and a resident of Whitechapel. When aid reached the mortally wounded woman, it was seen that her throat had been cut and that she had been stabbed in the body and in one arm. She is dying.

Her assailant escaped, and so far the police are without any knowledge as to his whereabouts. Of his identity nothing is known, more than that the circumstances and nature of the crime point to the "ripper" as the murderer.

HAD TO KILL HIM.

An Italian, Crazy Drunk, Creates a Scene in Kansas City.

Kansas City, Mo., Aug. 7.—Michael Sintoro, an Italian 20 years of age, went on a spree yesterday afternoon. He was not accustomed to American whisky and his indulgence in that intoxicant made him crazy drunk.

At the corner of Independence and Prospect avenues, he drew his revolver and began firing about promiscuously. Policeman John Kennally attempted to arrest him, when the Italian turned his weapon against the officer and fired.

The bullet struck the officers star and made only a slight wound.

Policeman Newell came to his comrade's assistance to arrest the unruly Italian. Sintoro then turned the weapon on Newell, but it missed fire twice. Newell then fired and shot the Italian in the breast, inflicting a fatal wound.

Crack Southern Artillery.

New Orleans, Aug. 7.—The Louisiana field artillery, Capt. W. H. Beanham, left here last night on a trip to Columbus, Cleveland, Chicago and Cincinnati, passing through Mobile, Montgomery, Nashville and Louisville. This company is one of the crack batteries of the south.

Quay After Funds.

Pittsburg, Aug. 7.—It is generally believed here that Senator Quay has started in to raise funds here among the manufacturers for Major McKinley. The senator himself maintains a discreet silence and declines to talk about the matter at all.

Taking Things Easy.

A mother's life is so engrossing a one with cares of children, etc., that we publish the following for those mothers who like to "take things easy."

Mrs. Cutler, 3821 Mt. Vernon street, Philadelphia, writes: "I have used Dr. Hand's Pleasant Physic for my baby and deem it a splendid medicine. I can recommend it for constipated children. My sister has used the Cough and Croup Medicine and likes its effects very much." 25 cents per bottle, and these various remedies are of rare service for young children.

For sale by R. C. Spohn, D. Harpster & Co., Bower & Friedrich, Geo. C. Nill, Thos. Vanstone.

WHERE PRESIDENTS LIVE.

The White House Closed for Repairs.

An Army of Workmen Renovating the Mansion.

Almost Every Portion from Cellar to Garret Is Being Remodeled to Please Ben and Baby McKee.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—Closed for repairs is the present condition of the white house, where, day after day, admittance is denied alike to friend and stranger.

The orders are necessarily stringent in this respect, as any departure therefrom would interfere with the progress made by the workmen, who now hold undisputed sway throughout the mansion.

The sound of the hammer and the voices of the men at work are all that disturb the stillness of the place at present; for, with the departure of the president and the incoming of the army of painters, plasterers and plumbers, every other sign of active life has disappeared.

The offices upstairs, for the first time since the rooms were put to that use, are wholly deserted. Chairs and desks are crowded out of place to make room for the furniture moved in from the upper corridor and from such portions of the dining room as are now undergoing repairs and alterations.

The doorkeepers have no sinecure in answering the multitudinous queries poured in upon them throughout the day by strangers desirous of gaining admittance.

In the large entrance corridor it is a difficult matter to make one's way across the tiled flooring, owing to the many supports of the scaffolding on which the men are busily engaged giving the finishing touches to the ceiling.

The old-fashioned decoration of the walls and ceiling on which for many years past the eyes of innumerable sightseers have rested, have given place to a more harmonious effect, in decidedly better keeping with the beautiful many hued glass doors separating this portion of the mansion from the inner corridor.

The prevailing colors are mastic, combined with several shades of terra cotta, generously touched with gold leaf in what is known as the colonial style. Over the central section of the stained glass partition, on either side above the fluted pillars, in gold relief work, are eagles with outstretched wings, resting upon gracefully curved palm branches, also in gold. Similar eagles ornament the walls at the east and west ends of the corridor, just beneath the frieze.

Immediately above the marble mantels, surrounded by an ornamental scroll-work design, will be large vignette portraits of Lincoln and Grant, the outlines of which at present are only pencilled on the walls.

In the east room the only change to be made this season will be the covering of the furniture in golden brown on a ground work of white satin damask to match the curtains hung last year.

The furniture of the green room will also be recovered in satin damask of the peculiar shade of blue green which gives the name to this apartment where the changes will be most marked.

This is generally termed the music room, and, in keeping with this idea, the walls will be tinted almost a Nile green, with wide frieze of graceful design in which various musical instruments are intermingled. Across the ceiling cupids will disport themselves. The same idea will be carried out in the carpets and curtains.

The walls outside the east room leading up stairs, and in the corridor between the offices, have been covered in putty color, finished with a high gloss, the thick paint combed in wavy lines, the light falling on which gives the effect of sparkling crystals.

Everywhere there is same odor of fresh paint and air of general confusion.

The blinds are drawn before the great rose windows at the western end of the upper corridor, and there is only sufficient light to enable one to walk its length without running into its furniture heaped here and there. The president's room, which is on southwest corner, is the only one finished at present. The walls have been papered in light blue, flowered in apricot hued blossoms outlined in silver, the two last named tints prevailing in the deep frieze.

The furniture is of bamboo. The cushioned window seats are covered in a light, pretty flowered design of cretonne, and about the two handsome brass bedsteads are white hangings. Above the mantel are two of Mrs. Harrison's paintings in china, while in the dressing room opening out of the chamber are numerous prettily framed photographs of her son and daughter and the grandchildren.

Beyond the dressing room is the bathroom, the walls of which to a height of six feet from the floor, are tiled in ivory white, above which the paper will be of a light tint in satin finish. The floor will also be tinted in white.

The crimson and gold effect of the inner corridor, the blue room and the red parlor, will remain as they are, having come in for their due share of improvement on the appropriations allotted for such purpose last year.

The state dining room, however, will undergo great changes, from the cold, uninviting looking walls, which have witnessed so many ceremonial banquets, to the well worn carpet. The walls will be painted in lightest bronze, with an entirely new applique work of stained glass effect, above which will be a five foot frieze, also in applique.

The upper portion of the windows will be fitted with a moorish fretwork, while the curtains and carpets will be selected to harmonize the tone of the walls.

The plumbing throughout the house will be taken out and replaced by that of the improved sanitary design. In removing the flooring for this purpose in the double bath-room on the north front of the house, the rafters were found to have entirely crumbled away with dry rot.

The butler's pantry, back of the private dining room, has been occupied the past week during the daytime by two men busily engaged in cleansing and polishing the crystal rods and pendants of the chandeliers throughout the rooms on the first floor.

The chandeliers are taken apart, one at a time, the various rows of pendants marked and laid by themselves to avoid confusion in replacing them.

They are then taken by one of the men, who, after placing them in a tub of cold water, scrubs them with a hard brush, and, having removed every speck of dirt or paint, lays them carefully in a barrel of sawdust, lightly dusts them off with a hair brush and then polishes them with chamois, preparatory to tying them up in paper bundles, each of which is duly marked.

On one side of the wall is a large hanging cabinet of light wood, put up last year, for the fine china used on the private table and for state dinners.

From garret to cellar the march of improvement is apparent. In the basement the dilapidated flagging has been replaced by concrete, which, it is hoped, will altogether do away with anything like dampness. When the flagging was taken up for this purpose, there was found beneath a thick layer of sand broken stone, beneath which was a well-worn brick pavement.

Near one of the kitchen doors in this lower corridor there was a slight depression in the old flagging, which for many years has been popularly described as the spot selected by Gen. Jackson for his bathroom. Just why the general could be supposed to have selected this far-away corner of the basement for the purpose does not appear very clear to the ordinary mind. The nearest approach to anything in this line which was discovered was a cistern, which came to light last year when the flooring was torn up in order to lay some pipes.

An arrangement has now been made by which the rain water, which collects in large quantities on the metal roof, is conducted to a large tank, and from this by pipes to a filter in the basement. After being purified in this manner it is forced into the bathrooms upstairs, as Mrs. Harrison prefers it for bathing purposes. Another much larger filter is for the Potomac water, generally used throughout the house.

In the laundry ornamental colored tiling replaces the former floor, while the walls half-way up are tiled in white. An 80-gallon copper boiler has been put in, a row of soapstone tubs put up, and in one corner is built a steam clothes dryer, which will make the laundress entirely independent of rain or storm in drying her washing. At one side of what is now the engine room, built in the wall, is an old-fashioned oven and, beneath, a brick range. This contracted room was used as a kitchen in the Jackson administration. At present there are two kitchens, opening into each other—the larger one used only on occasions of state dinners. In this age of electric buttons it looks a little odd to see hanging on the wall above the ice chest a row of ponderous old-fashioned bells, which, however, have long since retired from active duty.

October 15 is the date named in the contract for the finishing of the extensive improvements, which will add materially to the comfort and pleasure of the presidential household.

THE UNITED STATES NAVY.

Will the Coming Congress Complete it.

It Was Started by a Democratic Body and Is Most Fitting To Be Completed by It.

Washington, Aug. 7.—Navy department officials are speculating these days about the treatment the navy may expect from the next congress, and there is some fear that the many new members in the next house of representatives may not fully appreciate the importance of the navy or the necessity of continuing the construction of new ships.

There has been, however, in the last few years a great growth of popular interest in the navy, not only in the six coast states, but in the interior as well, and Americans from all parts of the country take just pride in the progress that has already been made toward placing the United States in her proper rank among the naval powers of the world.

It may be, therefore, that the new congressmen will come to Washington prepared to make sufficient appropriations to carry on the work of shipbuilding on the present scale. Unless more new ships are authorized by the next congress a whole year will be lost in naval construction, for all the ships thus far authorized, except a torpedo boat, are under contract, and the bureau of construction and steam engineering, which are charged with designing new hulls and machinery, have nothing to do now except to superintend the work being done and keep up the repairs of old ships.

In the meantime there is considerable discussion as to the number and types of ships that ought to be built in the near future. No one believes that the three battle ships now under construction—the Massachusetts, Indiana and Oregon—are all the vessels of that type that the navy ought to have, and Secretary Tracy, who is a firm believer in vessels that need not run away from anything afloat, would be justified in asking for at least two or three more battle ships.

Another vessel that the secretary thinks very highly of, and that would undoubtedly give a good account of herself in a naval war, is armored cruiser No. 2—the New York—and if the United States in time of war had her and a few more of her class in commission, they would not only be of great service in protecting American shipping off their home ports, but they would compel an enemy to keep a large part of his armored ships at home to protect his home ports and commerce from those rapid and powerful vessels that will overmatch any protected cruisers and many light armored ships.

As commerce destroyers the distinctive American design, incorporated in cruisers Nos. 12 and 13, could be repeated with advantage, and many naval officers favor building more of these ocean flyers.

Another excellent design is cruiser No. 6, building at the Union Iron Works, a vessel fully as fast as the best of the Baltimore type, but with coal capacity enough to steam twice as far and with heavy enough battery and sufficient armor protection to be a very efficient fighter.

Whatever design may be repeated, however, it is certain that no more of the Baltimore type will be built. It was well, perhaps to make a beginning by going ahead on the design of these vessels, which are good enough within certain limitations, but are better suited for European conditions than those of the United States.

They have high speed, but their coal capacity is so limited as to greatly restrict their radius of action and will not compare, therefore, with vessels like cruiser No. 6, that could steam to Europe and back without recoaling, or with Nos. 12 and 13, that will carry coal enough to take them around the world.

The Baltimore and her class are also expensive vessels to keep in commission, and their coal bills make them very costly for duty on foreign stations, where in time of peace much smaller vessels will do just as well.

It is, therefore, urged by many naval officers that congress should authorize at once a number of vessels of from 2,000 to 3,000 tons to carry effective armaments of rapid-fire guns, and having considerable coal endurance and fair sea speed.

They would be economical in construction and maintenance, and would furnish a number of commands for young officers. Cruisers Nos. 9, 10 and 11, the two former building at Baltimore and the latter at Boston, and each having 2,000 tons displacement, are ideal vessels for this service, except that they ought, for greater economy, to be sheathed so as to prevent fouling, and thus be independent of locking for long intervals.

Catholic Total Abstinence Union.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The final session of the Catholic Total Abstinence union was held yesterday. Indianapolis, Ind., was selected as the place of holding the next annual convention.

The election of officers for the coming year resulted as follows: President, Rt. Rev. Joseph R. Cotter, bishop of Winona, re-elected; first vice president, Rev. Morgan W. Sheedy, of Pittsburg; second vice president, W. A. Manning, of Cleveland, re-elected; third vice president, Miss Sally A. Moore, of Philadelphia; treasurer, Rev. McMahon, of Cleveland, re-elected; secretary, Philip A. Nolan, re-elected.

Backer's Finances.

New York, Aug. 7.—No statement of Abraham Backers' affairs was forthcoming yesterday and Assignee B. F. Einstein said it was possible it would not be ready before next week. Rumors affecting Mr. Backers' methods were circulated yesterday.

Irregularities are said to have come to light and the note broker was charged with applying some of his clients' paper to his own use.

Assignee Einstein refused to either deny or affirm the story and admitted that he would not speak of it if it were true and he knew it.

Lima Citizen Dead.

Lima, O., August 7.—Mr. William Bates, for twenty years superintendent of the wood-worsing department of the Lima Machine works, died at his home on South Jackson street at 1 o'clock yesterday. Mr. Bates was in his sixtieth year, and has been bedfast only a short time. He leaves a wife and several adult children. He was prominent in masonic circles and the local lodges will conduct the funeral services.

Ex-Gov. Axtell Dead.

Morristown, N. J., Aug. 7.—Ex-Gov. Axtell died yesterday afternoon at the residence of his son-in-law Charles M. Phillips, after a brief illness. Mr. Axtell came on a visit from Santa Fe, N. M., four years ago to regain his impaired health. He was born in Franklin county, Ohio, October 14, 1819.

Burned by Gasoline.

Laporte, Ind., Aug. 7.—A young lad named Elward Smith was horribly burned to-day by gasoline while filling street lamps for the city.

Short breath, palpitation, pain in chest weak or faint spells, smothering, cured by Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure. Sold at druggists. Free treatise by mail. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

WHAT IT COSTS.

Physician's Fees Compared—A Few Plain Words on This Subject—The Five Dollar Plan Criticised.

The matter of fees has always been in the profession a matter of what seems to be unnecessary delicacy. Among some doctors it is believed to be just and right to charge a patient all that they can get, making the fee heavier according to the gravity of the disease and the desperate condition of the patient. Among "specialists," the matter of charges has had absolutely no limit or reason; and we believe there are many whose claims to being "specialists" rests principally upon the fact that they charge special fees.

When Drs. Copeland and Buffett announced that during the month of July they would treat all diseases and furnish medicines at the rate of $5 a month, those who were accustomed to heavy doctor's fees and no less heavy bills at the drug store, were astonished. One or two, who it must be feared were not entirely disinterested, were heard to declare: "It's unprofessional."

Well, it may be unprofessional, but its business. With all due respect to what is professional, Drs. Copeland and Buffett can see no legitimate reason why a sick man should not know what it is going to cost him to get cured, just as well as a hungry man, what it will cost him to be fed, or a man in old clothes, what it will cost him to buy new ones.

Isn't it barely possible, brethren, that this professional business may be carried a little too far. Remember it is the public we are serving now, not our medical colleges. It is the public to whom we look for support, not the professors who taught us the names of the bones and the principles of chemistry, and drew their salaries quite regularly for the same. Isn't it time that some of these ethical points were stretched a little, and that the public who are paying the bills have an opportunity of knowing how much they will have to pay, and what they are paying for?

At any rate Drs. Copeland and Buffett think so; they think it is far more important to please the public than the doctors, and as they have laid themselves open to the charge of being unprofessional once, they will do it again. They will continue during the month of August to treat all cases of catarrhal trouble at $5 a month. In cases where consumption or some other equally serious malady has appeared as a result of neglected catarrh, or from any other cause, the charges for medicines and treatment not to exceed $10 a month, and to be regulated absolutely by the cost of the medicines required.

$5.00 PER MONTH!

CATARRH AND ALL DISEASES OF THE NOSE and THROAT treated for $5.00 PER MONTH. MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

A SERIOUS CASE.

A Victim of Catarrhal Troubles for 25 Years—An Interesting Statement from Sylvania.

Sylvania is situated about nine miles west of Toledo, on the L S & M S R R. It is a beautiful little village and brings back the recollections of our younger days spent on the farm.

Mr. John R. Taylor is a resident of Sylvania, and has attained the enviable age of 78 years. He has a beautiful home and is considered one of the prosperous men of that country. He is well known in Toledo, and the conversation which took place between Mr. Taylor and your correspondent will be of interest to a great many Toledoans.

MR. JOHN R. TAYLOR, SYLVANIA, OHIO.

He says:

"Well, sir, for over 25 years I have been a victim of catarrhal trouble. I first noticed it in '65, when it came with a slight dropping of mucous. I paid no attention to it at first, as any one naturally does, but it gradually grew so bad I consulted different doctors, all of them claiming to cure me, and they continued 'trying' to cure, it now being 25 years since I have been a

WRETCHED SUFFERER.

"My head and nose was constantly stopped up and I could scarcely breathe, except through my mouth. My throat was always sore and my mouth dry and parched. I had pains in the head and my eyes became very dim; ringing noises in the ears, and whenever I stooped and would suddenly raise up I would become so dizzy that I would have to hold something for support.

Another very important yet distressing symptom was the pain in my chest. I could hardly sleep at night being

ALMOST CRAZED

by the pain shooting from the chest to the shoulder blade. I had given up all hope of ever being any better, when I heard of the success of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, and decided to call upon them."

"And have they given you any benefit?"

"Yes, indeed. They have done for me in one month what other doctors have been 'trying' for the last 25 years.

"My symptoms have all disappeared, and although 78 years of age I feel young again and I cannot say too much in praise of Drs. Copeland and Buffett."

Mr. Taylor lives at Sylvania, O., where he will, by letter or in person, verify the statement.

MORE LIGHT

THROWN ON THE MEDICAL FRAUDS OF OHIO

Is Driving Them Out of Their Stronghold—Plan of the Campaign.

That we are accomplishing even more rapidly than we expected to, the task of ridding this community of medical fakirs and adventurers, any accurate observer will testify. Several flourishing fake concerns which were doing a "land office business" in humbug and imposture, when we commenced this crusade, about a month ago, have been compelled to leave the city, and the few that remain are finding their traffic so unprofitable and public opinion so thoroughly aroused against them that their departure is only a question of time. New comers of this class will meet with a warm reception. Even those who were at first most skeptical and extended the least encouragement are acknowledging now that our crusade will succeed.

Make their business unprofitable and the fakirs will have to go. Secure proper laws of medical registration from the legislature and their departure will be permanent.

This is the plan of the campaign. Let the results already accomplished serve as a token that it will be carried out.

If the character and record of these adventurers against whom we are waging war could be fully known, there is not a law-abiding, public spirited citizen in northern Ohio that would not extend his hearty support to the effort to rid the state of their presence. If the history of these adventurers and birds of prey could be put in the hands of all persons likely to be entrapped by them, it would be indeed a blessing. One of the most notorious of them became a "great specialist" by burying a man in the ground to cure him from rheumatism, while he—the "specialist"—was wrought up by supposed religious excitement. The case became the newspaper sport and the hypocrite seized upon this notoriety to start an "institute," and for a year or two successfully victimized the credulous and the suffering. The head of another concern worked two-thirds of his life as a horse farrier and blacksmith and then—being shrewed enough to take advantage of Ohio's lax laws—blossomed directly from the forge to the physician's chair and safely killed people for their money. Another—this time an "electrical healer"—received all his medical and electrical education by "shinning" up telegraph poles and stringing wires while employed as a lineman for a street railroad company. This business, which was honorable and respectable, he forsook to become an advertising "electrical healer" with his hands in the pockets of the afflicted. Yet another case within our personal knowledge: A young man who served as "hall boy" or usher for a physician, and whose mimicry was as strong as a monkey's, saved his meager salary until he could purchase a decent suit of clothes and a silk hat, and with these credentials added to a plausible manner and as utter lack of principle, conscience or knowledge, secured a "backer" and is now a "specialist." God save the mark!

But they must "move on!" We have begun the work of weeding these fellows out of this state and we will never "let up" until every man who is now preying on diseased humanity goes; until the afflicted can be assured that a man practicing medicine in this state is educated in his profession and indorsed by a regular college.

We are in receipt of letters almost daily giving us information of a valuable nature regarding these fellows, as well as many urging us onward in the good work of the community. Read this from a respectable business man of Stark county:

MINERVA, O., July 26, 1891.

Dr. W. H. Copeland, 706 Madison St., Toledo, O.

Dear Sir—You are fighting a good fight and will surely win on your crusade against the frauds and cheats who pretend to cure everything. My son, who is now under your care and who I am glad to say is steadily improving, was victimized out of $200 by ——, of Cleveland, who examined his case, scared him almost to death with false predictions that he was going to die of consumption, and then gave him a lot of stuff that had no virtue except a bad taste and a vile smell, and which I really believe made his case worse. Go on in your work. Every good citizen in the state will help you.

Here is another, enclosed with which was an affidavit containing facts regarding the outrageous course and exortion of one of these blackmailing "specialists" which is invaluable when the proper time and place for it comes:

SANDUSKY, O., July 24, 1891.

Dr. W. H. Copeland:

Dear Sir—I cannot keep from adding a word of encouragement to you in your war against the medical quacks and cheats who are infesting the whole of this state. It is a crying shame and evil that our laws are not so framed as to protect the sick and afflicted from the clutches of these scoundrels. Every decent, honest doctor in the state, and every citizen, should hold up your hands in this just fight against these worse than hyenas—for hyenas rob only the dead, who cannot feel—while these birds of prey attack the afflicted and the dying.

Yours truly,

A VICTIM.

They must and shall go. Then, when the legislature of this state meets on the first Monday in January next, a bill drawn and efficiently backed by influence and right, will be presented to that body, and made a law by them, which will forever close the gate of this commonwealth upon this league of criminals.

From Representative Residents.

Mr. Wm. H. Dana, a marine engineer, residing at 816 Collingwood ave., says:

They have, beyond all doubt, placed me in better health than I could ever expect, and I heartily recommend them to the public.

Mr. Joseph Coombs, residing at 334 Indiana ave., says:

I cannot say too much in praise of Drs. Copeland and Buffett, for they have certainly saved me from a fate worse than death.

Their Credentials.

As has been said, Dr. W. H. Copeland was president of his class at Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, where he graduated, the most famous institution of the kind in the country. His diploma bears the written indorsement of the medical authorities of New York, of the deans of prominent medical colleges of Pennsylvania. Dr. Buffett's credentials are no less abundant and unqualified. He also is formerly indorsed by Bellevue Hospital Medical College of New York and by the secretaries of various county and state medical societies. Both gentlemen after thorough experience and practice have devoted their time to the practice of their specialties, with what success the columns of the daily papers show.

Doctors Copeland and Buffett.

The Copeland Medical institute is permanently located at 706 Madison street DR. W. H. COPELAND, and DR. G. P BUFFETT consulting physician. Specialties: Catarrh and all diseases of the eye, ear, throat and lungs. Chronic diseases. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 5 p. m., 7 to 9 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m.

Nervous Diseases Cured.
Skin Diseases Cured.
Catarrh Cured.

Notice to Contractors.

Natural Gas Lines.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the Toledo Natural Gas Trustees, at their office, 78 Superior street, Toledo, Ohio, until 12 o'clock, noon, of

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1891,

for furnishing and laying the following quantities of cast iron, wrought iron or steel pipe, either lead or screw joint, as follows:

About 1,000 feet of 10-inch pipe.
About 15,000 feet of 8-inch pipe.
About 4,000 feet of 6-inch pipe.
About 65,000 feet of 4-inch pipe.
About 70,000 feet of 3-inch pipe.
About 14,000 feet of 2-inch pipe.

Together with the necessary fittings; all as shown by the plans and specifications on file in the office of the Natural Gas Trustees.

The said pipes and fittings will be laid in the districts and subdivisions established by the board, and designated District No. 3, District No 4, District No 5, Sub-division A, District No 7, Sub-division A, and District No 9, Sub-division A.

The work bid for must begin within 10 day after contract is awarded; bidders will specify time for completion, which must be within days from commencement of the work.

Bids will be received for part or all of the work advertised for, but no bid will be received for less than an entire line to be laid in any one street or alley.

The board reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or to accept bids for all or any part of said work.

Blank forms of bids and contracts can be seen at the office of the Natural Gas Trustees.

By order of the board.

H. A. TOBEY, Manager.

Toledo, Ohio, July 28, 1891.

Proposals for Election Booths

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at Room 49, Produce Exchange Building, Toledo, Ohio, until noon of

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8, 1891,

for the furnishing of election booths to be erected in each voting precinct in the city of Toledo and Lucas county on or before October 1, 1891.

Bids will be received upon plans and specifications submitted by bidders, conforming to the requirements of the election laws of the State of Ohio.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

THE BOARD OF ELECTIONS,
For the City of Toledo and Lucas County.
daily until aug7

Empire St. Improvement.

Adams street to Vermont avenue.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 13 49-100 per cent. by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Monday, August 10 h proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to aug8

Erie Street Improvement.

Swan Creek to Logan Street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost o Erie street improvement, can save 13 857 pe cent. by paying cash—which can be accepted to close of Thursday, August 6th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

first pub sat july25 28,30aug1,3,4,6

Lenk Street Improvement.

Dorr Street to Bridge on Swan Creek.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 20 675-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of Saturday, August 8th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

july26to aug7

Vermont Ave. Improvement.

Adams to Bancroft street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost o above improvement can save 13 88-100 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to clos of Monday, August 10th proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to aug8

Alley Improvement.

Between Erie and Ontario from Monroe to Jefferson Street.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost on above improvements can save 13 768-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted up to close of Saturday, August 8, proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to Aug 7

Logan St. Improvement.

Erie Street to Broadway.

Persons liable for assessments to pay cost of above improvement can save 13 879-1000 per cent by paying cash, which can be accepted to close of saturday, August 8 proximo.

W. T. WALKER, City Auditor.

daily to aug 7

IMPORTANT TO MANUFACTURERS.

Manufacturers desirous of improving their interests will be given Free Gas, Free Plants, Magnificent and spacious Buildings, well located; suitable for foundry and machine shops, or manufacturing of any kind, with a capacity of twenty-five men or any number desired. I also have thirty-two first-class patents and inventions.

For particulars address

CARL C. L. WULFF, McClure, O.

VOCAL LESSONS.

Mr. Whiting will continue his vocal lessons through the summer. This will give an opportunity for teachers and others wishing to study through the vacation. Address 6 [illegible] street or call at parlors of First Congregational church.

EDUCATIONAL.

Tri-State Business College AND "BEST" SHORT-HAND SCHOOL.

NEARLY OPPOSITE P. O. COR. MADISON AND SUMMIT STREETS, TOLEDO, O.

4 STUDENTS PLACED IN POSITIONS TO-DAY. We not only prepare our students for business more thoroughly than other similar schools but place double the number in positions. A Business College Conducted by Business Men.—If you contemplate taking either a business or shorthand course soon, do not fail to make us a visit. It will cost you nothing, at the same time will be the most profitable call you ever made.

Phone 708. MELCHOIR, ROBINSON & MELCHOIR, Principals.

Steadman BUSINESS COLLEGE,

Corner Summit and Adams Streets.

Phone 1246.

IT WOULD BE A POOR SCHOOL,

Indeed, that possessed NO merit; but in selecting the one to attend the coming winter, bear in mind

ALL SCHOOLS ARE NOT EQUALLY GOOD.

Some are able to, and do, present to patrons better facilities than others. They can also afford to dictate the class of students they will accept. Visit us and see the best equipped school in the state. Children not admitted.

A. H. STEADMAN, Principal.

TOLEDO Business COLLEGE

THE LEADING BUSINESS COLLEGE!

And Shorthand School in the City.

Ten years under the management of Mr Davis. Make your arrangements for September. Office open from 7 a m to 8:30 p m.

516-520 SUMMIT STREET. Phone 1021. M. H. DAVIS

SOME TELL-TALE LETTERS.

More News About Defaulter Young.

He May Have Been Using Other People's Funds to Deal in Real Estate.

Louisville, Aug. 7.—A letter purporting to be from Sylvester Young, the absconding cashier of the Mississippi Valley railroad, reached the office of a local newspaper.

The letter bears date of August 4, but the postoffice stamp shows that it was dropped in the office at 6 p. m. on yesterday, the fifth, although it did not reach the delivery box until early in the morning.

No publication was made of the letter for the reason that it was taken as a simple fake, and yet it contained two important new points which, if true, would let out information which has not yet seen light. No apparent effort is made to change the general chirography of the letter, although it bears no very close resemblance to Young's penmanship.

It is larger and hardly as even, and looks much like it were written by a nervous hand. It is faultless in capitalization, punctuation and orthography, and says that it is directed to the paper which received it, because that paper was forcible in charging that the detectives were inefficient. The Enquirer correspondent carried the letter to Vice-President Echols this evening. General Echols gave it a close and interested reading, and pronounced it "most remarkable."

It confirmed his belief, he said, that Young had a conference here. Why it confirmed that belief he refused to say. Neither would he say whether he believed the letter to be in Young's handwriting, but he asked for and received a copy of the letter.

The letter says that Young has been hiding in a room in the heart of the city since his defalcation was discovered, keeping abed and playing sick.

It insists that the missing cashier was about the streets late Friday evening and named several men whom he met. It is noticeable that only those mentioned in the newspapers as having met Young are named in the letter, but the time for these meetings is changed in one or two instances.

The most important thing given in the letter is the exact amount of the shortage. This has never been given out by the road's officers. This letter says that the sum is $19,800, and that is found to be true. It also says that he borrowed at one time $1,800 from his brother Joseph, a real estate dealer in Galveston, Texas, and part of the money stolen was to pay him. That he owed $1,800 is true about the time he gives, but nothing is known here of his brother Joseph.

The letter says that Young's Chicago investments will, on August 16, bring him enough money to pay out his shortage, and that he will then return, pay up and take the consequences. It is now confirmed that he has Chicago real estate investments which he had expected to bring him in money.

This matter was not made public until the arrival of this letter, although it was known in the railway office. The letter is written beyond all doubt by some one who knows all about Young's financial dealings and troubles. It will very likely bring about some interesting developments.

DEATH ON THE ROAD.

He was of Noble Parentage but was Obliged to Tramp.

Sedalia, Mo., Aug. 7.—The mystery surrounding the death of the tramp who was run over and killed in the Missouri Pacific yards yesterday, was cleared up last night by the arrest of Francis Joseph Loight, the dead man's comrade.

Loight says the dead man's name was Peter Smith, and that he was born of noble parents at Cologne, on the Rhine, 26 years ago.

Smith ran away from home to escape service in the army, and went to New York, where he served as a waiter, becoming a member of the waiters' union. Four months ago they left for the west. Loight charges a brakeman with being the cause of Smith's death by urging him to jump from the train. Smith slipped off the brake beam and fell under the wheels.

HORIZONTAL REDUCTION

Ten Per Cent. Knocked Off the Figures.

Equalization Board Agrees to Adjourn After Trying to Get Additional Milage.

Columbus, Aug. 7.—A banquet at the American house to-night will mark the close of the duties of the state board of equalization and an adjournment sine die will be had to-morrow morning.

After considerable discussion and the consideration of several propositions the board agreed to make a horizontal reduction in the appraisement of 10 per cent.

As returned to and equalized by the board the figures given below are self-explanatory. Farm lands as returned by the county auditors to the board were valued at $664,426,05; as equalized by the state board $627,278,374. City, town and village property returned by the auditors $691,920,034; as equalized by the board $639,026,074. It will be seen that the total duplicate returned was $1,266,346,099, while the total equalized is $1,266,365,638.

The grand duplicate of the state, from which the real estate shall pay taxes for the next ten years, is $1,129,685,50.

Several incidents happening yesterday afternoon prove more interesting to the attaches of the board than the general evening up of the work. A resolution was offered providing for the appropriation of funds to pay the clerk and his first assistant for 20 days' additional work estimated to be necessary to complete the clerical work of the report of the board. This was finally amended so as to extend the time to 40 days, but when put on its passage it met with violent opposition on the ground that it was discriminating against the second assistant clerk, Vena, who is a colored man.

A motion to lay the resolution on the table till to-day finally prevailed and the question will be determined this morning. The sentiment seems to be adverse to voting extra pay to the clerks unless it includes them all.

A resolution voting themselves second mileage was adopted by the board by a vive voce vote. When the members first assembled they drew their mileage of 24 cents a mile. The reports not being ready they returned home, coming back three weeks later. The additional mileage is for the second trip. The resolution was offered by Mr. Robinson of Union county, and there were a number of votes cast against it, but no record being kept their names could not be obtained.

Those opposing the resolution claim that the attorney general and Mr. Poe have already held that the members of the legislature could not draw mileage pay for the special session and that the circumstances in the present case are of a like character.

Death of Judge Welch.

Athens, O., Aug. 7.—Judge Welch died last evening in his 87th year. He has resided here since 1828. He served in the state senate in 1846-47, was representative in congress in 1851-52 and judge of the state supreme court for 15 years. He has been failing for several weeks.

John N. Gatch Dead.

Milford, O., August 7.—John N. Gatch, a prominent citizen of Milford, Clermont county Ohio, died at his residence near that place in the seventy-ninth year of his aged.

LOZIER & YOST

Perfect a Patent that May Revolutionize the Bicycle Business.

Lozier & Yost are the patentees of an invention in the nature of annealing and constructing a steel tubing that promises to revolutionize the trade of building bicycles.

The patent was taken out some time ago, and a company was organized at Shelby, O., for the manufacture of steel tubing.

Works were promptly constructed, and yesterday the first specimen of the pipe was received in this city. It promises to be a great success. Lozier & Yost are said to be largely interested in the Shelby works.

A CRANK BREAKS LOOSE.

He Tells of a Scheme to Rob the Treasury.

A Letter to Secretary Foster That Would be Sensational if It Was Not So Ludicrous.

Washington, Aug. 7.—The full text of the letter received at the treasury department, concerning an alleged raid on the money vaults of the building, is as follows:

Written for the U. S. treasury department, Washington, D. C.

An intended raid on the treasury building by negroes and recalcitrant whites.

"Hon C. Foster: I've just been made aware of a plot by a desperate southerner of distinguished family and rebel record, inadvertly upon my promise of secrecy about the same, concerning a contemplated raid and looting of the U. S. treasury sometime next August." The way I became cognizant of the affair, I was asked to arm up what desperadoes or tramps I could, so as to be on hand at such time which afterward I was to be informed of their modus operandus is to arrive in Washington a few days previous to the contemplated raid, ostensibly as excursionists 'neath the cognomen of fraternal societies, etc., get on a huge debauch which would tax your police powers to their extent, and in the height of the melee fire diverse parts of the city away from government buildings so as to draw the police away; thus, in the midst of such excitement, under the cover of darkness, a well armed body of plunderers are to overawe the meagre force at the command of the government, and by the explosions of dynamite bombs add confusion to the already chaotic program and in the midst thereof carry off the plunder to a craft or crafts, on the Potomac, or in special convoy by wagon or rail to the coast; then the revelers are to receive from appointed agents afterward the reward of their daring. Per se the majority of the concourse are not to let into the secret of the attempt but are to be brought there under recreation auspices or Fraternal societies by a free ride at the expense of the wealthy originator of the plot. I thought it behoved me to acquaint you of the same in consequence of the already great draft made on your department in consequence of recent legislation.

I have dear sir, the honor to be yours,

L. E. O'Rex, Trampo, Chance R. Locke.

The letter is written on a large sheet of brown manilla paper, in pencil, in a fair hand. It was received July 21st and red to the captain of the watch.

Treasurer officials treat the matter lightly, as there is always a large force of well-armed guards on duty and the city police force is always within ready summons. The treasury vaults are secure enough to withstand any ordinary attack, even if admittance could be gained to the building.

MAY END IN MURDER.

Bloody Deed of a Man While Intoxicated.

A War of Words Led to a Stabbing Affray Which May Prove Fatal to One of the Men.

Camden, N. J., Aug. 7.—A serious stabbing affray occurred on the beach at Gloucester Point, at 3:30 o'clock this morning, that will probably add another murder to the many other crimes of that locality.

Thomas Lyons, a resident of Gloucester City, is the victim of the affair, and Edward Fogarty, of Philadelphia, a brother to the prize fighter of that name, is the assailant. The stabbing occurred in the pavilion adjoining Pat McGlade's saloon

The two men had been drinking and about 3 o'clock they got into a dispute over some trivial matter and hot words led to hotter ones.

For half an hour they continued their wordy war and about 3:30 o'clock found them in the pavilion, a lonely place. Suddenly turning upon Lyons, Fogarty plunged the large blade of a good-sized pocket knife into his left side, just below the heart. Lyons dropped to the floor and Fogarty undertook to make his escape.

The chief of police happened in the vicinity just at this time and took the would-be murderer into custody. Mayor Jackson committed Fogarty to prison without bail to await the result of Lyons' injuries.

SUDDEN DEATH.

A Well-Known Defiance Lady Dies from Neuralgia of the Heart.

Defiance, O., Aug. 7.—(Special)—Mrs. Chas. F. Ferguson died suddenly last evening at 10 o'clock of neuralgia of the heart.

The deceased was the daughter of the late J. A. Orcutt and had only been married eleven months. She was one of the most amiable and popular ladies of the city and her death has cast a gloom over the entire community.

Mr. Ferguson is a book keeper at the Trumbull Wagon Co. and is highly respected by all who know him.

Mrs. Ferguson was 25 years old and leaves an infant child. The funeral will occur Sunday.

PREPARING FOR ACTION.

Chairman Neal Looking Over the Situation.

He Has Not Yet Selected a Secretary for the Executive Committee.

Columbus, Aug. 7.—Hon. James E. Neal was in the city yesterday making preliminary preparations for the opening of the headquarters of the democratic state executive committee.

The democracy, having confidence in Mr. Neal's judgment, have intrusted him with the duty of selecting a secretary for the committee.

There are a number of applicants for the position, but there appears to be no frantic struggle on the part of any one. Mr. Neal says he has not made the selection; that he is undecided between two men and he will make his decision next Tuesday.

The rooms used by the committee last year will be retained for the coming campaign, and there is to be no delay in buckling down to work.

Chairman Neal states invitations will be extended to all prominent democratic orators throughout the country to participate in the canvass, and he has already the assurance of a number that they can be relied upon for from a half dozen to a score of speeches. As to Grover Cleveland, the chairman says he knows nothing definite about his appearance in the Ohio campaign, but that he will be invited and it is expected he will accept.

SOME SPICY CURRENT TOPICS

Of Local and Neighborhood Interest.

Notes and Comments on Incidents Occurring Daily—Prepared for Readers Who are Hustled for Time.

Would-be Suicide.

David Weaver, while under the influence of liquor attempted to jump into the river at the dock at the foot of Monroe street last evening about 6 o'clock. Officer Kraut arrested Weaver just as he was about to jump, and took him to the police station to sober up. The bath he did not get cost him $5 and costs in police court this morning.

Suit for Fifteen Thousand Dollars.

Ignace Flick instituted proceedings in common please court to-day against the Michigan Central railway company to recover $15,000 damages for injuries sustained while in the employ of that road. The petition alleges that the plaintiff was run over by a car and mangled and bruised.

No Committee Meetings.

Several council committees were called for last evening, but not enough members put in an appearance to make quorums The sidewalk committee held a short meeting and approved a few resolutisns for new sidewalks. Other members stood around for about a half hour and then dispersed.

No Catfish.

This has been a very poor season for catfish and several of the Water street fish houses report that they have not been handling any at all. Fishermen report that no catfish are being caught and those who depend on the catfish are in hard luck. It has been the poorest season for this fish for a number of years.

A Delightful Musicale.

A most delightful musical social was given at the home of Mr. L. S. Baumgardner yesterday afternoon under the auspices of the ladies of St. Mark's chapel. There was a large attendance and a splendid program was rendered, being participated in by Miss Nellie Goodwin, Mrs. Scammel and Miss Strong. All of the numbers were excellent and the musicians were greeted with considerable applause.

Quiet Wedding Last Night.

Mr. H. W. Rosecrans, private secretary to Mr. George G. Hadley, was last evening united in marriage with Miss Eva P. Bartlett, at their future home, 2116 Fulton street, by Rev. J. L. McDonald. The wedding was a very quiet affair. The happy couple left this morning on the boat for Put-in-Bay and Cleveland for a brief honeymoon trip. The best wishes of numerous friends, including the BEE, are extended.

Order of Chosen Friends.

This morning a number of the members of the Order of Chosen Friends from different parts of the state met at Turley's hall on Monroe street. The time was given up to routine business, the committees being announced. This afternoon a delegate to the supreme lodge is to be elected, and an entertainment will be provided this evening. To-morrow an excursion is to be enjoyed.

Real Estate Transfers.

Margaret A. Lazenby to Fred B Lazenby, lot 189, Mott's First addition, $4,000.

Harriet White, executor, and Samuel Brinkerhoff, administrator of the estate of F. A. White, to Frederick W. Fuller, lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 32, 33, 34, and west half of lot 8, Betts' addition, $6,000.

Wilson Rawson to Jacob Smith, lot 98, Phillips & Morris' addition, $150.

Lucas County Pulled Down a Little.

Auditor Vordtriede this morning received a communication from the state board of equalization to the effect that the valuation of all Lucas county farm lands have been reduced 1 per cent.; city of Toledo, 1 per cent.; village of Maumee, 10 per cent.; village of Sylvania, 10 per cent.; village of Waterville, 10 per cent.; village of Whitehouse, 10 per cent.; leaving a net reduction on the county and city of 8-9 per cent. The board will adjourn sine die to-morrow.

Cutlery Company's Election.

Yesterday afternoon the stockholders of the Seamless Knife Handle Cutlery company held their annual meeting at Glassboro. The old officers and directors were re-elected. They are as follows: Geo. H. Ketcham, president; W. H. Chapin, secretary and manager; V. H. Ketcham, E. L. Barber, M. A. Scott. The works have lately been improved and quite a load of machinery added to the plant. It is now in first-class working order, and is one of the best institutions of the kind in the country.

Toledoans Interested in Price Hill Property.

A decision was rendered in the Cincinnati courts on Wednesday in which several Toledoans are interested. The Barr case, involving the title and interest to a large tract of property on Price Hill, was decided in favor of the heirs in suit, the recovery being a seven-eigthteenths interest.

Among the Toledo people who are beneficiaries by the decree are Mrs. W. S. Thurstin, Mrs. Geo. W. Vrooman and the children of Col. Arnold McMakan, of the East Side, who was buried yesterday. The case is one of the most important ever decided by Judge Sage.

Hustled Across the Ocean.

Perhaps one of the quickest, if not the quickest, passage of a letter across the Atlantic yet recorded was received by Cashier Waring of the Ketcham National bank, yesterday afternoon. The letter is from Mr. John B. Ketcham, who, by the way, is having a delightful time in England. The epistle was mailed in London on July 29, and was received here yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock, thus making the entire trip from London to Toledo in eight days. It is believed the letter must have crossed the Atlantic on the Majestic on her return trip when she beat her former records.

Reunion of Veterans Last Night.

A pleasant reunion took place in this city last evening. Upon the solicitation of some of the members of the Thirty-seventh regiment, O. V. I., who are in the city, Hassendeubel Post, No. 13, Department of Missouri, from St. Louis, was invited to stop off and make a short visit in Toledo when on their return from Detroit. The post was in the city about three hours last evening, accompanied by their band, and were entertained by mine host Gustave Baithero. Many old acquaintances were renewed and several good toasts were offered. Gen. George Weber made a good speech and introduced Mr. Baithers to the rest of his comrades. After a social time had been enjoyed by all, the "boys in blue" left for their homes in St. Louis, not forgetting to express their hearty thanks for a few happy hours in Toledo.

The Worthington Engine Chosen.

The water works trustees met last evening to finally pass on the bids received some time since for additional pumping machinery. The trustees have visited the various points where the engines of the bidders were in operation, and were prepared to act intelligently. After the agents of the companies had explained their proposals and the capacity of their engines, the board decided by a vote of two to one to select the make of H R Worthington & Co. at a cost of $80,000. The machinery has already been described in the BEE, and the trustees expect that with this addition to the pumping capacity the city will have sufficient power for all reasonable purposes. Messrs. L. K. Parks and T. R. Cook were the voters for the Worthington, while Mr. D. C. Shaw was in favor of the Allis engine.

Made Hay While the Sun Was Shining.

Judging from the unanimous kick the returning G. A. R. excursionists are making of the exorbitant prices charged for something to eat and a place to sleep, the hotel and restaurant men of Detroit must have thought the occasion was the last opportunity, and worked the crowd for all it was worth, in consequence.

A gentleman who had been through the mill said to a BEE this morning:

"The representative business men and leading citizens treated the crowd royally, and I never heard a word to the contrary while I was in the city, but oh, how they roast the hotel and restaurant keepers. They knew the people had to eat and sleep, and were compelled to pay what they chose to charge. It was an outrage perpetrated on people who will not forget it, or miss an opportunity to circulate the truth.

"I was at one of the leading hotels and they charged me $7 for three meals and a cot."

Engineer at the Government Building.

This afternoon Collector Waldorf forwarded the name of Elmer E. Dale of the Eighth Ward, to the authorities at Washington as his choice for engineer at the government building, to succeed Isaac Church, who by this act is removed. There is no complaint against Mr. Church, save that he is a democrat. Mr. Dale is a competent gentleman, however, having been engaged in this line of business for many years. He is a member of Lucas Lodge K. P., and of Custer division, representing the former body on the board which erected the Pythian castle. Elmer is a good fellow in everything except his politics.

GREAT IS M'KINLEY.

The Farmers Can Now Eat Oleomargarine.

"The McKinley bill has been one good thing for the farmers," said Revenue Collector Woldorf to a BEE this morning. "It has reduced the price of oleomargarine."

"Do the farmers eat the stuff?"

"Why, yes. The point I make is this: Some time ago a farmer down in Wood county began using oleomargarine, and finally began business as a wholesaler. Of course it was necessary that he should report at our office. Although he was only supplying his immediate neighbors, his tax amounted to about $900 a year. Under the McKinley bill he will save $600 of this tax."

The fact that the farmer can now eat oleomargarine at a price a little cheaper than the native butter is certainly a point in McKinley's favor that the farmers appreciate. Some of the farmers, however, who take the trouble of investigating the matter, may not favor it not for the McKinley bill they would be in a position to eat their own butter, instead of sending to Mr. Armour for his tallow to spread upon their bread.

INTO AN OPEN SWITCH.

A Smash-Up on the Pennsylvania.

Forty-Five Miles an Hour Into the Rear End of a Freight Train.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 7.—The New York and Chicago limited No. 2, east bound, the fastest train on the Pennsylvania system, ran through an open switch and on to a side-track on which were four loaded freight cars, one mile east of East Palestine, O., at 5:25 o'clock this morning.

The limited was running about forty-five miles an hour. The open switch was not discovered until too late to stop the train. The shock as the engine struck the freight cars was tremendous. The freight cars and engine were totally demolished and Engineer Isaac Ritchey and Fireman Wm. Carney were pinioned under the wreck and seriously injured.

Elmer Chipp, a resident of East Palestine, was walking on the track at the time. He was struck by the engine and instantly killed.

The combination baggage and smoking car was thrown down an embankment, overturned and badly wrecked. The first sleeper was also overturned and the front end crushed in. The remainder of the train was not badly damaged.

There were 43 passengers on the train and nearly all were asleep in their berths. They were hurled from their bertus and badly shaken up, but so far as can be learned none were seriously hurt. The passenger was sent back to Alliance and transferred to the Cleveland & Pittsburg railroad.

Later—The passengers of the wrecked train arrived via the C. & P. railway at 1 o'clock this afternoon. Beyond bruises and a few scratches none were injured.

The railroad officials are inclined to think that the switch was opened by design.

THAT ROLLING MILL CONTRACT

The Terms of the Contract And the Probable Income to the City.

Considerable comment is heard on the streets to-day relative to the low price at which gas has been given to the Maumee rolling mills. It is the general opinion that the rate is very low.

By the terms of the contract the company will pay $1 per gross ton for all finished iron turned out and $1.25 a ton for all sheet iron produced. This is said to be at the rate of 1 1-2 cents per 1,000 cubic feet.

The company claims that its production will average 100 tons a day, which will give an income of about $2,600 a month, or about $31,200 a year.

SUICIDE PERMISSIBLE.

A Surprising View Held by Prof. Adler.

Boston, Aug. 7.—The ethics of suicide was Prof. Felix Adler's topic before the school of ethics at Plymouth. Some of the remarks which he made will attract attention. After marshaling the arguments against self-slaughter and declaring that "thou shalt not suicide," should be taught equally with "thou shalt not kill," the professor said that he did not wish to be understood as asserting that the taking of one's own life is under no circumstances permissible. When honor in the moral sense was at stake there was no other exit open. In certain other cases suicide might also be permissible. Why should not the chronic invalid be untound and permitted to depart in peace? "Let an official body, designated by the State, consisting, say, of three judges of the Supreme court and of three eminent physicians be summoned in every case to the bedside of the sufferer, and if this council be unanimously of the opinion that there is no reasonable hope of recovery, the patient should be allowed to receive the cup of relief at the hands of his attending physician."

A Strong Concern.

For several weeks past the Jarecki Manufacturing Co. have been getting in an immense stock of goods in their store at the corner of Summit and Jefferson sts. They have now the most complete stock of Natural Gas, Oil and Artesian Well supplies to be found anywhere in the Ohio field. They are also thoroughly equipped with everything in the line of Brass, Malleable and Cast Iron Steam Fittings. They recognize the value of Toledo as a distributing point for the oil and gas territory and are prepared to supply every want of the trade. Mr. Jos. Groswiler, formerly with Groenewald & Co., has accepted the position of local manager. The Jarecki Company are extensive manufacturers and heavy dealers in these goods, and are prepared to handle a large business at this point.

All Ready.

We are comfortably settled in our new quarters in Pythian Castle, where we are ready to see our friends who want first-class Pianos and Organs at reasonable prices. The ever popular Standard Sewing Machine is still with us.

J. W. GREENE & Co.

A Sloop Turns Over.

New York, Aug. 7.—At 9 o'clock this morning the sloop Banwood, while being towed up the North river capsized. She was loaded with railroad ties owned by C. L. Buck, and the loss is $130,000.

Bad For Senator George.

Jackson, Miss., August 7.—Senator George has been badly beaten at the county primaries, Barksdale, the Alliance candidate, even carrying George's home county.

HARBOR AND LAKE NEWS.

The Ossifrage Will Not Run to the Islands—General Marine.

The steamer F. W. Wheeler, schooner Kate Winslow and schooner Wm. Shupe are loading coal at the Hocking dock. The steamer H. A. Tuttle and barge 109 are at the same dock with ore.

Lake region forecasts: For western New York—Fair; southwesterly winds; slightly warmer Saturday.

For Ohio—Slightly warmer; southwesterly winds and fair.

For Lower Michigan and Indiana—Generally fair, except local showers along the Michigan lake shore this evening; continued warm southerly winds.

For Illinois—Fair, except local rains during the night in northwest portion; warmer; southerly winds.

For Upper Michigan—Generally fair, except occasional local showers during the night; southeasterly winds; slightly warmer.

For Wisconsin—Southerly winds; fair, followed during the evening by local rains and thunderstorms, especially in southern portion; unusually warm to-day; slightly cooler Saturday.

The Ossifrage Not in It.

The report has been printed that the Star-Cole line had chartered the steamer Ossifrage, to run between Toledo and the islands during the fruit season. Mr. S. Canfield, who is interested in this project, states that the Ossifrage is not the steamer and moreover the Star-Cole line has nothing to do with it.

Burning of the Pomeroy.

Buffalo, Aug. 7.—Capt. Walters, of the schooner Pomeroy, which burned on Lake Ontario, arrived yesterday. He says the fire first caught in the hold under the cabin, and the second time it broke out in several places. The vessel is scuttled in 18½ feet of water. Capt. Walters thought she was damaged so much that it would not pay to release her.

Port List.

ARRIVED.

Schr Jennie, Kingston, light.
Schr Kildonan, Kingston, light.
Stmr St. Magnus, Kingston, light.
Stmr H. A. Tuttle, Ashland, 1,600 tons ore.
Prop Scotia, Buffalo, light.
Schr Wm. Shupe, Detroit, light.
Prop City of Mt. Clemens, East Saginaw, 200 m. lumber.
Schr Wm. Raynor, Sault Ste Marie, light.
Stmr Idlewild, Detroit, pass and mdse.
Schr Minnehaha, Cleveland, light.
Stmr Hiawatha, Cleveland, light.
Stmr Bessie, St. Clair, mdse.

CLEARED.

Stmr Scotia, Huron, light.
Stmr Bessie, Oscoda, mdse.
Schr Minnehaha, Buffalo, 55,000 bu wheat.
Stmr Hiawatha, Buffalo, 59,000 bu wheat.
Schr Reindeer, Bay City, light.
Schr Wm. Raynor, Sault Ste Marie, 350 tons coal.

Snags.

The steam barge St. Magnus is in for grain.

The W. R. Burt made a trial trip to Perrysburg yesterday.

The John Duncan has been chartered to carry coal, Toledo to Milwaukee, at 50 cents.

The steamer Bulgaria, loaded with coal, leaves to-day. At Detroit a party of congressmen will board her for a trip up the lakes.

The tug Brockway with the schooner Fanny Campbell, loaded with cedar posts, ran on Goose Point this morning and spent the day there.

The schooner B. W. Parker was released from near Turtle Light yesterday afternoon. It is reported that she lightered about 400 tons of coal.

Barge 111 and the schooner Manitowoc are at the Ohio Central with ore. The former grounded while making the dock and it required the combined efforts of several tugs to land her.

The Wabash steamer S. C. Reynolds, while attempting to leave yesterday afternoon, grounded near the Clover Leaf wharf and defied the efforts of the tugs to pull her off. She finally released herself, but grounded again down by the shipyards.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

A marriage license was issued to-day to Samuel Burdo and Lena Dussean.

Albert Alder and Susan Fell were married by Justice Austin to-day.

Mail Messenger A. S. Manning, of Toledo, was injured in the Wabash wreck at Homer, Ill., this morning.

The case of Scheib against Duggan was settled in Justice Austin's court this morning.

Margaret A. Lazenby yesterday sold to Fred B. Lazenby lot 180 of Mott's first addition for $4,000.

The state treasurer to-day drew his portion of the Lucas county liquor tax amounting to over $16,000.

The naptha launch Nellie will arrive at Put-in-Bay to-night, and leave to-morrow for Toledo, arriving about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. A great welcome awaits the new craft and its crew.

PERSONAL MENTION.

The Misses Laskey are visiting in Adrian, Mich.

Mrs. Will Stackhouse is spending the week at Bryan.

Mr. John Kelting has returned after an extended trip.

Mrs. E. A. Snook is home from a visit in Bryan with friends.

Mrs. Dolly Berry, of Virginia, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Leiter.

Mrs. Chas. Bangs is the guest of Mrs. L. L. Ross, at Adrian, Mich.

Miss Myrtle Norton, of Bucyrus, is spending her vacation in Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. Holland and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fuller are home from Duluth.

Mr. Chas. Eaton, a former Toledoan, now of Memphis, Tenn., is in the city.

Mr. Otto Grummel, of Tiffin, is visiting his brother in this city, Mr. Fred Grummel jr.

Mrs. Frank Bell, of Chicago, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Dorrell, on lower Huron street.

Hon. A. C. Coble, of Covington, Grand Master I. O. O. F. of Ohio, is in the city looking after the order.

Mrs. T. Beer, of Union street, has for her guests her sister, Miss Kate Crane, and friend, Miss Griffin, of Franklin, O.

Mrs. J. M. Waugh and daughter, Miss Lila, of Lima, are the guests of Mrs. D. L. Calkins, of West Washington street.

Mr. L. L. Orwig, editor of the Napoleon Northwest, is in Toledo to-day. Veteran printer, he announces a phat take at his house in the shape of a bouncing boy that came to town Wednesday morning.

Nicholas Rassel, of Springville, N. Y., on his way home from Detroit, is spending a few days in Toledo with his cousin, Mr. N. Rassel, of 5th Delaware avenue. Mr. R. was one of our old soldiers, having served in the 11th Mo., Vol. Infty., and will be glad to meet any of the comrades of Co. I.

IF YOU KNEW

how easy it was to rid yourself of face pimples and blotches, you would take a few bottles S. S. S. and remove them.

HER FACE HER FORTUNE.

"I was annoyed for a year with pimples and blotches on the face. I consulted prominent physians and used different kinds of advertised medicines without any benefit. Finally I tried Swift's Specific, and the smoothness of my skin was completely restored by the use of a few bottles."

CHARLOTTE RANDOW,
Thalia Theater, New York City.

BOOKS ON BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES FREE.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

LATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

BAR FIXTURES AND FURNITURE—For sale. Call at Munch's Hotel, East Toledo 7aug6p

LOST—A parcel containing fancy work, on Adams st, between Superior and Huron. Finder will confer a favor and be suitably rewarded by leaving at Union Savings bank

BLACKSMITH—Wanted, a general blacksmith. Apply to M. Cole, Stony Ridge. 7aug6p

COIN—Lost at the street car transfer, on Summit st, a 10 guiden. Holland, coin. Finder will greatly oblige a blind girl or leave same at 2235 Vermont ave. 7aug6p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; front ground floor, with natural gas; also large sleeping room. 529 Superior st. 7aug2p

BARBER—Wanted, a competent barber immediately, at 347 Summer st; steady work. 7aug6p

WANTED—A barber for Saturday, 635 South St. Clair St.

TABLE BOARD and pleasant furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; centrally located. Address O 61, care Bee office. 7aug6p

KILLED WHILE CAMPING.

A Sad Accident Near Fremont.

Stillwell Butman Dead from His Wounds.

The Boys Were Out for a Week's Sport Which Had a Sudden and Fatal Termination.

Fremont, O., Aug. 7.—(Special)—A terrible accident occurred at 9 o'clock this morning at a point 10 miles down the river called Cochran's place.

Four boys, Ed. Schoedler, John Lutz, George Bowers and Stillwell Butman, went down the river on a hunting and fishing excursion.

The boys intended camping out a week. They had stopped at Cochran's place and were about to go out in boats to shoot blackbirds.

Lutz and Butman were getting ready to embark. The boat was an old flat-bottom scow.

Butman was carrying a single barrel shotgun, and was just in the act of stepping from the dock into the boat when the hammer of the gun struck against the side of the boat.

The gun was discharged and the entire charge of number 8 shot entered young Butman's breast tearing a large hole and shattering the heart.

With the words, "I'm dead," Butman fell.

He was grabbed by Schoedler and hauled into the boat. Death was instantaneous.

The unfortunate young man was 17 years old and was a bright and promising young fellow.

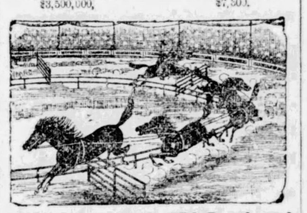
He was the son of W. L. Butman, agent of the Western Union Telegraph company of this city.

Mr. Butman's family are all away spending the summer months.

Mr. Butman is nearly crazed over the affair.

His wife's health is in a critical condition and it is feared that the sad news will prove fatal to her.

TOLEDO
SATURDAY, AUG. 15
DIX ST., NEAR BROADWAY,
BARNUM & BAILEY'S
GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH
NERO.
Or the Destruction of Rome
Endorsed by every Member of Great Britain's Royal Family.
THE
Most Colossal Enterprise on Earth
Triple Circus, Olympia Hippodrome, 2 Menageries, Mystifying Illusions, Museum, Aquarium, 2 Elevated Stages, 400 Horses, 50 Cages 23 Golden Chariots, 500 Actors, 400 Dancers, 300 Experts.
ACTUALLY 1,200 PERFORMERS & ARTISTS
P T BARNUM and J A BAILEY, Equal Owners.
Capital Invested, $3,500,000. Daily Expenses, $7,500.



Tremendous Stage 450 Feet Long!
required for the presentation of
NERO.
Or the Destruction of Rome
IMRE KIRALFY, Director and Producer.
The Grandest Scenery and Costliest Costumes!
Most Magnificent Roman Displays!
Truly Wonderful Transformations!
Marvelous Living Tableaux!
Grand Terpsichorean and Musical Entertainment.
Truthful Representation of Nero Triumphs.
Vestal Maidens, Delightful Dancers, Sacred Ceremonies, Roman Combats, Fearless Charioteers, Religious Fetes, Orgies, Riots, Slaves, Priests, Roman Games, Ancient Sports.
WIERD, STRANGE & WONDERFUL SIGHTS.
Grand Pageants, Noble Contests, Armed Warriors, Herds of Elephants, Droves of Camels, Multitudes of People.

An Entire Menagerie of Trained Animals!
Everybody delighted and awed by the magnitude and exteent of these truly Colossal Shows.
Two Performances Every Day, 2 and 8 PM
Doors open an hour earlier.
Admission, 50 Cts. Children under 9 years, 25 Cts.
All tents remain up until 9 o'clock at night.
MONSTER NEW STREET PARADE,
Rain or Shine, at 9 a. m. on the day of the show.
Route as follows: Broadway, across bridge to Summit, to Monroe, to Ist, to Adams, to Superior, to Locust, to summit, to Broadway, to Show Grounds.
Reserved seats can be had at the regular price and admission tickets at the usual advance at the Boody House Drug Store.
Low Excursion Rates on all Railroads.
Will Exhibit in Defiance, Aug. 14.

THE ONLY REMEDY OF ITS KIND:
DR. C. ANDERS' DIFFUSIBLE TONIC
ALL FEVERS
Breaks up Colds and LaGrippe at one sitting with 2 bottles. Sold by Druggist trade supplied by W., K. & M., Wh., Dg's cedo.

A. FORD
Manufacturer of and dealer in
STIFF AND SILK
HATS!
Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.
Repairing of all kinds of Hats a Specialty.
208 Summit Street.

ANOTHER DRIVE
$2.45
Buys a Three Panel Screen!
Five Feet High, SOLID OAK, Filled Complete.
SEE THEM.
$2.45
BRIGGS & LEIBIUS, 307 SUMMIT ST.

SHOES AND SLIPPERS!
MID-SUMMER
CLEARANCE SALE!
All our Fine and Medium Goods at and below Cost to make room for
FALL SHOES.
DON'T MISS THIS SALE.
L. STRASBURGER,
341 Summit Street.

Notice to Stockholders.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo and Island Steamboat Company, at the office of Messrs. Swayne, Swayne & Hayes, on Friday, Sept. 11, 1891, at 4:00 p. m., for the purpose of action on the question of issuing bonds of said company to the amount of sixty-five thousand dollars (65,000), and securing the same by a mortgage or deed of trust on the property of said company.

S. C. REYNOLDS, President.
N. H. SWAYNE, Secretary.
aug7 to sept4

Notice.

Notice is hereby given, that the undersigned has this day filed in the probate court of Lucas county, Ohio, his petition praying for an order authorizing him to sell or otherwise dispose of a certain promissory note belonging to the estate of John L. Brown, deceased, which accrued in the life time of said decedent, and which has become desperate.

Said promissory note is signed by Amelia J. Brown; is dated December 4, 1885, and is for the sum of $2.0, with 7 per cent interest.

Said petition will be for hearing on the 18th day of August, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m.

Toledo, O., July 23, 1891.

JOSEPH A. BROWN,
Administrator of the estate of John L. Brown deceased.
1st pub fri jy 24,31 last aug 7

$3.00 PER DOZ.
Our Fine Cabinets!
For School Children during Vacation (July and August).
Do not Miss this Offer. It may never be made again.
Van Loo & Trost
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
328 SUMMIT STREET.

WASHBURN
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
Its volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST

BUY A COONEY BUGGY
More Buggy for the Money than any Place in the State.
M. J. COONEY & CO.
HURON AND CHERRY STREETS, TOLEDO.

DO YOU SMOKE?
"Yes, when I can get an El Fronda Cigar. It is the best brand made—long Havana filler with a selected Sumatra wrapper. I have never smoked anything better."
Trade Supplied by Berdan & Co.

READ THIS
IN ORDER TO INTRODUCE
THE IMPROVED STONE WRINGER
We will sell one dozen of them at one-half regular price. Cut out this notice and bring with you. Wringer fully guaranteed. Money refunded if wringer is not satisfactory.
HOOD BROS. CO., 616 ADAMS STREET.

Ely's Cream Balm For
CATARRH
THE POSITIVE CURE.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York. Price 50 cts.
CURE FOR CATARRH SOLD IN HEAD
HAY FEVER
ELY'S CREAM BALM

The Bee

BY THE TOLEDO BEE CO

ELMER WHITE, G. G HADLEY, F. P. CHAPIN

ESTABLISHED 1876.

The BEE absorbed—
Daily and Weekly Times, February 15, 1881.
Daily and Weekly Post, February 25, 1886.

ONLY 15 years old, and the leading paper of Northwestern Ohio. It is the pioneer low priced paper, is *always* for the people and is read by the great masses. For these reasons THE BEE has always enjoyed the largest circulation, and is consequently the best advertising medium.

OFFICE 136 AND 138 ST. CLAIR ST.

THE BEE is regularly placed on file and may be seen at the BEE'S New York Office, Room 206 Potter Building, opposite Postoffice, New York City.

TOLEDO, OHIO, AUGUST 7, 1891.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
JAMES E. CAMPBELL, Butler County.
For Lieutenant Governor,
W. V. MARQUIS, Logan County.
For Auditor of State,
T. E. PECKINPAUGH, Wayne County.
For Attorney General,
JOHN P. BAILEY, Putnam County.
For State Treasurer,
C. F. ACKERMAN, Richland County.
For Judge of Supreme Court,
GUSTAVUS H. WALD, Hamilton County.
For Commissioner of the Public Schools,
CHARLES C. MILLER, Erie County.
For Member Board of Public Works,
JOHN N. C. AMARA, Summit County.
For Food and Dairy Commissioner,
A. J. TRUMBO, Lawrence County.

Those who best know Dr. C. B. Chesher are not surprised that he is removed from the superintendency of the Newburg asylum. It was surprising that he ever was appointed.

The reports of the famine in India are appalling. The deaths of men and beasts from starvation, the subsistence of thousands on insufficient and unfit food, the intensity of the unprecedented heat which is parching the land, all indicate that pestilence will follow.

The appropriations to carry on the rehabilitation of the United States navy will be made by the Fifty-second congress. Speculations to the contrary are idle. The work so well begun under Secretary Whitney, during Cleveland's administration, will be continued.

The prorogation of the British parliament is immediately followed by speculation upon the complexion of the next session. There will be no general election before then, but the by-elections already held have been with surprising results. In England as in the states politics is always at the front, which would be all right were politics "the science of government," anywhere outside of the dictionary.

A new, and a splendid, superintendent has been appointed for the Cleveland Insane asylum—Dr. H. C. Eyman, who has been assistant superintendent of the Toledo asylum ever since its establishment. The Bee congratulates the trustees upon their wise selection. They and the state will find the Doctor to be a highly accomplished gentleman, a thorough physician, a man of executive force and an expert in insanity. What is done should have been done when the board elected Dr. Chesher, the man who is now dismissed for cause.

By the action of the encampment of the Grand Army yesterday, it is decided that colored posts must be recognized and admitted to full rights in the department of Louisiana and Mississippi. The minority report to the contrary had warm support, but was lost on a vote. The effect on the organization remains to be seen. The spokesmen of the white posts in this department say they will surrender their charters sooner than be dominated by the outnumbering membership of the black posts. If they correctly represent their constituency this question will come up again.

So John Seitz, political farmer, of Venice township, Seneca county, is the nominee of the people's party for governor of Ohio. Well, it must be conceded that John is a persistent fellow, in office seeking. He has knocked around political caucuses about thirty years, and long ago was honored by the local democracy of Seneca, Crawford and Wyandot counties by being sent to the state senate. That swelled him to greater proportions than his faithful party, and ever since he has endeavored to build a new party for his especial godship. As a leader he cuts a poor figure and the new party made the worst possible nomination under the circumstances. Seitz will not enthuse the farmers nor command their support.

The people's party of Ohio can now be judged by the platform on which it goes before the voters of the state asking their suffrage. It is a very heterogeneous document, as might have been expected from a body representing so many diversified interests. In its demand for the abolition of the national banking system may be recognized the hand of the old-time greenbacker, though that is also one of the demands of the Knights of Labor. From the platform of the latter organization is taken the new party planks concerning convict labor, child labor, school books, alien ownership of land, graduated income tax, government ownership of railroads and telegraphs. The liquor plank, which was avoided by shunting it on to the national committee, is taken bodily from the Nationalists, and is a pet hobby of the Bellamyites. The ladies in the new movement—God bless 'em!—received recognition in the "everybody a voter" plank. This endeavor to please everybody, the mistake of a new and unassimilated party, has resulted in the indorsement of such a variety of things that everybody will be dissatisfied with the result. The ticket is very weak in all its nominations, and the people's party movement in Ohio, so far as the state ticket is concerned, has died a bornin'.

DRAWN CITYWARD.

The tendency of population to concentrate in cities is one of the unhealthy signs of the times. The country is being constantly drained, to its detriment, by loss of country-born children, who as soon as they reach young manhood or young womanhood turn from rural life and take their chances in the cities, often to their detriment. This has been commented upon, philosophized over, and deplored, yet the exodus from country to town continues unchecked; continues, indeed, to increase. The late census gives some figures which demonstrate this. When the first United States census was taken the proportion of city inhabitants to population was only 3.35. In 1880 it was 22.57; in 1890 it was 29.12. There are now 443 towns and cities with a population of over 8,000; in 1880 there were only 286.

How serious to the country this loss may be has lately been emphasized in the returns on a school census in a district in Connecticut, by which it was shown that no child had been born in the district in the last nine years. How serious to the city is this constant influx of bread-seekers or fortune-seekers may not be so easy of demonstration. These centers of population have a wonderful power of assimilating everything. Yet it will hardly be doubted that the large army of unemployed which at certain times of the year is such a problem in cities and towns receives a great proportion of its recruits from the country. When winter finds a quarter of a million of men and women on the verge of starvation and without means of earning a subsistence in the two cities of New York and Chicago alone, it cannot be denied the cities would be better off without them, and that, if there is a place for them and a need of them in the country they would be incalculably better off to be there.

In a country which is still uncrowded in its rural districts, as is the United States as compared with older countries, it may be assumed without argument that the choice of urban life and occupation rather than farm life and occupation is deliberate choice and not from necessity.

Reasons for the choice are glibly given that do not, upon investigation, prove sufficient. It is said that young men do not stay upon the farm because they see no future except that of farm laborer or tenant farmer. But the farms of the New England states have been family possessions for generations; yet now the sons of owners leave them. It is said the farmer's life is hard, his work unceasing, his profits small or none. So is the life of the mechanic, so is all regular labor hard, and its rewards not greater than those from the tilling of the soil.

In country work three things are assured, plenty of food, shelter and sufficient clothing. These fundamental needs are always satisfied for men sound in mind and body and reasonably industrious, who remain in the country the year round. Can they be assured of as much when they turn to the city for subsistence? Clerking was once the future to which the farmer's boy looked with longing eyes. To wear store-clothes and a stove-pipe hat, to learn city ways, one day to carry on a city business himself, was his ambitious dream. But small establishments of business are fewer every year, and the competition of women and girls for clerkships has overcrowded the first steps in the way of his realizing that ambition. Machines take the place of men in the great manufacturing industries, and the farm-born and farm-bred lad who comes to the city for work finds himself in competition with skilled artisans of both sexes, who keep him out of remunerative occupation. Still these chances are taken, and the cities are yearly glutted with the labor for want of which the farm runs down or fails to reach the limit of its possible and desirable productiveness. What is the reason and the remedy?

Is it not true that the great attraction toward city life is its social features, its amusements and its entertainments? Are not the best minds among those who reject rural life determined in their choice by these and by the yet higher attractions of libraries, art galleries, lectures, and all those things which cities abundantly furnish for the cultivation of the intellect? It is written: "The life is more than the food and the body than the raiment." Farm life is made, and has always been made, too material. The intellect starves and the higher sensibilities are cruelly crushed and dwarfed. There are too many farm homes where the physical needs are alone provided for, while in the villages in which the farm roads center little is sold but codfish and nothing circulates free except gossip. It is the unnecessary barrenness and monotony of this life upon the farm, and not the work itself, nor the remuneration for it, that drives away the ardent young of each generation who feel within themselves an aspiration for something more and higher, and are determined to satisfy it even while they cannot understand it.

All that a city provides for amusement and instruction the farm and the farm village cannot secure. A great part of it, and that the more essential things, is within the reach of those who dwell in the country. And rural life must be rounded out by these now common accessories to life in cities before it can hold its own. To be happier is the lodestone that draws the young to the cities. Make them happy on the farm, to keep them there.

Gen. Hurst's long-cherished ambition to be commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic is still a barren ideality. The chill with which his name as a nominee was greeted yesterday warned him to get out of the way of the band wagon, and so he withdrew in favor of the man whose election was assured. The Ohio man is sharp if he isn't always lucky.

Governor Russell has appointed two "clothing inspectors." When he said the sweating system must go in Massachusetts he seems to have meant it.

Too Handy With His Pistol.

Birmingham, Ala., Aug. 7.—On Wednesday night, near Marion, Dr. G. B. Crowe shot and fatally wounded a negro named Frank. The negro had driven Dr. Wilkerson to see a patient whom Dr. Crowe was attending and went to sleep in the carriage at the gate. Dr. Crowe went out to ask him to have some supper. The negro was startled and pulled a pistol and fired at Dr. Crowe, who returned the fire, hitting the negro and wounding him fatally. A few weeks ago Dr. Crowe killed B. F. Glass, at Brierfield.

Be Refreshing.

Governor Campbell and Major McKinley have, it is claimed, agreed to run a campaign this fall free from personalities and that disgusting warfare of slander that we see so often. As has been wittily said, Campbell promises to tell nothing but the truth about McKinley, and McKinley will not give it away, although it be the truth, about Campbell. It is to be hoped that the plan can be fully carried out. It can injure neither candidate, and will certainly be a refresher for the people.—Bryan Press.

Everybody in Line.

Hon. Henry Bohl, of Marietta, is in the city on insurance business. Concerning the political campaign, he stated that before the convention he was for Neal, but that he now was for Campbell and would work for his election. He also said that Hon. Larry Neal would stump the state for Campbell.—Bucyrus Forum.

Represents a Principle.

But in this state Gov. James E. Campbell is to the front this year. Everyone should vote for him, not alone because he is one of our own but because he is a man who represents a great principle of vast interest to the American people.—Middletown Signal.

Convivial Souls.

Emperor William has ordered that the war dogs of fair envoys shall be shown every possible courtesy while in his domains. He recognizes in them convivial souls, to whom a monarch of his capacity for eating and drinking can not be indifferent.—Chicago Times.

A Democratic Bee.

The Toledo BEE is a bee that ought to be found in every well regulated democratic household.—Champagne County Democrat.

CRAZY MEN IN OFFICE.

Harrison's Latest Appointment Causes Comment.

George D. Carroll is Now in a Customs Inspector.

His Appointment Recalls His Downfall Under the Influence of Pretty Mrs. Fannie Stryker.

New York, Aug. 7.—The republican administration in Washington has begun to appoint crazy men to office, which fact must fill Billy Rider of St. Louis with disgust when he thinks of the alacrity with which Mr. Noble bounced him on learning his record.

George D. Carroll, who was for many years a member of the Union Square firm of Dempsy & Carroll, stationers to the uppertendom of New York, has just been appointed an inspector of customs at $4 a day. His appointment recalls the story of his blind devotion to Mrs. Fannie Stryker, the spook medium, who outdid Ann Odelia Diss DeBar in her audacity. Carroll lost his entire fortune in following the fantasies of this woman. Previous to meeting Mrs. Stryker, Carroll had built up a splendid reputation as a business man, prosperous and esteemed. The victims of the spiritualistic frauds are usually old men who have passed into that class known to the world as "has beens," but George D. Carroll was but 50 years old. Mrs. Stryker found Carroll's heart in mourning for a son, Clifford Carroll, who had died, and upon this gentle emotion of a father's heart she played. She brought father and son together.

They met apparently by chance. She stopped him one day as he was walking down Broadway. He was 45 then, she only 30 years old. Her cheeks were pink and full, her hair dark and wavy, and her eyes black, with long, dark lashes and arched brows. Raising an alabaster hand, the spook priestess pointed into space and said dramatically:

"I see the spirit of your son over your head. He is speaking to you. He calls you 'pop' and says, 'Pop, why don't you listen to me?'"

After that Mr. Carroll visited her in Brooklyn as an "investigator." This was the beginning of his financial downfall. He found her in shabby rooms. Her husband was a porter in a dry goods store. Carroll became a devotee at once, and the fascinating medium waxed prosperous. She took sumptuous apartments in Newport and "lived in the lap of luxury. She told Carroll that Clifford had his yacht, his pony and his dogs in heaven, and Carroll sent large sums of money to him through the fair priestess.

One day she told the poor father in a delicious ecstacy that Clifford was in love with a divine spirit named "Bright Eyes," and that they would be married over Jordan in a year. Preposterous preparations were made by Carroll fo this heavenly event. He got out an invitation reading as follows:

MR GEORGE D CARR LL
Requests the pleasure of your presence at the marriage of his son,
CLIFFORD MANSFIELD
TO
BRIGHT EYES.
On the evening of December 9, 1884, at 119 East Twenty-eighth street,
At 7:30 o'clock

There was a floral wedding-bell and an elegant collation prepared for the guests from this world and the next—and Carroll, poor fellow, paid the bill. A year later the climax was capped when a spirit baby was born to Clifford and "Bright Eyes," and it was not till the beginning of last year that the whole story came out. Meanwhile Mrs. Carroll, who was wealthy in her own right, had been consigned to a lunatic asylum and Carroll had had himself appointed her guardian. About this time, also, his partners grew tired of his eccentricities and heavy draughts on the firm's resources and forced him out.

Now Carroll turns up as a successful applicant to a small-salaried position in the customs service. Ten years ago he was reputed to be worth nearly $250,000. To-day he is penniless, and it is said that a large part of his wife's fortune has also been squandered on spiritualism.

Bluff Is Cheap.

McKinley says he will be elected governor without any sort of doubt. That's just what Foraker said two years ago, but he got badly left all the same. Moral: Bluff is cheap, but it takes the ballots of a majority or plurality of the voters of Ohio to elect a governor.—Bellefontaine Examiner.

A Roaring Farce.

The "free Cuban sugar" with which we pay for a long list of tariff exemptions on the part of Cuba, was already on the McKinley bill before Mr. Harrison's Spanish treaty. The whole proceeding is much in the nature of a roaring farce.—Boston Globe.

Michigan's Thanks.

Michigan owes a great many thanks to its neighbor, Ohio, for the numbers that state sent to the parade. There was a little difference between that state and this territory back in '36; but it is wiped out now if it never was before.—Detroit Tribune.

Blaine Forced It.

McKinley did not want any of this free trade in his bill but Blaine forced it on him and smashed a nut in his efforts to get it in the bill.—Champagne Democrat.

Tax His Ingenuity.

It will tax Mr. McKinley's ingenuity to explain why the value of Ohio farm lands has fallen $57,000,000 in the last ten years.—N. Y. World.

Gov. Campbell's Hump.

Governor Campbell has got such a hump on himself that to all appearances he will win the race for governor of Ohio.—New Orleans Delta.

The Farmers Are All Right.

The Kentucky farmers are all right politically. So are the Iowa farmers. So they are north and south, east and west. Never fear the Farmers' movement. Fight the republican party.—St. Louis Republic.

Which Will It Be?

If Mr. McKinley wins in Ohio, will it be a triumph for tariff or a victory for reciprocity? And how much fresher will trade become when Mr. McKinley goes to Columbus?—Courier-Journal.

Little Ahead of Time.

It is tolerably safe to bet that Mr. Secretary Noble's days in the cabinet are numbered. The Washington correspondents are a little ahead of time, that's all.—Boston Herald.

At the Mercy of Connecticut.

The new reciprocity treaty will not reduce the price of Havana cigars. In this respect we are still at the mercy of Connecticut.—Washington Post.

Reed's Coats.

"A cheap coat makes a cheap man," says McKinley. How about Tom Reed and the pauper-made coats he brought into the country free of duty.—Bryan Democrat.

The Democratic Theory.

The democratic theory is that one man should not be taxed for the benefit of another—that one industry should not pay tribute to another industry.—Helena Herald.

Wapakoneta Items.

Wapakoneta, Aug. 7.—The Auglaize county teachers' institute will hold a two weeks' session, beginning August 16th, at the high school in Wapakoneta.

Chris Foos, a local ball player, has gone to Dayton and will be given a trial at short by the league team of that city.

Mayor Cartwell's proclamation, requiring dogs to be muzzled, is having the desired effect.

A number of local veterans attended the G. A. R. encampment at Detroit this week.

The Bellefontain ball team will cross bats with the Romans on Saturday.

A PIPE LINE SONG.

Mr. W. H. Maher Makes a Point Which Mr. Brown Corrects.

"Up on my street," said Wm. H. Maher "we had a concert last night, in the trench for the city gas pipe," and sang:

This is the line we long have sought
And mourned because we found it naught.

"At least 'naught' was the way I spelled it, but my pipe-line neighbors may spell it to suit themselves. I believe some of them are deriving amiable satisfaction from the fact that I shall have to pay more than they will, but I haven't got it clear in my mind yet as to whether the side of a lot is also the front or not. I will know more about it before I pay for it. But, of course, we are all overjoyed to see the lawns cut up between the sidewalk and the curb, and the roots of the shade trees slaughtered. Am I doing any kicking? Not I. I can take my medicine with as good grace as any pipe-liner can. As the poet of the Maumee, Clark Waggoner, has so beautifully said:

Laugh, and the trustees laugh with you,
Kick, but you're taxed just the same;
For the city pipe-line has been a gold mine
To the fellows that run the game."

Speaking on this subject, Mr. Clarence Brown said:

"Mr. Maher is mistaken in supposing he will be called upon to pay any of the cost of the line. If he wants the city's gas he will pay for it, and the proceeds will be turned in to help pay for the line; if he does not chose to take gas the line will not cost him a cent."

BRUTALITY ON SHIPBOARD.

A Sailor Dying from Wounds He Received.

A Brutal First Mate Came Near Making Good His Threat to Kill One of His Crew.

Bridgeport, Conn., Aug. 7.—Henry Shepard, a young colored man, lies at the point of death at the Emergency hospital, the result, he and two companions allege, of beatings inflicted by First Mate Vinton, of the schooner Hester Walters.

Shepard and two others shipped as green hands on the Hester Walters as it was leaving Norfolk, Va., two weeks ago, laden with lumber for the Swords Lumber company of this city. None of them had been to sea before, and expected to be shown what was required of them.

The first mate, they say, lost no opportunity to vent his wrath on the land lubbers. He issued his commands to them in the sailor vernacular, and the puzzled expression on the faces of the green hands seemed to make him furious.

He would then knock them down with a belaying pin or whatever else was handy and kick them all over the deck. They lived in constant dread during the entire trip, and all of them expected to die before reaching the city.

"You'll be dead niggers before we reach Bridgeport," Vinton frequently said and they believed him.

The climax was reached when the schooner was near the Bridgeport Light last evening. Shepard was ordered by the mate to fix the rigging in some manner. He had no idea what was required of him, but he had been knocked down so often for staring at the mate that he dared not repeat the performance. Not knowing what he was really doing and anxious to avoid punishment he sprang forward and grasped the first rope he could reach.

It was the wrong one. With a muttered curse the mate grasped a belaying pin and struck Shepard. This was all the lad remembered, but his companions say that the mate struck him several times. They cared for him during the night and this morning the ambulance was summoned to Sword's lumber yard and Shepard was taken to the hospital.

When the boat passed through the railroad bridge this morning a crowd of people saw Shepard's companions holding him between them on the deck. He was covered with blood and his condition called forth many strong comments.

Vinton was arrested, and he claimed that Shepard was subject to fits and that he had not illtreated him.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

The New Postal Directory.

To the Editor: The new city directory is said to contain a little less than 42,000 names. That is less than one-half of the city's population. It is believed that at least 25,000 persons whose names do not appear in the city directory receive mail through this office. In making up the city directory no attempt is made to give the names of married women, sons or daughters, and but few of those in domestic service are placed therein.

For the purpose of increasing the efficiency of this office, and for its exclusive use, I now propose to make a directory, containing the names of all persons in the city likely to receive mail. In doing so I ask the aid of the Bee, and of all citizens. The carriers will call at every house and apartment within their respective deliveries, with slips prepared for entering thereon the names of every person likely to receive mail therein. If the people will assist in this by getting and having the full names of each person residing at or getting mail at such residences, they will greatly facilitate this work.

Do not give initials, but full names.

Do not write Mrs. John Smith, but Mrs. Eliza Smith. Let the husband's name represent him, and the wife's name represent her.

Do not forget the names of boarders or lodgers, but take pains to inquire for and obtain their full names.

When this directory is complete, there will be but little excuse for failure to promptly deliver mail. Thanking the Bee for its uniform consideration of the interests of the postal service, I am

Yours truly,
JAMES M. BROWN.

NEW YORK PROHIBS.

They Will Name a Full State Ticket.

Demorest and Powell are Mentioned as Possible Candidates for Governor.

Elmira, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Chairman F. B. Baldwin, of the prohibition state committee, says a full state ticket will be nominated at the state convention, which is to be held at Albany on September 2. Wm. S. Warewell, W. Jennings Demorest, of New York City, and W. S. Powell, a wealthy farmer of Columbia county are mentioned as possible candidates for governor. Chairman Baldwin says the prohibitionists will poll 40,000 in this state this fall.

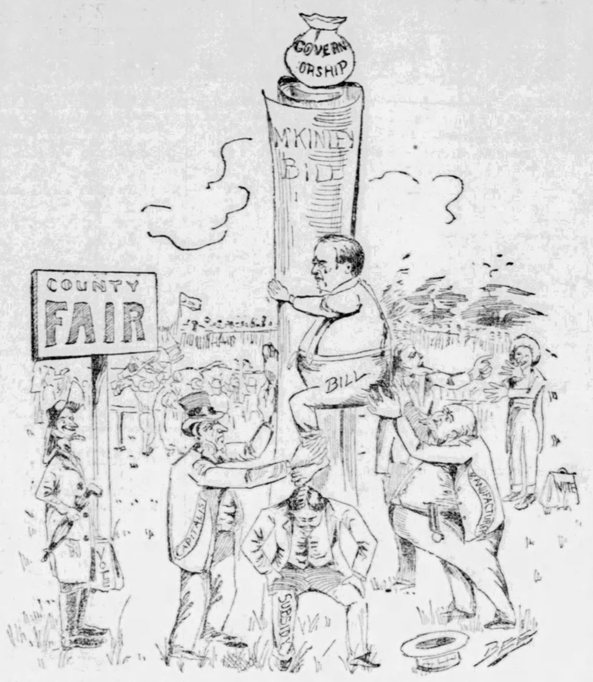
THERE MUST BE A DIVIDE.

Or Labor Day May Not Be Celebrated in a Hearty Spirit.

There is trouble between the Building Trades council and the Central Labor union over the arrangements for Labor day. It appears that the Central Labor union started the movement and is, of course, desirous of reaping all the rewards and benefits attendant upon the celebration. The Building Trades council asks that it receive a share of the proceeds of the picnic and this the Central Labor union is averse to doing. The Building Trades is composed of some fifteen trade unions, and should the divergence of opinion continue, the parade will not be as an imposing demonstration as was anticipated.

At the meeting of the Plumbers' union held last evening it was decided to postpone arrangements for Labor day until this matter had been settled one way or another. It is to be hoped that the amicable adjustment of the difficulties can be reached.

THE POLITICAL CIRCUS.



Tin-Plate William is having a hard time climbing the Greased Pole.

BIG DAY FOR FISHERMEN.

A Hundred Acres Alive With Beauties.

The Water Drawn from a Mountain Lake and the Campers Have a Royal Time.

Morristown, N. J., Aug. 7.—On the extreme top of the mountain at a point about midway between Lake Hopatcong and Columbia valley, was a body of water covering over 100 acres.

It was called Bear pond, and used as a storage reservoir by the Morris canal.

It was also prized highly by local fishermen, who for years have pitched their tents on its shores and fished for weeks at a time.

The usual complement of Morristown people with their families and friends went there this season.

They witnessed the wholesale slaughter that ruined their favorite sport for the time being, to such an extent as to cause them to break up camp and return home considerably disappointed, not so much at their lack of success in making a good catch, but at the way they caught their fish.

The owners of Bear pond contemplated making repairs to the dam. They drew off the water as low as was deemed proper to still preserve the fish.

But some one raised the stopgate and all the water was drawn off except enough to cover an acre out of the 100 acres.

This was literally alive with fish. Great numbers passed out under the open gate. They fell on the rocks beneath and were killed.

At an early hour the state of affairs was discovered, and a scramble among the campers and natives for fish ensued.

Soon there were 50 men floundering in the muddy water and over the rocks armed with spears, landing-nets, scoop nets, baskets and clubs. Some caught the fish with their hands.

Occasionally a huge eel was sighted, and then the scene was indescribable. There was a rivalry among the campers and the "mountainers" as to their "grip" or power to hold the mammoth eels with their hands.

Ten or a dozen men would be after an eel at once, grabbing at it, only to let it slip, all shouting and floundering in the mud.

The water averaged 20 fish at least to the cubic foot, most of them being fine specimens of pickerel and bass, some weighing five or six pounds.

The fish were drawn away in wagons, with the exception of those that came to Morristown.

One good-natured farmer went out among his neighbors with a load of the fish. At each house he took his scoop-shovel and threw two or three shovelfuls in the dooryard.

A man in the water with a ball net would scoop it half way around him and get lots of fish. He would then pick out those that suited his fancy, throw the others back and try it again.

A man with a club would strike at a bog bass, send it down in the mud a foot or more, and then hunt it with his hand.

There were to be had for the picking up some of the largest black bass, pickerel, eels, catfish, perch and sunfish to be found in any of the New Jersey lakes, not excepting Lake Hopatcong, which is but half a mile distant from Bear pond.

There were tons and tons of good fish thus destroyed in one day. And this is how it happened that Morristown will not soon be struck with a fish famine.

The Morris and Essex Canal company, however, are after the man who raised the flood gate, not because of the fish destroyed, but for the loss of 99 acres of water at the season when their water is the scarcest. Their loss is serious from a monetary standpoint.

ANOTHER SYNDICATE

For the Purpose of Piping the City—The Plan as Laid Down.

A movement is on foot to organize a syndicate with a working capital of $250,000 for the purpose of piping the city.

"We are meeting with considerable success," said one of the projectors to a Bee to-day. "Our plan is to get interested parties who will put up anywhere from $2,000 to $25,000. If we succeed we will be able to make a bid on a cash basis and at 15 per cent. less than the bid of Parks Foster & Co."

Quite a number of local capitalists are already in it, as it promises to pan out all right.

THE LOTTERY AN ISSUE.

An Interesting Campaign Promised in Louisiana.

The Farmers and Anti-Lottery People Unite on a Full State Ticket.

New Orleans, Aug. 7.—The conference between the Farmers' alliance and the anti-lottery democrats at Lafayette has resulted in an agreement by which a joint ticket will be nominated. The Farmers' alliance will name the governor, treasurer and superintendent of public education, and the anti-lottery democrats the lieutenant-governor, auditor, attorney-general and secretary of state. These nominations are to be made by a convention elected by all the white voters who are opposed to the lottery, and afterward submitted to the democratic state convention. The alliance indorsed this agreement and at once nominated Thomas S. Adams, its president and state commissioner of agriculture, for governor. The campaign will be almost altogether on the lottery issue.

THE GALLANT NINETY-NINTH.

How the Remnant of Heroes Marched at Detroit.

The Ninety-ninth Ohio regiment was raised in Hancock, Allen, Van Wert and other counties in Northwestern Ohio, and was one of the bravest that was in the service.

It was at Detroit, and the Free Press says of it:

"One of the most touching sights in yesterday's great march of the Grand Army of the Republic was the passing of the survivors of the Ninety-ninth Ohio Regiment, bearing their old battle flags. There were but twenty or twenty-five of the brave fellows who made up what was here of the quota with which the famous company went to the front. The others were absent or dead. Many of them sleep on southern hillsides and on southern plains. Many have passed away since the war. But the little group of survivors proudly bore the poor relics of the brave flags that they bore into the battle. One of them consisted of a few shreds, and the other of a staff, the flag itself having been entirely shot away. There were not many dry eyes along the whole line of march as the little group passed on proudly bearing their precious rags. Every tear did honor to the one that shed it."

No braver band of patriotic sons or a more popular commander than Col. Bope served through the great war, and the honors showered upon them at Detroit were more than earned.

CLOTHED IN A COAT OF TAR.

A Washington Catholic Priest Humiliated.

Taken from His Bed at Night and Decorated by a Mob of Excited Citizens.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 7.—Father Quay, the Catholic priest of Snohomish, was tarred and feathered by a mob yesterday morning between 12 and 1 o'clock.

The citizens effected an entrance to his residence, dragged him from his bed, and applied a complete covering of tar and feather.

The priest fought desperately against his tormentors, but was finally overcome.

He is accused of immoral practices. It is stated he was removed from his charge at St. Thomas, N. D., for similar reasons.

ET LIT, ET PUNC, ET SERIAT.

Toledo Police on the Lookout for a Possible Millionaire.

The following self-explanatory letter was received at the police headquarters a few days ago. The police have been on the lookout for Kollik, but so far have been unable to locate him. How much Kollik is heir to is not known:

Detroit Mich., July 31—91.
to the
Superintendent of Police
Police Headquarters
Toledo Ohio

Dear Sir

To my best aknoledge there is a fellow in your City by the name of Joseph Kollik of whom I have no Address and there is some Money awaiting him here at my place which is due him from the estate of his late parents from Germany would you not kindly assist me in finding him. He is a man of abut 28 years of age about 5 feet 4 in. tall light hair small light mustache purely dressed looks like the average tramp large front teet which seldon ar cover het has one forefinger amputet at the second Joint and the midle finger krocket talks English with a German accent hysides his tongue is not fluent in talk With the hope that you will oblige me I am yours very respectfuily,

Joseph Skuirz
my Address
635 Alexandrine st,
Detroit Mich.

THE SILVER JUBILEE.

Commander Veazey's declaration in favor of a separate Grand Army jurisdiction for colored comrades has caused no little comment, coming, as it does, from a New England man.—Boston Globe.

The great parade of the Grand Army of the Republic was a striking illustration of the democracy of the American people. As in the pursuits of peace, so in the harsh concourse of war it falls to many to serve in the ranks, and to but few to attain to higher station.—Detroit Tribune.

The spectacle of an ex-President of the United States marching on foot in the ranks of the old soldiers at Detroit was something worth going all the way there to see. Small wonder that the crowd cheered the democratic performance.—Boston Herald.

The veterans turned out strong at Detroit. There were at least twenty-five thousand of them in line in yesterday's procession. Detroit is giving them a royal welcome. In every respect this is the greatest gathering of veterans since the war.—Mail and Express.

Such sights cause thousands to silently pledge anew their allegiance to the flag that we all love and would fight for. The G. A. R. veteran, in fighting for his country, won honors more sacred and more lasting than can be attained by any man chosen to accept the highest office within the gift of any people.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Grant and McClellan, Sheridan and Hancock, Meade and Thomas, Hooker and Burnside, and "Old Tecumseh" Sherman were not present on Tuesday to head the line of march and lend inspiration to the occasion. But their memories were a sacred theme around the camp fires of those who kept the flag above their heads and breasted on a thousand fields the iron storm of war.—Saginaw Courier Herald.

The veterans, 25,000 in number, marched in grand review beneath the admiring glances of 400,000 spectators. The banner of the republic beneath whose folds and in whose behalf the boys in blue fought so many battles, waved and fluttered above and around them. The bands played patriotic airs and the veterans vied with the populace in cheering the occasion, the flag, the union and themselves.—Rochester Herald.

SUPERINTENDENT EYMAN,

For By That Title He May Now Be Addressed.

Chosen to Manage the Cleveland Asylum for Insane—An Excellent Selection—Sketch of the Genial Doctor.

The rumpus at the Cleveland asylum came to a focus yesterday. The five trustees met in the afternoon and received a statement from Superintendent Chesher, in which he acknowledged having received various sums from friends of patients, but which he had expended for their benefit. The document was not satisfactory to the trustees, and in executive session the board requested Dr. Chesher's resignation, which he refused to present, and he was then removed.

An election for a successor followed, Dr. Eyman, of this city, being unanimously chosen. Dr. Eyman received the first news of his election from a Bee last evening, but later he was informed of the action of the board by Dr. Reilly, the acting superintendent, and by Trustee Waterman. To-day an official letter was received from President Paige.

Dr. Eyman was a candidate for the superintendency at the time Dr. Chesher was elected, but when the latter was chosen he paid no further attention to the matter. He was not aware of the meeting yesterday, and hence had no knowledge of what might happen. The position comes to him, therefore, without his seeking, and with the unanimous support of the trustees, as shown by their vote, he cannot fail to make a model superintendent.

Dr. H. C. Eyman, the new superintendent, is comparatively a young man, having been born near Lancaster, Fairfield county, just 35 years ago. His literary education was obtained in the Fairfield Union Academy, at Pleasantville, where he was a classmate of the present State School Commissioner, Hon. Charles C. Miller.

After leaving school, he studied medicine with Dr. Hamilton at Columbus, and later entered the Columbus Medical College, where he graduated in 1880. Dr. Eyman went to the practice of his

SUPERINTENDENT EYMAN.

profession at Tarleton, Pickaway county, but broke down in health and returned to Lancaster.

In 1884 he was appointed as assistant physician with Dr. A. B. Richardson, at the Athens asylum, when Hon. George Hoadly was Governor. He remained there three years, but was relieved under Foraker's reign, receiving a testimonial at the hands of the trustees and Governor Foraker that his work was satisfactory, he being removed solely for political reasons.

Before the completion of the Toledo asylum, Dr. Eyman was made assistant physician under Dr. Tobey, in 1887, and he has served in that capacity since. He prepared all the record books in the institution, and otherwise aided in giving the new asylum a good start.

Dr. Eyman is known as an untiring worker. Affable and genial, he makes and retains the friendship of all with whom he comes in contact. He is a general favorite at the asylum and in Toledo, and his departure will be deeply regretted. The Doctor also is a good Democrat.

Mrs. Eyman, the new matron, is an accomplished lady, and will be a valuable help to the doctor in his new field. Having been with her husband in his asylum appointments, she has acquired the necessary experience to make an intelligent matron. Mrs. Eyman has the tact and disposition needed in such an institution, and there will be no occasion for friends to be disappointed.

Dr. Eyman will assume the duties of superintendent as soon as it is possible for him to leave his present position.

HARVEST EXCURSIONS.

Turn Up Against the Chicago & Alton.

Widening the Breach Already Existing—Other Matters Relating to the Railroads.

Local passenger agents have received circulars from headquarters embracing instructions to sell tickets August 25 and September 29, for the harvest excursion to the west and south to points in the Western Traffic association territory at a rate of one and one-third fare for the round trip.

"Don't say anything about the rate," remarked a passenger agent, as he showed the circular to a Bee. The following pointed letter from General Passenger Agent Charlton, of the Alton, to Chairman Finley, explains the passenger agent's unusual remark:

"You and your association have carefully avoided placing the Chicago & Alton on a footing of equality with its competitors in the decision of the question of harvest excursion rates, and have just as carefully taken steps to place the Chicago & Alton on a footing of inequality in the territory east of the eastern boundary line of your association by aiding eastern boycotters against us, and have thus, individually and collectively, become parties to this illegal and un-American boycott. We, therefore, find it necessary to take independent action. Having been urged by public bodies and farmers of the west to make harvest excursions in the interest of western localities, we are unable to understand why you have elected to make one fare and a third instead of one fare. We are equally unable to understand why you have accepted only two of the three dates tendered by the Trans-Missouri association, and why you have excepted to some points to which you have been asked to sell these reduced rate tickets. For these excursions we shall make a rate of one fare for the round trip from all points on our lines, and shall add to that the rates tendered us by our connections from our terminals to all points beyond. In consequence of the boycott, and of your independent and adverse action which aids it, we find it necessary to make excursion rates of a single fare for the round trip between our terminal points. This, as you have already been advised, will necessarily be our policy in all cases in which you take action that knowingly exposes us to loss."

The dates fixed by the Alton for the harvest excursions are August 25, September 15 and 29.

Official Changes.

W. H. Baldwin, jr., the new general manager of the Flint & Pere Marquette road, is making the usual change in the service. The following has been announced: The office of assistant general manager, filled by David Edwards, is abolished; A. Fatriaree is appointed traffic manager in charge of all freight and passenger business; W. F. Potter is appointed general superintendent vice Stanford Keeler, resigned; E. M. Wratten is appointed superintendent of water lines, with headquarters at Luddington; T. J. Hatswell is appointed master mechanic, and George M. Brown superintendent of roadway and structures.

To Build the Road.

The executive officers of the Toledo, Walhonding Valley & Ohio road are now in session at Coshocton for the purpose of awarding the contract for building the road from Coshocton to Loudonville, a distance of 46 miles.

Wabash Earnings.

The following are the earnings of the Wabash for the month of July:

1891	$1,291,000
1890	1,116,000
Increase	$ 175,000

Cinders.

The Ann Arbor will be out with a new time table in a few days.

F. M. Caldwell, division passenger agent of the Erie, is in the city to-day.

General Passenger Agent Hall, of the Wheeling, has returned from Detroit.

F. E. Randall, traveling passenger agent of the Detroit & Cleveland Steam Navigation company, was in the city yesterday.

General Passenger Agent Eckstein, of the Wisconsin Central lines, has tendered his resignation, to take effect September 1. James C. Pond, assistant general ticket agent of the Northern Pacific, will succeed to the position.

IN THREE GREAT STATES.

OHIO.

Oil has been struck at Ironton.

Canton is flooded with lead nickles.

Homer Sell fell from a tree at Canton.

Ashland has a typhoid fever epidemic.

Massillon will pave its streets with firebrick.

Mansfield will have a big labor day celebration.

New tennis club has been organized at Norwalk.

Auglaize county will build a new infirmary building.

The Urbana camp meeting will remain open to August 17.

Burglars robbed the post-office at Farmersville last night.

Rudolph Keller, a prominent Attica merchant has failed.

Grasshoppers in Auglaize county are eating everything to be found.

Steubenville's school board is tearing the new school book law to pieces.

The annual three days' reunion of the Soldiers' Orphans' home at Xenia is being held.

Allen county has cause to be congratulated. It is out of debt and owes no man a cent.

Judge Pugh will rule on the Elliott motion for a new trial at Columbus to-morrow.

Governor Campbell will speak at the Crown City, W. Va., soldier's reunion August 14.

School architect is the name of a new office created by the Columbus board of education.

James Culp and wife, who have lived in Allen county for 46 years, celebrated their golden wedding recently.

Game Warden G. W. Hull has caused the arrest of ten young men at Beaver Dam for chasing squirrels out of season.

Erie county farmers will picnic at Ruggies Beach, August 15. Major McKinley and S. H. Ellis, master of Ohio grange, will be the orators.

The Mill Men's association and Lumber Dealers' association of

VAN NOORDEN'S CLOTHING SALE

CLOSES SATURDAY NIGHT. LAST CHANCE TO BUY AN ALL-WOOL SUIT AT $4.98

"WE ARE IN IT"

That is, in OUR NEW STORE with the

LATEST PATTERNS AND BEST DESIGNS!

—IN—

FURNITURE.

HILLEBRAND BROS.
635 SOUTH ST. CLAIR ST.

NOW IS THE TIME

TO INVEST IN

Furniture! Carpets! and Stoves!

At prices never heard of before. Improve the time.

Cash or Easy Payments.

JOHNSON BROS
ST. CLAIR, PERRY AND SUMMIT STS.
One block from Monroe St.

"THE SITTERLY"

Oyster and Chop House!

All kinds of Sea Food and Game in Season.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS AND ON TIME.

340 SUMMIT STREET,
Between Madison and Adams.
E. J. ROOT. J. E. KEARNS.

ASK YOUR GROCER

—FOR—

BRENZINGER'S

—"CHOICE"—

AND GENUINE

VIENNA :-: BREAD

Grand Central!

A First-Class Restaurant.
MEALS 25 CENTS.

503 Monroe St., cor. Market Space
HENRY WRITZEL, Propr.

BUY YOUR NEXT PAIR OF

:SHOES:

—AT—

Weber's Shoe Store, 837 Summit St.

C. A. Kirchmaier, Ph. C.
Chemist and Assayer!
Laboratory, 1316 Adams St.
PHONE 938.

JACOB GOGEL,
HORSE SHOEING

Wagon and Carriage Building and Repairing at Reasonable Prices.

340 SOUTH ERIE ST., COR. KRAUS.

"OAK RIDGE,"
GREEN SPRING, O.

Grounds and Spring unsurpassed. Excellent Cuisine, Passenger Elevator, Baths and experienced attendants. Medical Superintendent. Model Health Resort and Medical Sanitarium.
$12 to $21 Per Week.
KING & HOUSEL, Owners.

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ARCHITECTS,
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Fine Funeral Furnishings!
428 Summit St.
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C. A. SIPE
DENTIST.
601 Summit Street

Don't Get It Into Your Head

when you go by

MERRELL BROS.
At the corner of Monroe and Huron,

that they handle nothing but old traps.

If you want a vehicle of any description, go inside for it. A carload just received from the Buckeye Buggy Co., of Columbus.

These are the finest in the land but they have others at all prices.

COTOTURLEY'S
413 ADAMS STREET.

And Leave orders for

ICE CREAM and ICES.

Churches Furnished at Special Rates.

STORAGE
AND GENERAL TRUCKING.

Covered Vans for Furniture!
FREIGHT AND BAGGAGE
Delivered to and from Depots, or any part of the City.

The Moreton Truck and Storage Co.

C. H. MOORE
Manufacturer of
EDGE TOOLS!
AXES, KNIVES, MOULDING BITS, &c.
Tools Made to Order! Tools Repaired! Tools Ground!
No. 6 ST. CLAIR ST

HOTEL LAFAYETTE
CAPE MAY, N. J.

New management, elevator and all modern improvements. Apply to JOHN TRACY, Washington Hotel, Philadelphia, or Cape May.

The Mormon Elders' Book on Social Strength, mailed free to married men and women. F. B. Crouch, 302 Grand St., New York

Her Pity.

This is the room to which she came that day—
Came, when the dusk was falling cold and gray—
Came, with soft step, in delicate array.

And sat beside me in the firelight there:
And, like a rose of perfume rich and rare,
Thrilled with her sweetness the environing air.

We heard the grind of traffic in the street—
The clamorous calls—the sound of passing feet—
The wail of bells that in the twilight beat!

Then I knelt down, and dared to touch her hand—
Those slender fingers, and the shining band
Of happy gold wherewith her wrist was spanned;

O thought by which despair is half consoled!
That slender hand lay once within my hold,
And round my own I felt her fingers fold.

Her radiant beauty made my heart rejoice:
And then she spoke, and her low, pitying voice
Was like the soft, pathetic, tender noise

Of winds that come before a Summer rain:
Once leaped the blood in every clamorous vein—
Once leaped my heart, then, dumb stood still again.

—The Late Philip Bourke Marston, in the Independent.

BEESWAX.

The population of Paris is stated to be 2,260,945, or 162,024 less than it was five years ago.

Tolstoi writes best when sitting on his bed, his inkstand having been put on his ruffled pillow.

Florida has such a great number and variety of insects that every night seems to bring out a new species.

It is quite a fixed belief among the Russian peasantry that throwing the dead body of a drunkard into the river is sure to bring rain.

The water with which Alexandria Victoria Alberta Edwina Louise Lady Fife was christened was brought from the River Jordan by Prince George of Wales.

The most precious life in the world is that of Viscount Dudley, who has just been insured for £1,200,000. The Prince of Wales cannot get his life insured for more than £650,000.

Washington died shortly after 11 p. m. Saturday, December 14, 1799, the last year of the century, the last month of the year, the last day of the week, and within the last hour of the day.

The favorite page of the Crown Princess of Sweden is a little negro boy who was imported from Egypt. He is a pretty little fellow of 12 years and is dressed in a picturesque costume topped off with a diminutive red fez.

A recent invention of interest and value is a device for numbering sheets of paper as they are being manufactured. Watermark characters are pressed against the sheet of pulp, and the number is changed with each impression.

The tunnel that will connect Butler valley, Pa., with the bottom of the mammoth Ebervale vein will be one of the greatest engineering feats of the century. It will open an almost inexhaustible supply of coal, and will serve as a drain for all the collieries in that vicinity.

Prof. Barili, of Atlanta, a nephew of Adelina Patti, confides to his friends in the south the fact that during his recent visit to Craig-y-Nos he learned that the diva had made a will, in which he was placed on the same footing as the Nicolini children.

By a novel device heavy guns can now be aimed and fired with the greatest accuracy, without exposing the gunners and without their even seeing the object to be fired at. The principal used is that of so training the gun as to cause the object to be fired at to be reflected upon a screen at the rear of a gun.

Interesting experiments have been lately made upon the effects of giving cows hot water to drink instead of cold. The results are satisfactory. It has been proven that when the cows drink water at a temperature of 45° (centigrade) they yield one-third more milk than when they drink cold water.

Steam pipes have been made in England from the ramie fiber. This material is subjected to tremendous hydraulic pressure, and, having the property of being unaffected with moisture, will neither shrink nor swell, besides being a non-conductor of heat. The pipes are said to have a tensile strength twice that of steel pipes.

Considerable excitement was caused in Portland, Me., a few days since by the sudden appearance in the lower bay, near Long Island, of a school of several thousand mackerel of fair size, averaging what are technically known as Nos. 2 and 3. The appearance was so unexpected that there was no time to seine them, hand lines in small boats being used almost entirely. Perhaps 50 barrels in all were secured.

A peculiar case of increase in coal consumption is reported from France. An official engineer, having been called to investigate the cause of a considerable augmentation of the consuption of fuel by a large battery of boilers, discovered that the phenomenon was due to the presence of water in the smoke shaft. The measures which were taken to exclude the water have resulted in the saving of 16 per cent. in the annual coal bill.

The electric light which Sir E. Watkin intends to have fixed on the summit of Snowden is to be so powerful as to light up every crag and precipice of the great mountain, even in misty weather. Moonlight ascents of Snowden in summer are very popular, but one would expect that it would be as nothing compared to what ascents by electric light will be if Sir Edward is able to work out his scheme.

James Polk Abbott, who died at Bradford, Pa., the other day, was quite an afflicted mortal. He was 45 years old and from birth never knew what it was to stand on his feet. The bones of Mr. Abbott's legs contained no animal matter and were very brittle. One of them was broken 27 times, and the injury was as painful as a similar mishap to any other man. The deceased leaves a son, aged 16, who is similarly afflicted, and who had his leg broken 16 times.

As Mr. Alexander, an Oregon sheep raiser, was driving a herd of 10,000 mutton sheep through Klickitat county to the Sound market recently, a small canyon was reached which the herders did not see, and when the front sheep came to it the rear ones pushed them ahead until there was a bridge formed with the struggling and dying leaders. The rest of the band passed over and when the herders arrived they found 300 dead and dying sheep.

In Southern California jack rabbits are a pest and many plans have been tried to reduce the number. The latest scheme is for poisoning them, suggested by a citizen of Hanford. He cuts a watermelon in two and sprinkles strychnine over it, then smooths a knife over the sprinkled surface. This tends to send the poison through the fruit and the rabbit partaking of any part of the melon will surely die. By drawing a board or scantling through a field of alfalfa, thus breaking a road the rabbit will follow the trail, which, if supplied with poisoned melons, will result in death to all that eat.

A new use for foxes has been found in Sable Island, which has exemplified in its time several curious vicissitudes of animal population. The island is as overstocked with rabbits as New Zealand itself. These animals were introduced at the beginning of the century for the benefit of the life-saving staff which constitutes the whole population of that wreck-strewn island. Once the rabbits were destroyed by castaway rats, and again by a flock of Arctic owls. A third time the rabbits were introduced, and now have so increased that there will be no grass left for the cattle and ponies unless something is done. It has now been decided to import a number of foxes, with the hope that they will keep down or kill off the rabbits without themselves becoming a nuisance.

Some persons in Yorkshire found a toad which, from a whimsical curiosity, they placed in a pot with a slate upon the top of it, and buried it three feet in the earth, in a situation to prevent its receiving any moisture from the rains, etc. They wished thereby to determine whether the wonderful relations respecting the subsistence of that reptile were true to any degree. The spot was marked, and it was resolved not to open it until the same day in the following year. A great number assembled on that day, and the pot with its contents were carefully dug out, when the toad was found not only living, but greatly improved in size. It was viewed for some time, to observe whether it seemed affected by its exposure to the air after so long a confinement, but no change was discovered. It was afterwards set at liberty.

TESTING THE GAS WELLS.

Inspection Yesterday Afternoon Proves Satisfactory.

The Maumee Rolling Mills Secure Cheap Fuel.

Board of Natural Gas Trustees Hold an Interesting Session—President Parsons' Secret and How It Leaked.

When the matter of renewing the contract with the Maumee Rolling Mills came up for consideration a few days ago it was decided, in order to satisfy some of the members, to make a test of the wells with a view of ascertaining just how much gas was available.

Yesterday afternoon Superintendent O'Herron made the necessary test, and this is the result as reported by Dr. Jones at the meeting of the board last evening.

"I have been unable to get the data upon which I had calculated for computing the quantity of gas now furnished by the Stewartsville field. The daily report shows that for the last month some days only three wells were turned on to the line, some days four wells, and a few days five wells were used. I am informed that these were never allowed to flow full head into the line. When we consider that this is only one-sixth of the number of wells available in the Stewartsville field, and that the supply afforded by this number of wells has been ample for the consumption during the month, we have an estimate of the supply available.

The average pressure behind the regulator, when open to the supply of the city, has been about 150 pounds. That during the latter half of the past month the pressure has increased about 20 pounds from what it was during the first half of the month.

I had expected to have been able to give the volume and rock pressure of the Stewartsville wells, but failed owing to the short period (only 24 hours) allowed to obtain it.

Judging from the other facts in the case adduced, I am of opinion that we may safely calculate that there is yet sufficient supply of gas in the Stewartsville field to supply all the gas which the line will transport, which I think under present pressure will not be less than 30,000,000 cubic feet of gas per day, which may be increased by turning on new lines in other fields where the rock pressure equals the original sum in any field of the Ohio district, and in which we have several producing wells and a large amount of undeveloped territory.

I conclude, therefore, that we may safely rely upon having sufficient gas to supply the Maumee rolling mill for the coming year, besides such other consumption as citizens may ask for during the period named.

Dr. Jones further said his report was based on a test made that afternoon.

Superintendent O'Herron reported he had tested the wells in the afternoon and had found a surplus of 9,000,000 feet at Bowman street, and that 16 wells only of the Stuartville wells had been turned on.

Mr. Backus made the point that inasmuch as the contract with the Lafayette Construction company had never been executed that a resolution adopted at the previous meeting authorizing the company to go ahead with the construction was illegal. After some discussion it transpired the contract had been executed.

It was decided that when consumers desired to change from the Northwestern lines to the city mains that the change be made at the expense of the city.

Owing to the lack of the necessary money small bills were laid over.

Benj. Morrow, chairman of the Dayton investigation gas committee, wrote the board asking for facts and figures relative to the construction of Toledo's natural gas plant. It was referred to the manager.

Some time ago Kerlin Bros. were awarded a contract for constructing a line across the canal. It was necessary that the work be performed on Sunday and a special meeting of the board was called to ratify and execute the contract, which was for $275. There was not a quorum present and as it was necessary to start the work at once the manager authorized the contractor to go ahead. Last evening Superintendent O'Herron reported that the contract had been faithfully fulfilled, but notwithstanding this a recommendation to pay the amount was promptly laid on the table.

Mr. Rhine Opitz, chairman of the public school committee on fuel, addressed the board on the matter of free fuel. The school board, he said, would advance the money to lay the pipes, but thought the gas should be furnished free.

President Parsons said the same question came up when the water works board asked for gas. It resulted in the board paying one-half rates.

Mr. Opitz then asked what proposition the trustees were prepared to submit. The matter was referred to the committee on city plant.

A proposition from Kerlin Bros. to construct a three-inch line on Segur avenue at 38 cents a foot, was presented.

Mr. Backus made the point that it would be necessary to advertise, as the contract called for an outlay of over $500.

Mr. Backus moved that the proposition be referred to the manager.

Mr. Greene said the residents of the street had petitioned for gas, and they should be accommodated.

Dr. Hipp, who was present, said Mr. Kerlin's proposition was reasonable, and he, representing the residents, said they desired gas and were ready to advance the money to put down the line.

Dr. Jones favored granting the petition, and argued that the pipe should be laid.

Mr. Backus objected on the grounds that the board was not in a position to vote intelligently on the matter.

Gen. Greene said Dr. Hipp had, at the request of the board, secured a large number of consumers, and the matter should be promptly attended to.

Dr. Hipp said he had been told by Manager Tobey that if he secured the money the line would be laid. He didn't know if the board meant to carry out its part of the contract. It was being stated that the Northwestern purposed giving gas free sooner than allow the city to secure consumers.

A proposition to construct certain sections of pipe 1,776 feet on Maple avenue was received from Kerlin Bros., Groenwold & Son and Shaw, Kendall & Co., and referred.

The American Tube & Iron Co. wrote, accepting the contracts awarded them recently, and which were rejected by another firm.

A communication from the rolling mills setting forth the fact that the company had paid the board $4,269 since May 5 for gas, was read.

Secretary Brown said the three months contract had paid for the line and placed besides $1,200 in the treasury.

When the matter of making a contract with the Maumee rolling mills came up, Dr. Jones didn't know but it would be well to go into executive session.

Mr. Parsons thought it would be wise to consider it in open meeting.

Mr. Backus said the question before the board was the resolution presented at the last meeting making $1 a gross the rate.

Dr. Jones seconded the resolution.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Dr. Jones moved that the contract will be revokable at the pleasure of the board.

Mr. Backus did not see the necessity of the resolution, as the board had the right to revoke at will.

President Parsons said such a resolution would be very embarrassing to the board.

The motion was not seconded.

Mr. Greene moved that the contract be made for one year under the restrictions laid down by the board.

The motion carried and it was further agreed to make and sign the contract tomorrow.

Mr. Parsons said he had received a communication from a gentleman who suggested that the board go into executive session.

Mr. Backus opposed going into executive session.

The public should know just what was going on at all meetings.

The document was passed around the board. Mr. Backus read it only on condition that he should not be committed to keeping the subject a secret.

Mr. Backus, after reading the epistle, said there was nothing in it that citizens should not know.

Mr. Parsons said he would withdraw it.

Dr. Jones thought it should be considered in executive session.

Mr. Backus objected and Mr. Parsons said he would withdraw it.

Dr. Jones moved it be referred to the committee on prices.

Mr. Backus said if it was an open-handed proposition there would be no need for secrecy.

Mr. Parsons said he had not read it.

Mr. Backus replied it could not be referred unless made a matter of record.

Mr. Parsons said the gentleman who presented the proposition had requested that it be kept secret and he (Parsons) should withdraw it unless that was agreed to.

The proposition was finally placed on file, Mr. Backus stating it was then a public document.

It was hardly necessary for the board to go to all this trouble for they couldn't keep the matter secret if they tried. There was not a reporter in the room, but knew all about it five minutes after the board adjourned, and Mr. Backus did not give it away either.

It was simply a proposition from a party who proposes locating two 40-pot glass works in Toledo on conditions that gas be furnished at the same rate it has been given to the Toledo Window Glass company.

It was mutually agreed that no names should be used, though the names could be given if it were desirable.

UNION OF UNIONS.

Regular Monthly Meeting Held Yesterday.

Making Arrangements for the State Convention—Other Business Transacted.

The Union of Unions met yesterday afternoon at Warren African M. E. church and transacted considerable business, the principal part of which consisted of making arrangements for the state convention. The ladies were the guests of Ross union and the latter had charge of the devotional exercises and music.

The Lucas county executive board met first, with Mrs. Sumner, the county president, in the chair. A balance of $33.29 on hand was announced by the treasurer, Mrs. Leighton, and after some discussion it was decided to allow the superintendents of the different departments $3 for necessary expenses.

It was decided that a superintendent of railroad work is needed, and Mrs. Hine, of Air Line Junction, was appointed to that department. Miss Frederick was appointed to look after the W. C. T. U. work among the foreign element of the city.

In the matter of placing a Lucas county tablet in the temperance temple at Chicago, it was decided to call upon each of the unions to contribute $5, and a committee consisting of the president and two ladies was appointed to look after this.

The business of the executive board finished, the union came to order, and a report was heard from Mrs. Southland, chairman of the committee on entertainment for the convention. Three unions will have charge of the lunch each of the three days, and each union will appoint a committee of two ladies to look after their part of the work. A resolution was adopted asking for the use of the First Congregational church parlors to serve the lunch in.

The work of decorating the church and furnishing the music was turned over to the Ys, who will have full charge. The work of furnishing badges was placed in the hands of Mrs. Clark.

When the matter of a press committee came up, Mrs. Louise Eck took occasion to score the newspapers and claimed that they did not print correct reports of their meetings. Therefore she thought the reporters should be left to look out for themselves during the convention.

Some of the cooler headed ladies suggested that if the press was given better opportunities for making reports their accounts would be better, and a press committee was apointed, consisting of Mrs. Dutton, Mrs. Hitchens and Mrs. Nichols.

An appeal was made from the Clerks' Mutual Protective union asking for support in the early closing movement.

Thereupon the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the union of unions of the W. C. T. U. cordially indorse the Clerks' Mutual Protective union in their early closing movement, and will assist them to make it a success.

The ladies decided that in order to back this resolution they will not go shopping after 6 o'clock and will not patronize merchants who do not close early.

Woe to the Conquered.

The Romans cried "VAE VICTIS!" "Woe to the conquered!" at their triumphs. To-day many of us are being conquered—our peace, our rest and daily appetite wrested from us by that invader of the stomach, dyspepsia. Succor we sue for from a hundred sources. Temporary relief we sometimes obtain. But a hearty meal, the simplest indiscretion in diet, and the Protean imp returns with redoubled vigor to torment us. A persistent use of the great anti-dyspeptic and regulating tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, is best calculated to drive into permanent banishment every form of indigestion, temporary or chronic. No less efficacious is it for malaria, biliousness, constipation, rheumatism, kidney and bladder ailments. This remedy of specific utility and many uses overcomes them all. 'Tis a safeguard, too, against the effects of temperature apt to revive an attack of "La Grippe."

Sixty Years' Bondage.

ALLENDALE, ILL., June 20, 1890

Dr. J. W. Bergen, Petersburg, Ind.:

DEAR SIR—I have been afflicted with asthma over sixty years, and have tried everything for it and for over nine months I had two doctors waiting on me, and they both gave me up to die. I commenced taking Dr. J. W. Bergen's Asthma Cure, and have taken three bottles of it and I am better than I have been for fifty years. I am able to do my own work, and can give the medicine great praise, and wish every one who is afflicted with that awful disease would give it a trial. Yours truly,

MRS. MARY HUNTER.

FOR SALE BY
THOS. VANSTONE.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

PURIFIES AS WELL AS Beautifies THE SKIN. Another cosmetic will do it.

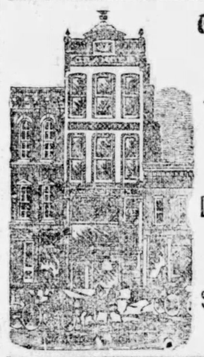
Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of forty years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Ac. Counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayer said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canadas and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Jones St., N. Y.

TO WEAK MEN Suffering from the effects of youthful errors early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

Perhaps I AM Speaking to You

Persons,

who intend leaving home on business or for pleasure for few days, weeks or months this summer, should have the BEE regularly mailed to them! The address can be changed as often as desired and no extra charge for mailing the papers. HAVE THE BEE WITH YOU EVERY DAY when you are away from home.



GRANGER THE IMPORTING TAILOR AND DRAPER 105 SUMMIT ST.

STOP.

HAVE YOU THE CATARRH?

If you have, use the WHITE INDIAN CATARRH CURE

IT WILL CURE YOU.

It has cured and will cure when all other medicines failed. It is warranted.

Manufactured by
J. H. Andrews, M. D., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by all druggists.

Price, 75 cts. per bottle.

L. H. MEINERT
501—SUMMIT ST.—505

We make the following flavors in Ice Creams and Ices:

ICE CREAMS.	ICES.
Vanilla.	Lemon.
Chocolate.	Orange Flower.
Coffee.	Peach.
Strawberry.	Pine Apple.
Raspberry.	Raspberry.
Pistache.	Strawberry.
Hazelnut.	Maraschino.
Tutti Frutti.	Tutti Frutti.
Nesselrode.	Apricot.
Maraschino.	Coffee.
	Cherry.

Roman Punch and Biscuit Glacee. Charlotte de Russe, in individual forms, either in paper case or in mould.

Delivered promptly to all parts of the city shipped to surrounding towns.

The EVERETT PIANO

Mason & Hamlin, Clough & Warren.

PETER McCORMICK
414 ADAMS STREET.

HAVE YOU TRIED —THE— BEST FLOUR MADE?

Geo. Miller & Son, Toledo Agts.

FOR SUMMER SUITS

—GO TO—

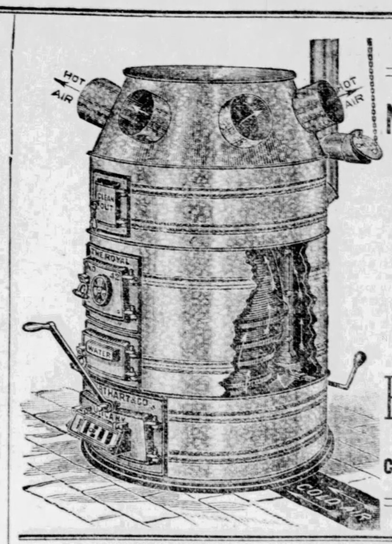
W. G. SCHILL & CO.
130 SUPERIOR ST.

ESTABLISHED 1863.

A valuable PRIVATE MEDICAL WORK sent FREE (sealed) to the unfortunate, for home-cure of Night Emissions, pimples, lost power, vital urinary drain, emaciation and other vital evils of YOUTHFUL ERROR, and all forms of PRIVATE DISEASES. Address DR. CLEGG, CLEVELAND, O.

TAIT'S BREAD

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR IT



Now Is Your Time!

To change from stove to furnace heat—the only proper way to heat your house.

Do not depend upon a guarantee, which the most inexperienced will furnish, but give it to some one whose reputation is a guarantee that you will not have to freeze next winter. Address

E. A. EVERSMAN
HARDWARE,
Cor. Broadway & Logan St.

SEND FOR OUR ART CATALOGUE.

The Chapman Hardware Co.,
515-517 ADAMS STREET.

PROF. CHAMBERS & CO.'S
—ELECTRIC—
MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE
PERMANENTLY LOCATED AT
702 Madison St., Toledo, O.

All Private, Nervous and Chronic Diseases Treated with skill and success. Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Liver and Kidney troubles speedily cured by new and improved methods. Syphilis, Scrofula and all Blood and Skin Diseases effectually eradicated. Nervous Debility and all forms of Female Diseases and Weaknesses promptly and permanently cured. Prof. Chambers' success is due to the use of ELECTRICITY alone directed to patients with his Electric Magnates and Appliances, invented by him and used only in our Institutes. Hence do not be misled by others claiming to give the same treatment. A faculty of regularly graduated physicians in attendance. All forms of treatment combined, viz: Electricity, Medicines, Baths, etc. Send for Health Journal and Question Blanks, (either for ladies or gentlemen).

FREE:—Consultation, Examination and Electrical Treatment.

Office hours are from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays 9 a. m. to 1 p. m. Correspondence strictly confidential. Address all communications to PROF. CHAMBERS & CO., 702 Madison St., Toledo, O.

BOUND TO GET TO THE TOP.

CAPITOL CIGARS!

THE GREAT 10c LEADERS—THREE FOR 25c.

The Purest Cigar Made!

SMOKERS.

You have doubtless experimented with many cigars; some gave you more satisfaction than others, because purer; but all left more or less of an "aching void" that nothing could satisfy. You have been smoking highly flavored and otherwise imperfectly treated cigars—not the pure weed with its natural aroma and satisfying principle. Smoke Capitol Cigars and realize your past folly.

Berger, Burdick & Co., Mnfrs.,
Detroit and Charlotte, Mich.

When You Take That Trip!

You will need some Fishing Tackle. We have a complete line. Pocket Alcohol Stoves, Cork Screws and all the necessaries that go to complete your outfit.

THE WHITAKER AND KIRK HARDWARE CO.
210 SUMMIT STREET.

EAT Reception Flakes!

—MADE BY THE—

WORTS, KIRK & BIGELOW BAKERY.

GOOD NEWS FOR ALL

We carry the largest stock in the city for you to select from and all the latest designs from the best manufacturers are to be found in our ware room.

We sell bed room suits of 3 pieces from $15 to $25, and carpets of beautiful designs for 35c, 40c, 50c and 60c.

We have elegant Center Tables as low as $2.50 and $3.00. Baby Cabs at a great reduction. Bargains all through the stock.

We are going to close out this immense stock to make room for new purchases and shall keep the goods a moving. All will get bargains, Everyone wanting furniture will be sold cheap for cash, or on easy payments.

Don't fail to call at 434 Summit St.

OPEN EVENINGS. GOLDBERG & JACOBSON

OUR STOCK OF FURNITURE! MUST BE REDUCED

Call and see our prices on—Parlor Suits, all prices; Sideboards, antique oak and 16th century; Chamber Suits, very cheap; Fancy Rockers, large variety.

Young & Southard's, 172-174 Summit St.

The Air Line Junction

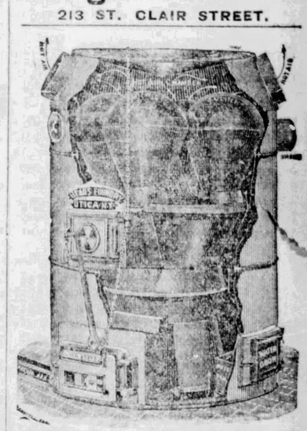
Never before in the history of this enterprising section of Toledo, have there been offered such inducements to the wide-awake investor in Real Estate, as are offered at present. Beautiful lots, well located and with all city advantages, are offered at prices, which property would bring, without half the advantages. The Air Line Junction has good streets and good sidewalks, elctric cars and electric lights, well drained lots and healthful neighborhood. Railroad station close at hand, city gas soon to be piped and new car shops of the Lake Shore road soon to be in full operation.

Values of property at Air Line Junction will very naturally soon advance. If you want a lot, see us soon—

We also have eight new and well built houses at Air Line Junction, besides several others within convenient walking distance of the railroad station all for sale on monthly payments.

Get our figures and own a home in a rapidly improving neighborhood.

Irving B. Hiett & Co.
213 ST. CLAIR STREET.



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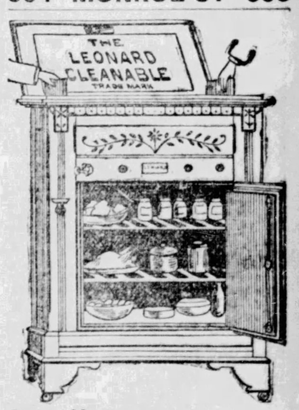
ESTIMATES carefully furnished.
CONTRACTS promptly executed.
RESULTS positively guaranteed.

R. C. BACON & CO,
Hardware and Stove Dealers,
504—MONROE ST—506



Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Hose,
Hose Reels,
Garden Tools, Etc

Schunk, Hillenkamp & Co.,
519 and 521 MONROE ST.

WERUM BROS
508 ADAMS STREET.

For Elastic Stockings take measure opposite letters on the cut.

Manufacturers of TRUSSES! Abdominal and other Supporters, Braces, Bandages, ELASTIC STOCKINGS! Knee Caps, Anklets, Crutches, Etc.

Special appliances for the mechanical treatment of injuries, etc., etc.

Trusses Skillfully Adjusted.

We cure ALL Children and about one out of every 5 adults.

A. FORD
Manufacturer of and dealer in
STIFF AND SILK HATS!
Bleacher of Ladies' Straw Hats.

FORD SILK HATTER

Repairing of all kinds of hats a Specialty.
208 Summit Street.

THE WORLD OF TOILERS.

Why Not Women for Factory Inspectors in Ohio?

The Prosperous Brotherhood of the Carpenters.

How Arbitration Works—The Boy and His Trade—What Labor Organizations Are Doing Here and Everywhere.

The annual report of Secretary McGuire of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America covers nearly one page of the last issue of "The Carpenter," official organ of the brotherhood. The receipts of the year were $78,029.25; the expenditures $69,796.74. There are 798 unions in good standing, a net gain of 101, and 57,037 members in good standing, a gain of 4,168. During the year $34,400.20 was expended on strikes and lock-outs, leaving a balance in the strike fund on June 30 of $6,054.36.

The same journal gives the following summary of "carpenters' victories in 1891:"

We have won a total of eight more additions to our list of eight-hour towns, and an increase of 81 more places working nine hours a day. Thus we now have 42 eight-hour towns and 313 nine-hour towns.

Advance in wages have been secured this spring in Bayonne, N. J.; Bucyrus, O.; Butler, Pa.; Charleroi, Pa., (also eight hours Saturdays); Duquesne, Pa.; East Liverpool, O.; Elwood, Ind.; Glens Falls, N. Y.; Homestead, Pa.; Huntington, Pa.; Jonesborough, Ark.; Lockland, O.; Marietta, O.; New Castle, Pa.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Seymour, Ind.; Sharon, Pa.; Winston, N. C.

Additional successes have been scored as follows: East St. Louis, Ill., and Stockton, Cal. (mill men) have won against the bosses in their lockout. Fort Wayne, Ind., has established the card system, and Salem, O., has gained the nine-hour day.

Under the heading "No Child's Play" this Journal says:

When the rebellion of 1861 raised its head, many northern men thought it would be put down in thirty days. But after the first battle of Bull Run, and the Federal forces were worsted, President Lincoln saw the war was no child's play and then he called for three years men. So with our United Brotherhood, it must learn the lesson out of the defeats this season in Pittsburg, Newark and a few other places, to stand against the organized contractors is no mere child's play, but requires large financial resources and high dues. The men who enlist in our movement must realize that this is to be no mere skirmish or thirty days struggle. It is a struggle for manhood and justice, for honest pay and decent social conditions, and we should enlist in it for the rest of our lives, if needs be; or until the toilers of earth receive their just reward.

The Michigan state assembly was in session this week at Lansing, Henry G. Allen, of Schoolcraft, state master workman. It adopted resolutions against the order in Michigan going into politics as an organization and elected as delegate to the session of the general assembly in this city E. H. Belden, of Horton; alternate, Master Workman Allen.

D. A. 49, K. of L., holds regular evening economic schools weekly, open to everybody. Selected members lead in a debate on a given topic, after which it is a free-for-all discussion. Last week the subject was "The Composition and Uses of Land." Dramatic and singing societies are also organized in the district.

One of the most gratifying results of labor agitation has been the establishment of state inspectors of factories, mines and workshops, and one of the best steps taken toward getting good work done by the inspectors has been the appointment of women to the positions. All inspectors in any one state should not be women, and it is just as certain all should not be men. There are inspections which should be made into the sanitary conditions of places where women work which no male inspector can satisfactorily make. No man can win a wage-working woman's confidence as can a tactful woman. It is gratifying to learn that in Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and New York, where women are factory inspectors the best results have been obtained, and their work has won them high praise from all quarters. The New York Evening Telegram says:

Experience has amply justified the employment of women as an auxiliary force in the often delicate and arduous work of factory inspection. The ladies engaged in this service for the state have gone about it with bravery, skill and energy. They have evinced no little detective genius. They have won the confidence of women operatives and have thus discovered and remedied abuses which could not otherwise have been found out. * * * The purpose of their visitations is to see that children and women are not worked over hours and that employers observe the regulations prescribed by law to secure proper ventilation and sanitation, the provision of fire escapes, the safe construction of elevators and other equally commendable ends.

Armed with the great powers of the State, they have toiled during these hot months among the toilers, have penetrated and renovated many "sweater" dens, have taken workers of tender years from their servitude and sent them to school, have warned and enlightened surly, ignorant and brutal employers, and where warnings were not enough have caused their arrest and punishment.

So efficient have the few women employed been found that State Inspector Connolly will in his report recommend that their number be augmented. Why should not women be added to the inspector's force in Ohio? Inspector McDonald's report states he must have more helpers and the next general assembly will undoubtedly make provision for their employment. For such manufacturing cities as Cincinnati, Toledo and Cleveland there is work women could do better than men. Let not only the labor organizations but the women's clubs and societies of the state begin the agitation for the appointment of women inspectors in Ohio. Why should the Buckeye state lag behind Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and New York on such a question as this?

The Labor Bureau.

The report of the Toledo employment office for week ending Aug. 6, 1891:

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Situations wanted	83	45	128
Help wanted	56	55	111
Positions secured	48	31	79

The Wrong Trade.

"I've got a boy 14 years old, and I'm discouraged about him," said a Brooklyn father to me the other day.

"Why?"

"I want him to study law, but he hates the idea."

"What does he lean to?"

"Wants to be a machinist, I wish he had some sense."

It's the boy who has the sense, instead of the father. If nature had intended him for a lawyer, he would have taken that course without urging. She meant him to be a craftsman, and the father should do everything to encourage him. There was a time when the wisest of fathers planned to make preachers, lawyers and doctors of their boys, without reference to nature's gifts; but the world has made several revolutions since then.

No man can achieve success who cannot put his whole heart and his best skill into his work, whether it be painting landscapes or shoeing a horse. His profession or trade must "come handy" to him, and that expression means that he should cultivate the gift that nature bestows upon 95 per cent. of the male population. The other 5 per cent.—those who never have a leaning towards any particular thing—become day laborers and simply eke out an existence. You will seldom meet a tramp who hasn't a trade of some sort, and you'll not ask for particulars without his replying:

"Yes, I've got a trade, but I can't make a go of it, and get the bounce whenever I strike a job."

He simply learned the wrong trade, and in nine cases out of ten it was a trade to please his father instead of himself. Find me the lawyer without clients, the physician without patients, the journalist roving about, the mechanic walking the streets, and I'll prove to you that each began life wrong end to in the matter of vocation.—New York World.

One Woman's Experience.

Mrs. E. T. Foster, in the Golden Rule, says: "The following extract is from a letter written by a lady in Detroit to a friend in Cincinnati. She is a widow, with an infant child. It is interesting to know that this widow is the proprietor and editor of a monthly periodical, which she conducts with marked intelligence, and with much zeal for the cause to which her publication is devoted. She makes no money by her magazine, perhaps is losing every month. In order to get bread she turns to making overalls at 55 cents a dozen.

I have been exceedingly blue on account of the one thing that troubles us mortals, the battle for bread. Have sold my sitting room stove for $5. We are vegetarians entirely—do not use butter, tea or coffee, even then it is hard to get along.

I thought I would make a mighty effort and see if I could not do something extra. Took some overalls to make on the machine at 55 cents per dozen. I got so nervous and my side got to aching so I felt that one might as well die at once as try to make a living that way. My babe was sick one day and night, which made the situation look rather gloomy. I feel that it is a good experience for me to realize just how women are working at starvation prices. I know after one had devoted several months to such work they could do much better, but it would take a pretty smart worker to make more than one pair, on an average, in an hour. Then that would take twelve unbroken hours per day to make 55 cents. When I realize the starvation wages I can see our young girls and women are literally driven to destruction by such a system.

Arbitration That Arbitrates.

At this time when the attention of the world is being called to prevailing labor troubles, observers of industrial events are becoming interested in the results of arbitrations, as shown in the French method. Since 1806 the French have had a plan of settling labor difficulties by bodies known as "Councils of Prud'hommes."

These are composed of representatives of labor as well as capital, who are regularly appointed and are generally paid a salary. Each council is divided into two sections, one for mediators and the other for judgment when mediation fails. The section for mediation consists of but two members, one employer and workman, must sit at least once a week to hear disputes, and if possible, bring the disputants to a voluntary agreement. One splendid feature of the system is, that no case can be submitted for judgment until this preliminary effort has been made.

Throughout France there are 136 of these councils. Each year, they deal with about 42,000 cases. It is estimated that out of every 42 cases only 18 go before the general council for judgment, as the rest are arranged by voluntary agreement. The great service rendered by this system is unquestioned. Arrangements are now being made for codifying the laws relating to the system and making it more useful.

Industrial Notes.

Martin's Ferry, (O.,) has new mines, employing 400 men,

D. A. 197, Jersy City, has organized the glovemakers in that city.

The windowglass manufacturers are going to try to limit the production in order to raise the price of window glass.

The full returns of the recent elections in Australia give 26 representatives in parliament to organized labor.

The city council of London has recently voted to make eight hours a legal day's work for municipal laborers, by a vote of 62 to 30.

The master plumbers in Boston have refused a demand made by the journeymen for an advance in wages from $3.50 to $4 a day.

Five thousand dollars was appropriated by the executive board of the Iron Molder's union at their meeting, last week, for the relief of the San Francisco molders.

The French government has issued a decree providing that engineers and stokers on French railroads must not be actively employed for more than 12 hours a day.

Within two days after the Boston street car companies put on a new time-table that increased hours 2,500 men joined the union. They have been working 10 hours a day.

Fifteen million dollars will be needed to move the grain crop from west to east this year. Such abundant production has scarcely been known in the history of the country.

The strike of the steel workers at the Carnegie Allegheny Bessemer steel works for a recognition of the Amalgamated association has resulted in the men resuming work on the company's terms.

The amount of coloring matter in a pound of coal is enormous. It will yield enough magenta to color 500 yards of flannel, vermilion for 2,500 yards, aurine for 1,250 yards and alizarine for 255 yards of Turkey red cloth.

The longest shaft in the world in one piece, or in any number of pieces, is in the Washington navy yard, Washington, D. C. It is 43½ inches square, 461 feet long, and transmits power to traveling cranes. It runs at 160 revolutions per minute.

The first six months during which the Brooklyn bridge was open 1,000,000 passengers crossed. In 1884 the total was 8,500,000; in 1885, 17,000,000; in 1886, 24,000,000; in 1887, 28,000,000; in 1888, 30,000,000; in 1889, 34,000,000, and in 1890, 37,676,411.

An English paper in meditating upon the disadvantages of life says, "that after years of toil and dirt and risk, the period of plenty comes to the few successful men." The writer might have added that in the majority of cases the years of plenty come so late that men find no pleasure in them.

It has been estimated that one ton of coal gives enough ammonia to furnish about thirty pounds of crude sulphate, the present value of which is about £12 per ton, and there being about 10,000,00 tons of coal annually distilled for gas, no less than 153,929 tons of sulphate, of the money value of $1,607,148, are produced.

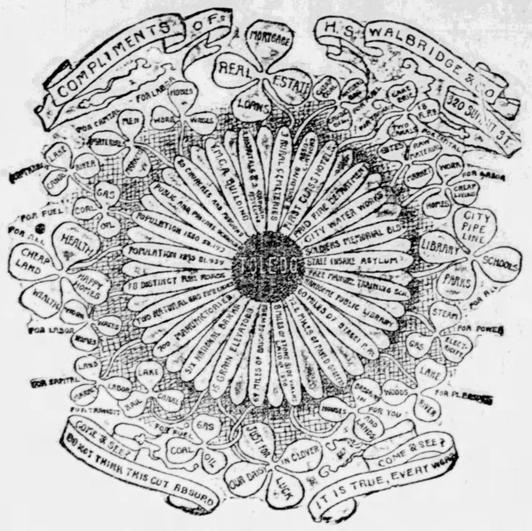
P. J. McGuire: In New York we have 200,000 outcasts. Why are they outcasts? Because they get only 40 cents a day for making shirts. Forty cents standing between a woman's chastity and vice. They can pray to God, of course, but wages are reduced, and then there are but three courses left—starvation, suicide or vice. For God's sake, change the system which debauches our women. Why should there be infidels? Because you make them by the cursed system which forgets the poor and lonely.

According to a recent estimate, four-fifths of the engines now working in the world have been constructed during the last 25 years. The steam engines of the world represent, approximately, the working power of 1,000,000,000 men, or more than double the working population of the world, the total population of which is usually estimated at 1,455,023,000 inhabitants. Steam has accordingly enabled man to treble his working power, making it possible for him to economize his physical strength, while attending to his intellectual development.

The labor unions of Cleveland are making preparations to celebrate Labor day in grand style, on Monday, September 7. A committee has been appointed from each of the affiliated unions to take charge of the celebration, in which the carpenters, plumbers, hod carriers and several other unions will participate. The demonstration will take the form of a parade over the principal streets in the forenoon, and a picnic and a general good time at Forest City park in the afternoon.—Cleveland Press.

The Grand Jury at Rochester, N. Y., have returned indictments against twenty-one firms, composing the Clothing Manufacturers' Exchange of Rochester, for conspiracy. This is the sequel to the prosecution of Hughes and other officers of the clothing cutters district assembly. The charges against the manufacturers is fully as serious as the charges against the workmen, still the court has shown a remarkable leniency in the arrangement of the manufacturers to what was shown the workmen. It is such things that break down respect for law and order, and pave the way for revolution.—U. P. Employes' Magazine.

A WORD WITH YOU!



Whether one believes in the doctrines of Henry George or is inclined to lean Bellamywards he knows that the fundamental bottom of all investment is land and that which is built upon land.—N. C. FOWLER.

From eighty to ninety per cent of all sales of lands and houses, and of all intents to buy or build begin in the minds of the to-be purchasers during the season of the year when business relaxes, giving time to consider home and home comforts. Summer is pre-eminently the time for buying land and planning for building houses. Your business is slack. You have time to rest, and the mornings and evenings are delightful. When is there a better time to look at property and think of owning your own home, and when thinking of this, and of the best part of the city in which to build, your thoughts will naturally turn to

ENGLEWOOD

THE HOME CENTER.

This beautiful addition is well situated in the heart of the residence part of the city, with high, well-drained lots on such streets as Monroe, Bancroft, Grand Avenue, Woodruff Avenue, Detroit Avenue, and others—finely paved.

Plats, prices and general information about this addition and property in all parts of the city

AT

H. S. WALBRIDGE & CO.,

620 SUMMIT ST.

FOR RENT—311 Huron Street, between Adams and Madison, Eleven-Room House.

LOTS FOR $175.00

Small Down Payment---$5 Per Month!

FAIR GROUNDS ADDITION

At No Time in the History of Toledo

Have there been such rare opportunities for the prudent investor to place his money in land as at present. Toledo property is away down at rock bottom figures. Don't fail to take advantage of these prices as they are sure to go up.

Fortunes Have Been Made

By judiciously investing a few dollars in real estate, and the secret of success often buying in a growing locality at a low figure, and holding the property

Why Don't You Buy a Home?

You may try to get around it by saying that you cannot afford it. This is nonsense as every one of us spends more money needlessly every month than the small payment required to secure a lot.

Houses Built on Monthly Payments

With a small down payment. If you are worth $5 a month you are good for a lot in Fair Ground Addition. With the New Depot Electric Street Ry. Water and City Gas this part of the city is bound to go ahead and prices will be from 50 to 100 per cent. higher a year later.

For further particulars apply to

I. H. DETWILER & CO.,

Cor. Summit and Jefferson Sts. Real Estate and Insurance Agents.

Branch Office on the Grounds, corner Detroit Ave. and Dorr St. OPEN EVENINGS.

JUST OUT

Messrs. Dickman & Schmidt, 623 Cherry St., corner of Erie, have an entire new line of PICTURES and FRAMES at low prices and any finish known to man. Having secured one of the best workmen in the city, all work is done on the premises.

AGENTS WANTED.

THERE ARE MANY USES FOR SAPOLIO.

To clean tombstones.	To renew oil-cloth.	To renovate paint.	To brighten metals.
To polish knives.	To scrub floors.	To wash out sinks.	To scour bath-tubs.
To clean dishes.	To whiten marble.	To remove rust.	To scour kettles.

EVERYBODY USES IT.

Dentists to clean false teeth.	Engineers to clean parts of machines.	Housemaids to scrub the marble floors.
Surgeons to polish their instruments.	Ministers to renovate old chapels.	Chemists to remove some stains.
Coachmakers to scour their paint.	Sextons to clean the tombstones.	Carvers to sharpen their knives.
Mechanics to brighten their tools.	Hostlers on brasses and white horses.	Shrewd ones to scour old straw hats.
Cooks to clean the kitchen sink.	Artists to clean their palettes.	Soldiers to brighten their arms.
Painters to clean off surfaces.	Wheelmen to clean bicycles.	Renovators to clean carpets.

EVERY ONE FINDS A NEW USE.

DO YOU THINK

Your Carpets ought to last forever? Is it not a fact that they have served you well, and that the uncomplaining old floor ought to have a new covering?

If that is so, come to us for the New Patterns in all grades of Carpets and Rugs.

V. B. SNYDER & SON,

The Old Reliable Carpet House.

QUEEN & CRESCENT ROUTE

94 MILES SHORTEST TO NEW ORLEANS
110 MILES SHORTEST TO JACKSONVILLE

94 Miles the Shortest. 8 Hours the Quickest.

Cincinnati to New Orleans.
Time 28 Hours.
Entire Trains, Baggage Car, Day Coaches and Sleepers run through without change.

110 Miles the Shortest 7 Hours the Quickest

CINCINNATI to JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA
Time 28 Hours.
The Only Line running through Sleeping Cars
ONLY LINE FROM CINCINNATI TO
CHATTANOOGA, TENN., FORT PAYNE, ALA., MERIDIAN MISS., VICKSBURG, MISS., SHREVEPORT, LA.

20 Miles the Shortest Cincinnati to Lexington, Ky
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Trains leave Central Union Depot, Cincinnati crossing the Famous High Bridge of Kentucky and rounding the base of Lookout Mountain.

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Over One Million Acres of land in Alabama, the future Great State of the South subject to pre-emption. Unsurpassed climate.
For Rates, Maps, etc., address
NEIL C. KERR,
Central Traf. Pass'r Agent, No. 9 W. 4th St., Cincinnati, O.
S. C. GAULT, Gen'l Manager. D. G. EDWARDS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agent.
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Ask my agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes. If not for sale in your place ask your dealer to send for catalogue, secure the agency and get them for you.
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

WHY IS THE
W. L. DOUGLAS
$3.00 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN
THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY

It is a seamless shoe, with no tacks or wax thread to hurt the feet, made of the best fine calf, stylish and easy, and *because we make more shoes of this kind than any other manufacturer*, it equals hand-sewed shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

$5.00 Genuine Hand-sewed, the finest calf shoe ever offered for $5.00; equals French imported shoes which cost from $8.00 to $12.00.

$4.00 Hand-sewed Welt Shoe, fine calf, stylish, comfortable and durable. The best shoe ever offered at this price, same grade as custom made shoes costing from $5.00 to 9.00.

$3.50 Police Shoe; Farmers, Railroad Men and Letter Carriers all wear them; fine calf, seamless, smooth inside heavy three soles, extension edge. One pair will wear a year.

$2.50 fine calf; no better shoe ever offered at this price; one trial will convince those who want a shoe for comfort and service.

$2.25 and **$2.00** Workingman's shoes are very strong and durable. Those who have given them a trial will wear no other make.

Boys' $2.00 and $1.75 school shoes are worn by the boys everywhere; they see on their merits as the increasing sales show.

Ladies $3.00 Hand-sewed shoe, best Dongo a very stylish, equals French imported shoes costing from $4.00 to $6.00.

Ladies' $2.50, $2.00 and $1.75 shoe for Misses are the best fine Dongola, stylish and durable.

Caution—See that W. L. Douglas' name and price are stamped on the bottom of each shoe.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
S. W. NETTLETON, 241 SUMMIT ST.
Our Agent for Toledo.

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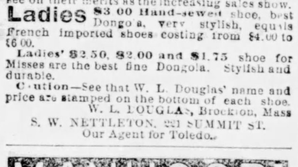
How Lost! How Regained!

A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men. New Edition.



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Or SELF-PRESERVATION. A new and only Gold Medal PRIZE ESSAY on NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, ERRORS of YOUTH, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, PREMATURE DECLINE, and all DISEASES and WEAKNESSES of MAN. 300 pages, cloth gilt; 125 invaluable prescriptions. Only $1.00 by mail, double sealed. Descriptive Prospectus with endorsements FREE! SEND NOW. of the Press and voluntary testimonials of the cured. FREE! SEND NOW.
Consultation in person or by mail. Expert treatment. INVIOLABLE SECRECY and CERTAIN CURE. Address Dr. W. H. Parker, or The Peabody Medical Institute, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass. or Post Office Box 1895. HEAL THYSELF
The Peabody Medical Institute has many imitators but no equal.—*Herald.* (Copyrighted.)

EXCITEMENT!

Is running high over the wonderful bargains offered in Cushing's Lawrence Ave. Sub-Division of 24 choice city lots, situated on Lawrence Ave., between Bancroft and Virginia Sts., one block from Monroe. These lots are in the most rapidly developing and by all odds the handsomest residence portion of the city, and

AT THE

low figure at which we are holding them at present, and with the improvements about to be made, they are the best investments in the Toledo market. To those desiring a home in a growing locality, where building restrictions insure a fine neighborhood, no such inducements are offered anywhere as in this sub-division. The

OUTING CLUB

and the Monroe Street School are but a stone's throw from these lots, whilst the Electric Belt Line and Monroe Street Cars are within hailing distance. Call at our office and let us drive you out to see these beautiful lots before they are all gone. It will cost you nothing and we would be happy to do so.

CUSHING'S
REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE
612 MADISON STREET.

WEAK MEN CURED.

NO ELECTRIC NONSENSE. NO STOMACH DRUGGING.
Send at once for sealed directions FREE of The Common Sense Home Cure, for all weakness of men. A certain permanent cure for nervous debility, lost manhood, emissions and varicocele; WEAK ORGANS ENLARGED and complete cure guaranteed. We furnish the best of references. Address ALBION PHARMACY CO., Lock Box 66, ALBION, MICH.

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ALL STYLES OF

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BY THE

Central Thomson-Houston Co.

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CINCINNATI, - - OHIO.

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DR. KALKHOFF

SPECIALIST FOR ALL CHRONIC, PRIVATE & SURGICAL DISEASES

25 Years Private Practice and Hospital Experience in both Europe and America.
507 Summit St., Toledo, O.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Inhalation with Compressed Gases (both home and office treatment—world-renowned) the only rational and scientific treatment for Consumption, Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Deafness, Heart Disease and all Diseases of the Throat, Nasal Passages and Lungs. The worst cases of Catarrh are positively cured in from 3 to 6 weeks.

DR. KALKOFF'S Original System of Dieting. Each patient is furnished with a Diet Chart. It is very important for every sick person to know what to eat and what not to eat.

Specific Remedies, pleasant to take, but potent in their action, of Roots, Barks, Flowers, Berries and Plants, prepared under his own supervision in his expensive laboratory.

SPECIALTIES—All Chronic and Desperate Diseases, which do not yield to the treatment of the general practitioner, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Fistula, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuralgia, Headache, Fits, Sleeplessness, Brain Congestion, St. Vitus Dance, Nervous Exhaustion, Cancers, Tumors, Deformities, Skin Diseases, including Pimples, Freckles, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Eczema, and all Chronic Diseases of the Lungs, Throat, Nose, Stomach, Heart, Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Female Diseases cured without exposure.

PRIVATE AND SEXUAL DISEASES cured under a positive guarantee. Young and middle aged men, who are suffering from the effects of youthful indiscretion or excesses of later years, Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility, Importance, Lost Manhood, Exhausted Vitality, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion of Society, Loss of Memory and Energy. Remember that I will forfeit $1,000 for every case of private disease that I undertake and fail to cure. My treatment of Spermatorrhœa and Impotency is based upon its theories of my own, and has never yet failed in my hands to effect a speedy and permanent cure.

Gonorrhœa, Syphilis, Gleet, Stricture, Bubocele and Varicocele cured in the shortest possible time, without the use of mercury or hindrance from business. I will guarantee a cure when others fail. My office and consultation rooms are furnished with a complete supply of Manikins, Charts, Electrical and Surgical Instruments, Apparatus for Deformities, Appliances for Examining Diseases in fact the most valuable collection of Medical, Surgical and Anatomical outfit to be found in this part of the country.

Low charges, and consultation is free and sacredly confidential.

Office hours: 8 a m to 4 p m; 7 p m to 8 p m. Sundays 9 a m to 12 m.

Out of town patients treated with unfailing success through correspondence. One visit desirable but not necessary. Write for examination blank.

SECOND-HAND BUGGIES AND CARRIAGES FOR SALE

AT

John Bladon & Son's, 134 Ontario St., bet. Monroe and Jefferson.

Canopy top basket phaeton	$ 35	1 Canopy top phaeton, Columbus make	$100
Full leather top Cooney phaeton	65	1 Light open spring buggy	65
Full leather top Cooney piano box	75	1 Three spring open wagon	3
Open top piano box	55	1 Three spring Rockaway, new wheels and tires and all newly jointed good as new job. Eastern make	125
1 Extention top carriage	80		
Dump seat and canopy top Bladon	80		
Dump seat open	25		

All the above are in good repair, having been through our shops and put in order; they are bargains. Come and see them. JOHN BLADON & SON, Carriage Mnfrs.

USE THE BEST!

STELLAR -:- KEY -:- FLOUR

AT FALLIS & CO.'S, 603 MONROE ST. Phone 1033.

N. HAUGHTON

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE COMPANY

HYDRAULIC, HAND AND POWER

ELEVATORS

FOR PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE.

Steel Shafting, Iron and Wood Pulleys, Hangers, Couplings, Gearing, Etc. Largest Stock in the City.

Works, 114 to 130 South Huron St., Toledo, O.

PROF. A. L. VAN NORMAN & CO.

With their thoroughbred running horses, are a new and rare attraction, wonderfully pleasing, very exciting, and at the few places they have been the crowds were immense. Will not be seen this season in Michigan, Indiana or Ohio, except at the

Toledo Exposition and Great Inter-State Fair,

SEPTEMBER 7 TO 12, INCLUSIVE,

TOLEDO, - - OHIO.

Exclusive Agency!

—FOR THE—

COLUMBIA, HARTFORD, —AND— FEATHERSTONE'S PNEUMATIC!

BICYCLES

EMIL GRAH, 406 SUMMIT ST. Phone 630.

TRAVELER'S REGISTER

Corrected by William Gates, Boody House Ticket office.

All trains run on Central Standard time which is 25 minutes slower than City time.

Trains marked * (star) daily. Trains marked † daily except Sunday. Trains marked ‡ daily except Saturday.

From Pennsylvania Station

Pennsylvania Lines.

Summit, Chestnut and Mulberry sts

Depart for Pittsburg, Atlantic Express, 7 30 a m, Baltimore, Washington, Atlantic Express, 7 30 a m, Day Express, 2 25 p m, Philadelphia, New York 9 p m, Fast Line, 12 00 p m
Arrive Toledo, 9 15 a m, 5 10 p m and 11 25 p m

THE LAKE SHORE ROUTE

UNION DEPOT.

ARRIVE.	NORWALK DIVISION—EAST.	DEPART.
*7 35 a m	Boston & Chicago Special	
9 45 a m	Boston & Chicago Accom	*5 20 p m
†4 50 p m	East Mail	*2 35 p m
*10 20 p m	New York Express	*9 35 a m
*3 05 a m	Chicago Mail	
7 25 p m	Buffalo Accomodation	6 10 a m
1 40 p m	Norwalk Accommodation	8 40 p m
	SANDUSKY DIVISION—EAST.	
	Boston & N Y Special	*5 00 p m
*5 25 a m	New York & Chicago Lim	*11 35 p m
*1 25 p m	Chicago & New York Ex	*10 30 p m
9 25 a m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom	5 10 p m
7 45 p m	Atlantic Express	*4 00 a m
1 45 p m	Accommodation	9 50 a m
	OLD ROAD—WEST.	
	Boston & Chicago Special	*7 45 a m
*10 25 p m	Fast N Y & Boston Ex	
*4 05 p m	Fast Mail	*7 30 p m
*9 15 a m	Bost & Chicago Accom	*7 50 p m
4 40 p m	Michigan Accomodation	9 50 a m
	AIR LINE DIVISION—WEST.	
5 55 p m	Chicago & Boston Special	
6 45 a m	Atlantic Express	
2 50 p m	New York & Chicago Lim	*8 30 a m
	Chicago Fast Mail	*9 10 a m
	Chicago Express	*2 00 p m
	Pacific Express	*11 05 p m
6 45 p m	Buffalo & Chicago Accom	10 05 a m
12 0 a m	Shendallville Accomodation	6 30 p m
	JACKSON BRANCH.	
9 15 a m	Express	9 50 a m
4 40 p m	Express	7 30 p m
	LANSING BRANCH.	
2 50 p m	Express	9 50 a m
10 20 p m	Express	
	KALAMAZOO & GRAND RAPIDS BRANCH.	
2 50 p m	Express	11 35 p m
10 20 p m	Express	9 50 a m
	DETROIT BRANCH.	
9 25 a m	Express	7 45 a m
4 45 p m	Express	10 10 a m
12 0 p m	Express	4 30 p m

CINCINNATI, HAMILTON & DAYTON
Union Depot.

*1 00 a m	Cin & Ind Express	10 15 a m
4 00 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*8 40 p m
1 10 p m	Cin & Ind Express	*11 40 p m
12 15 a m	Cincinnati Express	6 15 a m
1 45 a m	Cincinnati Express, Sundays only	
8 00 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 45 a m
4 00 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	3 30 p m
11 0 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	6 05 p m
12 30 a m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 15 a m

Through solid trains between Toledo and Findlay. Through cars between Toledo, Bowling Green and North Baltimore.

WABASH RAILWAY.
UNION DEPOT.

*8 50 p m	Pacific Express	*12 10 a m
4 15 p m	Kansas City Express	10 20 a m
*8 00 a m	St Louis Express	*5 20 p m
1 00 a m	Defiance Accom	4 45 p m

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

1 20 p m	Mackinac & Det Ex	4 25 p m
*5 05 a m	N Y & Boston Express	*7 45 a m
*2 10 p m	New York Express	*9 05 p m
8 20 p m	Detroit Express	*9 05 a m

WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.

6 47 p m	Pitts, Steubvlle & Mar Ex	10 0 a m
5 40 p m	Through Express	10 0 a m
*8 45 a m	Cleveland & N Y Ex	4 30 p m
4 30 p m	Mixed Local	6 45 a m
	Mixed Ohio harbor	*7 45 p m
	Orrville Local	6 45 a m

TOLEDO, ANN ARBOR & NORTH MICHIGAN

11 15 p m	Cadillac Mail	6 20 a m
1 10 p m	Clare Express	10 30 a m
1 50 a m	Mt Pleasant Express	8 20 p m

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & KANSAS CITY.
Union Depot.

2 10 p m	St Louis Day Express	6 25 a m
*1 35 a m	St Louis Night Express	*5 25 p m
1 50 a m	Delphos Pass	4 30 p m

CINCINNATI, JACKSON & MACKINAW.

1 10 p m	Chicago & Toledo Ex	6 10 p m
*8 15 p m	Mail and Express	*7 45 a m
1 50 p m	Local	6 10 a m

†Daily except Sunday. On Sunday these trains will run between Toledo and Addison.

COLUMBUS, BUCKEYE VALLEY & TOLEDO
Buckeye Route.

*7 15 a m	Columbus Express	*8 10 a m
2 10 p m	Ohio River Mail & Express	10 15 a m
*3 30 p m	Columbus Express	*5 25 p m

TOLEDO, COLUMBUS & CINCINNATI.
Depot, Bridge Street, East Toledo.

4 10 a m	Findlay & Benton Express	9 20 a m
2 15 p m	Findlay & B Green Express	10 30 a m
6 40 p m	Findlay & Benton Express	4 20 p m
9 10 a m	Find & Benton Ex Sunday	6 00 p m

TOLEDO & ANN ARBOR.
Depot Bridge Street, East Toledo.

2 10 p m	Columbus & Corning Ex	10 20 a m
4 10 a m	Ducyrus Express	5 30 p m

FLINT & PERE MARQUETTE R. R.
TIME TABLE.

Arrive	Depart
*12 05 a m	*12 10 a m
4 45 p m	12 30 noon

*Trains arrive and depart from Union Depot.

MACKINAC TOURS!
PETOSKEY SOO LAKE SUPERIOR
By Palace Side-Wheel Steamers of the
DETROIT & CLEVELAND STEAM NAV. CO.
Via Steamer Idlewild to Detroit.
The Fast and Quickest Service at Lowest Rates.
A. A. SCHANTZ, A.G.P.A. WM. GATES, Agt, Detroit. Boody House.

Presque Isle Time Table
STEAMERS PASTIME AND EVENING STAR.

Leave Toledo.	Leave Presque Isle.
10 a m	10:45 a m
12 m	12:45 p m
2:00 p m Band	2:30 p m
3:30 p m Concert	4:15 p m
5:15 Supper Boat	7 p m
8:30 Dancing	10:30 p m

Sunday boats leave every hour. Commencing 10 a m. F. N. QUALE, Manager.

GRUMMOND'S MACKINAC LINE
Passenger Steamer every Tuesday at 8 a m., for Mackinac, Alpena, Detroit and Lake Huron way ports. A. S. Grummond, Owner and Gen'l Mgr. Detroit, Mich. F. N. Quale, Agt., Toledo

TIME CARD.
Str. C. B. Wallace
Formerly J. V. Lutts.
Will leave foot of Monroe St. as follows:

Leave Toledo	Leave Maumee and Perrysburg
10:15 a m	7:15 a m
2:00 p m	12:15 p m
6:20 p m	5:00 p m

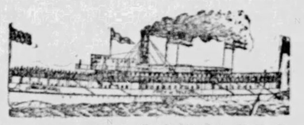
Moonlight ride and free dancing every Sunday night with Eagle brass band. Leave Toledo 6:20 p. m. Leaves Perrysburg 8 p. m.

STEAMSHIP AGENCY!
Tickets and staterooms on all lines of lake and ocean steamers. For diagrams, circulars, etc., apply to Gates ticket office, Boody House, Toledo.

LAKE SUPERIOR
TRANSIT CO.
For stateroom berths and all information, address, T. H. Barkdull, Pass'gr Agt., 224 St. Clair st., Toledo, O.

Str. Idlewild

EXCURSIONS TO DETROIT
Every week day 8:30 a m, $1.00 round trip every Sunday 9 a m, city time, 50c round trip from foot of Jefferson st.



THE CITY OF TOLEDO
Leaves foot of Monroe street, daily, at 9 a m., for Put-in-Bay, returning at 6:30 p m. local time. Fare single trip 75c. Round trip same day $1. Round trip good for season $1.25, to Cleveland $1.75, to Detroit $1, to Sandusky $1, to Lakeside $1. Round trip to L

The Markets

The market quotations in the Bee are compiled from United Press special dispatches and from reports received by the Toledo Produce Exchange, and specially arranged by Mr. Benson B. Smith, secretary of the Exchange.

OFFICE OF THE TOLEDO BEE.
TOLEDO, O., Aug. 7.

London wheat and corn markets steady. Country markets dearer. French firm. Weather fair. Liverpool wheat firm, fair demand, unchanged. Corn steady.

Liverpool received in past six days 521,000 bu. wheat, of which 238,300 was American, and 102,800 bu. of corn.

The receipts of wheat at seven principal western points to-day are 850,729 bu., as compared with 425,890 bu. on the same day last year.

South Dakota has a blizzard of intense heat. Mercury 100 in the shade. Wind blowing a fearful gale. Locomotives setting fire to and burning thousands of acres of grass and hay. We suppose the wheat in South Dakota is past injury from shrinking, but in North Dakota it is now in the milk, and can be damaged by such conditions.

Mr. Wm. C. Bear, a high authority on English agriculture, says: "The area sown in wheat in the United Kingdom this year at 2,250,000 acres, and the yield, from the appearance of the plant at the date of writing, 30 bu per acre, indicating a total of 67,500,000 bu, compared with 75,998,883 bu for 1890.

The receipts of wheat to-day at seven principal western points are 424,823 bu in excess of the corresponding Friday in 1890.

The export clearances yesterday at four Atlantic ports were 794,742 bu of wheat and flour to make an aggregate of 850,000 bu. Corn 28,436.

English markets for wheat and corn as reported herein are steady and firm.

The enemies of wheat are encamped on mighty poor, if not unrighteous grounds. There is no natural strength in their position. It is rather that some strong men are engaged on a weak side. They rely for defence upon representing to importers abroad conditions of immense and daily growing surplus, with strong indications of a movement of it that will bring them under it. There is no basis for either of these extreme statements. It is said that Cincinnati estimates the spring wheat crop at 200,000,000 bus, or one-half that of winter. It is the merest guess work and weak guessing at that. Some other statements we have seen are still worse. In the height of the movement in July we said it would be largely checked before August 15th. The present movement is only two-thirds that of July. We have wheat to sell, but there is no use in scaring buyers to death at the extent of it. We don't do that in other trading. When we trade horses we don't represent our own "animule" as windbroken and sprained. It seems hard work to inspire courage in our dealers. These people represented English markets as closing lower yesterday. Quotations this morning do not disclose the truth of such statement. Because we exported a million of bu yesterday in wheat and flour English markets would break, and 10 prices are firmer. The world needs wheat, gentlemen. We know they do not want it all in a month, but shrewd dealers on the other side know that nowhere on earth can wheat of as good a quality be bought as in America now. Brace up! brace up!

The markets for wheat and corn in this country have presented quite a contrast to yesterday. The opening was higher and prices improved until about an average of 1c advance had been gained east and west, after which there was some fluctuation. English markets are reported as closing steady with a small advance in some positions for future delivery. Our exports are again very large. The clearances yesterday aggregating 800,000 bu in wheat and flour, and New York is reporting 30 to 50 loads for export daily. The market closed firm.

In New York August closed at 88¾c a gain of ⅝c. September at 98¾c, a gain of 1c. August, corn at 67⅞c a gain of ⅝c. September at 65⅝c, a gain of ½c.

In Chicago August, wheat closed at 88¾c a gain of 1⅛c. September at 87⅝c a gain of 1c. September, corn at 56⅛c, a gain of ⅝c.

In Toledo the aggregate trading in wheat futures has been less than yesterday but at improved prices. With a firm but quiet opening prices gained ¾@⅞c but lost a part of it before the close. The influences bearing on prices are referred to above. It has been a firm market with selling pressure. At the close August and September were ⅝ higher, and December ⅛ lower. August opened at 90¾. Sold up to 91 to 91⅛ for first half of the month and closed at 90¾. September sold at 90⅛ to 91¼ and closed at 90⅝. December sold at 93⅜ to 94⅛ and closed at 93⅜.

Cash wheat was in active shipping demand for export, and bidders for all that sellers wanted to offer in the early part of the session. No 2 soft sold at 90⅜c and it at over that buyers were n t eager. At the close 91c was the price. No 3 soft at 89¼c No 4 soft at 87c; rejected No 1 at 87c; No 2 at 89c; No 2 white at 90c; No 1 white offered at 92½c; No 2 red and white at 89¼c.

Corn—No 2 at 68c; No 3 at 62c; No 4 at 61c; No 2 yellow at 63½c.

Oats—No 2, 30c; No 2 white, 34c. Sellers of both.

Rye was in good demand and dearer. No 2 at 76¾ to 76¼c; August at 76¾ to 76¾c; No 3 at 73¾c.

Clover seed—October at $4 40.

Daily Movement of Grain.

	RECEIPTS				SHIPMENTS.			
	Wht'r	Corn	Oats	w'hl Corn	Wht'r	Corn	Oats	w'hl Corn
N.Y.	85,500	10	1600	21401	376			
Balto	78827	9799	2230	9807				
Phila	94426	1,355	6795	129153	7005		7369	
Boston		9125	34245					
Toledo	224166	5887		204610	4100		2100	
Chicago	69,440	202,000	173817	251454	284881		247747	
Milw'k'e	32450	1150	18000	27050	.....		1300	
St. L.	275000	37000	48100	15400	23000		6000	
Detroit	30098	970	14884	69428	684		.....	
Duluth	97214	.....	.....	.....	883		.....	
Minne.	27000	.....	.....	689.0	.....		.....	
Total	854729	.....	.....	.....	.....		.....	

Freights.

Lake freights to Buffalo—Wheat, 2c. Corn, ...c

Lake and rail rate to New York, 7¾c wheat, 7¼c corn. Boston, 8¼c wheat, 8½c corn; Philadelphia, 6¾c wheat, 6¼c corn; Baltimore, 6¾c wheat, 6¾c corn.

Markets by Telegraph.

London, Aug. 7.—1 p. m.—Wheat cargoes off coast at opening steady; maize, nothing offering. Wheat and maize cargoes on passage and for shipment steady.

Mark Lane.—Wheat at opening quiet and steady; maize steady. English country markets generally dearer. French firmer. Weather fair.

Liverpool, Aug. 7.—1 p. m.—Wheat market firm, demand fair, holders offer sparingly. American mixed corn steady, demand improving. 5s 3½d. Red western spring wheat, No 2 to No 1, 7s 1½d@7s 1¾d; California Wheat, No 2 to No 1, 7s 4½@7s 5d; Kansas winter hard, 7s 1¼d@7s 2d. Wheat off coast demand fair; corn demand poor. Receipts of wheat past six days, 518,000 centals, whereof 238,300 centals was American. Receips of corn past six days, 91,700 centals.

New York, Aug. 7.—Flour weak with prices without material change; city mill extra, 3s 10@4 15; or West Indies; Minnesota extra, 4s 75@5 00; fine, 3s 00@3 35; superfine, 3s 50@4 15. Wheat opened strong and during the first hour prices advanced 1⅜c. From this there was a reaction of ⅜c by noon; No 2 red winter, cash, 99¼c; August, 98⅝c; September, 98¾; October, 98¾c. Corn opened weak and ⅛c lower, but subsequently recovered and advanced ¼c; No 2 mixed, cash, 70@71¼c; August, 67⅛c; September, 65⅜c. Oats quiet; No 2 mixed cash, 40¼@41c; september, 33¼c; October, 33⅜c. Rye and barley nominal. Pork dull and weaker; new mess, $12 25@12 75. Lard quiet; September, 6 71; October, 6 81. Molasses slower; domestic grades of good to fancy, 35@35c. Turpentine firm at 36@36½c. Rosin slow. Petroleum nominal. Freights dull but firm; grain to Liverpool, steam, 3½d. Butter firm; creamery, western extra, 18c. Cheese fairly active and strong. Eggs dull but steady; western fresh, 15 @16½c. Rice nominal. Sugar, refined firm; cutloaf and crushed, 6¾@7¼c; granulated, 6 7-16c; mould A, 6 5-16c. Tallow dull; prime city, 5c. Coffee steady; fair rio cargoes, 19c.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—Close—Wheat—August, 88¾c September, 87⅛c. Corn—August, 58¼c; September, 56⅛c. Oats—August, 27½c; September, 27¼c. Pork—September, $10 27½. Lard—September, 6 47½. Ribs—September, 6 67½.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Opening: Wheat—August, 87¼c. September not quoted. Corn—August, 57c. September, 54⅝c. Oats—August, 27⅜c; September, 27½@27¾c. Pork—September, $10 27½. Lard—September, 6 47½. Ribs—September, 6 67½.

Detroit, Aug. 7.—Close: Wheat, No. 2, red cash, 91¾c bid; August 91¾c bid; September 91¢; December, 93¾c, No. 1 white, cash 92¾c. Corn—No. 2, cash 61c asked. Oats—No 2, cash, 31½c.

New York, Aug. 7.—Money 1¼@2 per cent. Exchange quiet and steady; posted rates $4 84½@4 86½; actual rates, $4 83½ for 60 days, and $4 85¾ for demand.

Governments steady; currency, 6s, 110 bid; 4s coupon, 117 bid; 4½s do, 10[illegible] bid.

There was even more trading on the stock exchange this morning than during the same hours yesterday. St. Paul and Union Pacific were, however the only stocks especially active. The trading in New England, Atchison, Burlington and the sugar trusts was the next most active. Prices were generally ⅛@¾ per cent, the latter in Union Pacific, but the latter soon lost its strength and fell 1 per cent to 35¾c. This decline checked the upward tendency in the decline checked the upward tendency in the rest of the list and by 11 o'clock prices had generally reacted a fraction. The sugar trust was exceptionally strong advancing from 77¾c to 80c. After 11 o'clock the market became decidedly strong. There was a moderate buying of some of the leading stocks. National cordage jumped up ¾ per cent by noon. The general market at that hour was ¼@½ per cent higher than last night's figures. At this writing the market is dull but firm. The sales amounted to 136,800 shares by noon.

New York, Aug. 7.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 8¾. Futures firm; August, 8.91; September, 8.02; October, 8.14

PRICES CURRENT.

Poultry—Springers, 20@30c a piece; old 7c per lb; ducks, 12 00@3 50 per doz; geese, 3 00@4 00.

Provisions—Pork, better; mess, $11 50 per bbl; short, $13 00; clear, $13 50; short clear, $14 00 pounds. Hams, 12 lbs and over, 10½c; 10 lbs average 12 lbs and under, 11¼c. Shoulders, 8c. Breakfast bacon, clear, 9¼c; rib, 9c. Smoked beef, 12c. Lard—Kettle rendered, 8c; by barrel, 7¾c; 50 lb tins, 8c. Bacon sides, 8c. Bologna, 5c. Barrell meats dull and a little lower at times.

Butter—Gathered creams, 17@20c; fancy Ohio creamery, 26c; fancy northwestern cream, ery, 27@28c; fancy dairy, 18@20c; prime to choice, 14@16c; medium, 10@12c; common, 7@9c per pound. The market is dull for all grades, and lower prices on choice stock are looked for.

Calves—Choice, 6½c; medium, 6c per pound.

Tallow—City, 5c per lb; country, 4c@4½. Market strong.

Hides—Kip skins, 5c; calf skins, 6c; light hides, 4c; heavy steers, 5½c; No 1 green, 6c; No 2 do, 5c; No 1 cured salted, 6c; No 2 do, 4c; No 1 bull, 3½c; No 1 dry flint, 10c; No 2 do, 7c; dry-salted, 6@7c per lb; sheep pelts, full wool, $1 00@1 50; glue stock, 2c. Market dull and quiet.

Wool—Unwashed—Medium clothing, 18@23 per lb; combing and delaine, 24@25c; quarter blood, 20@24c; fine merino, 18@19c; burry and cots, 16@17c. Fleece-washed—Medium clothing, 27@29c; combing and delaine, 29@31; fine merino, X and XX, 28@29c; burry and cots, 18@20c. Tub-washed—30@35c; pulled, 27@30c.

Market firm and very quiet.

Black berries—$4 50@4 75 per bu.

Currants—$2 00@2 50 per bu.

Peaches—$1 50@2 00 per bu.

Oranges—$4 00@4 50 per box.

Lemons—$4 00@5 00 per box.

Pears—Small—75@100 per bu; large $1 50@2 00 per bushel.

Watermelons—15@20c.

Blueberries—$4 00@per bu.

Apples—40@50c per bu.

Celery—25@40c per dozen.

Vegetables—Potatoes, new, 40c per bu. Cabbage home grown, 50c per bbl. Onions, Bermuda, $2 00 per crate; home-grown, $1 00 per bushel. Cucumbers 5 to 10c per dozen. New beans 12½c per dozen. Squash, 5@7c per doz. Corn, 8@10c per doz. Peas, $1 00 for home grown. Tomatoes, $1 50@2 00 per bu. String beans, green, 40c; wax, 50c. These are growers prices obtained at the market.

Eggs—Quiet but scarce and firm at 14@15c per dozen.

Hay—Choice timothy, $15 00@16 00; No 2 do $13 00@13 00; mixed, $10 00@11 00. Straw, $15

Seeds—German millet, $1 15 from store; Hungarian and common millet, 85@$1 00 from store; flaxseed, $1 25@1 25 per bu on arrival.

Millfeed—Bran, $18 00 in bulk on track shipstuff, $20 00, middlings $22 00 and $1 00 m or 100 lbs.

Flour—Spring patent, $5 50; spring family 5 25, winter patent, $5 50@6 50; fancy, $5 25@5 50 winter family, $5 25@5 50; extra, $3 75@4 00; low grade, $4 00; northwestern rye, $5 25@5 50 per bbl.

Salt—85c per small bbl; large, 90c per bbl, Michigan, on track, 75c.

Beans—New York marrows, $2 50@2 60; navy and medium, $2 30@2 40 per bu.; western navy, $2 50@2 75.

Maple Sweets—Syrup, pure, $1 00@1 10 per gallon; manufactured, 75@90c; sugar, 11@13½c per lb. Comb honey, 8@10c. Market quiet.

Sorghum—Medium to choice, 34@36c per gallon. Market dull.

Dried Fruit—Apples, 9@10c per lb; evaporated, 12@13c; peaches, 7@8c. Market dull.

Cheese—New York full cream, 10@11c; Michigan full cream, 9@9½c; Young America, 9@10c; fancy Schweitzer, 14½@15c; twins, 11¼@12c per pound. Stocks are light and the market is firm.

Fish—Mackerel, No. 1 large shore, per bbl, $18 00@20 00; No. 1 shore, $16 00@17 00; No. 1 medium, $20 00@21 00; No 2 shore, $17 50@18 50. White fish, No. 1, per half bbl, $7 50; No. 2, $6 00@6 25. Lake herring, $3 00 per half bbl; No. 1 boxherring, 25c per box. Very quiet.

Oils—Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana standard car lots, 6½c; water white 150 headlight, 8¼c; lard oil, 55@55c; linseed oil, 54@56c.

Turpentine—Dull at 27@28 per gal.

Feathers—Prime live white geese, 43c and scarce; old and mixed, 38@40c per pound on arrival. Market firm.

Hops—New York, 30@33c; Western, 28@33c; foreign, 65c per lb.

Peanuts—Farmers' rough, 3@3½c per lb; do screened, 3¼@3½c; recleaned and handpicked, 3½@4c.

Groceries.—Coffee, common, 19½c; ordinary, 19@19½c; low fair, 20@20¼c; fair, 20¾@21c; prime, 21½c; choice, 21¾@22c; yellow, 23@24c; Caracas, 23@24½c; Javas, 7-16@30c; Mochas, 27@30c. Sugars strong; cutloaf, 7¾c; powdered 4¾c; granulated, 4¾@4½c; confectioner's A, 4¾c; mould A, 4¾c; off A, 4¼@4¾c; extra C, 3¾c; yellows, 3¾@3¾c. Demand fairly active for all grades. Molasses firm; centrifugal, 18@25c per gallon; open kettle, 30@45c; syrup, 27@30c. Rice firm; fair to choice Louisiana, 5¼@6½c per pound; Japan, 5¼@6c. The foregoing are wholesale, not jobbing prices, which are fractionally higher

Dry Goods.

Prints—Allen's fancies, 5c; Allen's pinks, prints, 6c; Allen's robes, 6c; Allen's staples, 5c; American shirtings, 3¾c American ¾ indigos, 5¼c Arnold B indigoes, 10c; Arnold C, 12½c; Arnold Arnold Gold seal, 10c; Berlin solids, 5½c; Charter Oak fancies, 4c; Cocheco fancies, 5½c; Hartel fancies, 5c; Lodi fancies, 4c; Merrimack fancies, 5¾c; Merrimack shirtings, 6½c; Merrimack cretonnes, 11¾c; Pacific fancies, 5½c; Pacific mournings, 5¾c; Simson mournings, 5½c; Simpson silver greys, 5¾c; Simpson zephyrs, 5¾c; Washington X oil reds, 8c; Martha Washington oil reds, 7c; Melrose oil reds, 6c; oil green, blue and orange, 6½c; Windsor fancies, 5¼c.

Ginghams—Amoskeag checks, 7c; Amoskeag deep cut, 8c; Amoskeag AFC, 10½c; Criterion cloth, 10½c; Everett classics, 8¼c; Lancaster, 7c; Normandie 8c; Renfrew dress, 8½c; Renfrew novelties, 10½c.

Cambrics—Kid cambrics, 3¾c; XXXX sellsias, 12½c; XXX sillsias, 10c; XX sillsias, 8c; Conestoga sateens, 6¼c; Victoria sateens, 7½c.

Brown Sheetings—Great Falls A, 7c; Fredmont, 6¼c; De Witt W W, 6c; North Star L L, 5¾c; Norwood XX, 5¾c; Lawrence L L, 5¼c; Indian Queen, 5¼c; Diamond R, 5¼c; Household L L, 5½c; Windsor H, 4¾c; Hemfer-son A A, 7½c; Henderson C, 4½c; Elberon L L, 5½c; Constitution 4-4, 6¾c; Constitution 9-8, 7½c; Lawrence 9-8, 6½c; Dwight Star, 7c; Atlas O N B, 7c; Cambria, 6c; Good Value, 6c; New-Market B, 5c; Scotia D M, 5c; Great Falls N, 4¾c; Household G G, 5¼c; Niobe R, 5½c; Grafton A, 4c; Burlington A, 4c; National, 3¾c; Wassue, 3¼c; Tennis, 4c; Boston9-4, 20c; Boston 10-4, 23½c.

Bleached Sheetings—Sunlight, 4c; Middlesex B B, 5c; Oak View, 6c; Harvest B, 6½c; Golden Rod, 7c; Senator, 7¼c; Pennant, 7½c; Fearless, 7c; Fearless, half bleached, 7c; Lawrence, 7c; Rosalind, 7½c; Fauntleroy, 8¼c; Lonsdale, 8¼c; Fruit 4-4, 8¾c; Silver Queen 8¾c; Ellerslie Cambric, 8¾c; Lonsdale Cambric, 10c; Boston 9-4, 25c; Boston 10-4, 28c; Newmarket, 42 inch, 10; Newmarket, 45 inch 11c; Pepperell 6-4, 15c.

Denims—Andover, blue and brown, 12c; York blue and brown, 12c; Everett, blue and brown, 12½c; Everett, 8 ounce, 15c; Arizona, blue and brown, 10c; Mystic fancies, 12c; York ancies, 12½c.

Shirtings—Household checks, 8c; Coronet checks, 7½c; Stoney, 7½c; Alabama, 6½c; Eagle, 6¾c; Southern, 4½@5¼c.

Ticktings—Amoskeag A C A, 12½c; Falls 82, 12½c; White Horse B, 10c; White Horse 13, 9c; White Horse 20, 8c; White Horse 40, 10c; White Horse, 50, 8c; White Horse 60, 9c; White Horse H C, 15c; Lewiston 30, plaid, 11½c; Lewiston 30, stripe, 11½c; Zephyrs, 17c; Royal, 6¾

Crash—Cotton twill, 3¾c; Windsor twill, 4c; B T 14 in linen, 5c; B T 12 in linen, 6c; A 17 in linen, 7c; P 18 in linen, 8c; S 19 in linen, 9c; S R T 21 in linen, 12c; bleached huck, 4½c; Windsor bleached, 5c; Pemperton bleached stripe, 6c; check linens, 8c; plaid linens, 10c; twilled linens, 12½c.

Satteens—B C Henrietta satteens, 10½c net; A Henrietta satteens, 10c reg; B Henrietta satteens, 9c reg; C Henrietta satteens, 22½c net; D Henrietta satteens, 25c reg; E Henrietta satteens, 30c reg.

Warps—White rose white, 18c; white rose colors, 16c; wadding black, 20c; wadding white, 18c; Stark A bags, $20 00 a bale; Georgia bags $15 50; Eureka bags, $17 00.

A MOTHER'S LIFE.

What Is the Gain If She Works It Out for Her Family.

Self-sacrifice comes natural to women. Much of it is born in them, and what is not is ground into them from childhood by education. For the sake of her home duties a girl gives up amusements and privileges which her brother would never be expected to forego for the like reason. As she grows older, this spirit grows, encouraged by all tradition and outside influence. Often its power masters her altogether, and her life becomes one long devotion of endless labor and acceptance of unpleasant things, that the pleasant part of living may be kept sacred for the rest of the family.

The purely useless side of this entire self-abnegation must sometimes strike the beholder. Such effacing of individuality is not uncommon. And it gives as little real benefit to the family as it does to the individual.

Putting aside the moral effect on the younger members of a family brought up to regard their mother as a machine run for the family service, does the woman who so gives herself for the well-being of her family really accomplish all she desires? If she work without pause or slackening day in and day out, does she always feel satisfied, with admiring onlookers, that it is the noblest way to so spend her health and station and higher life for herself, and gives up all communion of mind and spirit with her husband and children, is the reward adequate that is paid to them in a better-kept house, a more bountifully supplied larder or handsomer clothes?

If over fatigue causes her to become petulant or complaining, is not the atmosphere of home more greatly injured that the added cleaning and cooking can repair? If she is too worn out to give sympathy and help to the children's joys and sorrows, what do the finer clothes and furniture obtained avail? And if, as sometimes happens, outraged nature gives way, and others must step into the breach, do their own work and the played-out woman's as well, and take care of her into the bargain, what has she gained by her extreme efforts that she has not lost by the breakdown?

A life laid down in a worthy cause is not lost, but gained; but is this cause worthy?—Harper's.

THE YOUNGER DISRAELI

A Rising Man in the Land Where His Uncle Was Famous.

A very swagger young man is Coningsby Ralph Disraeli. He is the nephew of the great Disraeli, and is making a heroic effort to keep that great man's name green and fragrant, for he was the heir to his uncle's name, as well as most of his estate. He was his uncle's favorite, and was named by him Coningsby, after his famous book. Young Mr. Disraeli is quite as much of a dandy as was his uncle when he was a stripling. As all the world knows, the elder Disraeli was uncommonly fond of dress. So is his nephew.

And the resemblance does not end there either. Like his uncle, he is going in for politics, and at the moment is a candidate for Parliament. He lives luxuriously, is a member of half a dozen clubs, keeps a man servant and a carriage, and is much sought after by marriageable women, for he is wealthy, handsome, only 24 years of age and the bearer of a distinguished name. Besides he is thought to be a coming man. He is particularly agreeable to Americans. He has been in the States once and hopes soon to go again.

"Are you in politics to stay?" was asked him.

Mr. Disraeli laughed. "Well," he replied, "I mean to go through the usual political routine. Of course, I cannot say that I will be successful."

"What chance has a young man to succeed in politics in England?"

"Not nearly so good as in America. There the field is always open. In England it is often closed even to brainy, dashing young fellows, who aspire to political honors."

I asked Mr. Disraeli for his views on what is politically the most important question of the day in England, the labor movement.

"I think in the end these strike leaders will cut their own throats," he said. "The workingmen are beginning to see through them. The dockers, who were the first to bring Mr. Burns forward as a strike leader, were the first persons to repudiate him afterward. If these men got into Parliament they would receive no more attention than any other members. In fact, being uneducated men, they would naturally receive less attention than educated men.—N. Y. Herald.

Dissolution.

The partnership existing under the firm name of Valois & Manahan, general insurance agents, has been dissolved by mutual consent. E. L. Valois assumes all liabilities against old firm and collects all claims due them.

VALOIS & MANAHAN.

Toledo, O., August 4, 1891.

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Notice.

Jacob Mohler, pltff., } Before George C. Merrill,
vs. } J. P., Port Lawrence
E. W. Frankfurt, deft. } township, Lucas Co., O.

On the 7th day of July, 1891, said justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of $19.13, and ten dollars probable costs. JACOB MOHLER.

Toledo, O., July 24, 1891.
H. E. Howe, Atty. for Pltff. jy24,31aug7

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Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Ohio.

TAXATION.

SECTION 1. *Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio*, That a proposition shall be submitted to the electors of this State on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1891, to amend Section 2, of Article XII, of the Constitution of the State of Ohio, so that it shall read as follows:

ARTICLE XII.

SECTION 2. Laws may be passed which shall tax by a uniform rule all moneys, credits, investments in bonds, stocks, joint-stock companies, or otherwise; and all real and personal property according to the true value thereof in money. In addition thereto, laws may be passed taxing rights, privileges, franchises, and such other subject matters as the legislature may direct; but burying grounds, public school houses, houses used exclusively for public worship, institutions of purely public charity, public property used exclusively for any public purpose, and other property may, by general laws, be exempted from taxation, and the value of all property so exempted shall, from time to time, be ascertained and published as may be directed by law.

SECTION 3. At such election, those electors desiring to vote for such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words "Taxation Amendment—Yes," and those opposed to such amendment may have placed upon their ballots the words "Taxation Amendment—No."

SECTION 4. The amendment shall take effect on the first day of January, 1892.

NIAL R. HYSELL,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
WM. MAHAFFEY MARQUIS,
President of the Senate.

Adopted April 24, 1891.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, OHIO, }
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE, }

I, Daniel J. Ryan, Secretary of State of the State of Ohio, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of a joint resolution adopted by the General Assembly of the State of Ohio, on the 24th day of April, A. D., 1891, taken from the original rolls filed in this office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed my official seal, at Columbus, the 29th day of April, A. D., 1891.

(SEAL.) DANIEL J. RYAN,
Secretary of State.

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The Pittsburgh
—IS A LAMP—
THE lamp this year. It was the best lamp last year, but not so much best as this year. And it is better known now than it was then. More people are using them. As a result more people like them. You will want a Pittsburgh. You will want it bad, and when you have got it you will want to tell your neighbors about it. And you will tell them you bought it at
HASSENZAHL'S,
232 and 234 Summit Street.

DR CLARKE
Merrill Bl'k, Corner Woodward and Jefferson Avenues, Detroit, Mich.
THE REGULAR OLD ESTABLISHED
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Is still treating with the greatest
SKILL AND SUCCESS ALL
PRIVATE, NERVOUS AND CHRONIC DISEASES
NERVOUS DEBILITY,
Lost Manhood, Mental and Physical Weakness, Exhausting Drains, and all the evil effects caused by excess or abuse, treated scientifically by new methods, and a thorough and permanent cure guaranteed.
BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES
as Syphilis, Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Eruptions, etc., radically cured without mercury.
URINARY AND KIDNEY
complaints, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, and all diseases of the genito-urinary organs speedily and safely cured.
DISEASES OF WOMEN, of whatever nature, skillfully and successfully treated.
No Experiments. Thousands Cured. Consult the Old Doctor. Forty years in practice. Consultation personally or by letter Free and confidential. No matter who has failed to cure you, write DR. CLARKE a full history of your case. Medicines sent everywhere free from observation. Hours, 8 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Call on or address
Dr. F. D. CLARKE,
Merrill Block, - Detroit, Mich.

Dr. Clark, the Botanic Specialist,
Eleven years at his Toledo Office Parlors.
Patronize no longer, advertising quacks, who infest our city for a few months and with their accumulated spoils depart.

Dr. Clark cures syphilis, gonnorrhea, loss of manhood and power, spermatorrhea, night emissions, cancers, sores, liver, kidney and blood diseases.
Special diseases of both men and women positively cured. Dr. Clark is the only botanic specialist in the state. If you mean business and wish to be cured call and see us and have a friendly talk, and see what can be done for you. If not you probably will fall into the hands of an advertising charlatan or a home physician that is incompetent.
Dr. Clark has no spare time to lose, but every case has a thorough examination that you can accept or reject. We are the friends of all sufferers

The Bee Hive.

The BEE will give the people all of the news and advertise their wants. Having a circulation much greater than any other Toledo daily paper it is much the best advertising medium. It secures quicker and better returns. Consult your interests by advertising in the BEE when you want anything or have anything to sell.

Parties advertising in these columns and having the answers addressed in care of THE BEE, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes.

Advertisements of Wants, For Rent, For Sale, Lost, Found, etc., not exceeding four lines (28 words), will be inserted in these columns for 50 cents a week, two weeks $1; one month $2. For one insertion 20 cents, two times 30 cents, three times 40 cents, and four times 50 cents will be charged. Over four lines at proportionate rates, payable in advance. Parties desiring situations will be given three insertions free.

No credit is allowed for advertisements ordered in for a certain number of times and stopped before expiration.

MALE HELP WANTED.

Advertisements under this head: One, 2cts; Three times, 5cts; Six times 10cts.

SALESMAN—Wanted, traveling salesman; can make $50 per week permanently. Trade specialties, Tabor, 177 Monroe st, Chicago. 7aug3p

WANTED—Boy, 13 or 14 years of age. E C Shaw & Co, 8 S St Clair st. p

WANTED—Porter, at Burnett's house. 6aug2p

CUTTERS AND TAILORS WANTED—95 out of every 100 who attend the Cleveland Cutting School come through the results of those who have learned there, which proves better than words can tell how well-cleased cutters are that use the A D Rude New Method of Cutting.

WANTED—Boy to learn barber trade. Inquire 964 North R R ave. 7aug3p

WANTED—Barber for Saturday. Call H W Brockman, 620 Adams st. 6aug2p

WANTED—By a practical wood working machine hand, a place in a country town; best of reference. Address C 60, Bee office. 5aug3

WANTED—Barber, at 1526 Broadway. 6aug3p

WANTED—A good stick candy maker. Address C 61, care Bee. 6aug2p

WANTED—Bell boy at the Jefferson. 3aug-tf

WANTED—SALESMEN—Men to sell line of cigars; $100 per month and expenses paid. Address, with stamp, Sumatra Cigar Co, Chicago. 31jy12p

WANTED—Three first-class men who know how to sort and tally pine lumber. Inquire at Harbour & Sherk's, Summit ave. 29jy-tf

WIRE WORKER—Wanted 3 experienced wire workers at the American Brass and Metal Works, Detroit, Mich. 21jy-tf

WANTED—Salesmen — Permanent paying positions for intelligent workers; write at once. Ellwanger & Barry, Mt Hope Nurseries Rochester, N Y. jy22toaug13p

SALESMEN WANTED—To sell goods to merchants by sample; big pay for workers; new goods; permanent situation; chance to build a fine trade. Model Mfg Co, South Bend, Ind. 18jy1mp

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Apply 2921 Collingwood avenue. 7aug3p

WANTED—Two dining room girls at the New York house. 7aug2p

WANTED—Two dining room girls, at Hotel Madison. Apply at office. 6aug2p

FEMALE HELP WANTED—Apprentices, waist and skirt hands; also good sewers, operators, saleslades, parlor girls and ladies for office work; steady work and high wages. Call or write, London and Paris Co., 5 & 7 Summit st. 6aug6p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, girl to do general housework; also girl to take care of children. 2105 Putnam st, corner Floyd st. 6aug6p

HOUSEWORK—Wanted, a capable girl for general housework. Mrs E B Flower, 1005 Michigan st. 6aug2p

GIRL—Wanted, a competent girl for general housework. Apply at 1027 Superior st. 5aug3

GOOD competent girl to do general housework at 1060 Vermont ave; family of two. 4aug6p

WANTED—Girls for hotel and general housework; situations furnished free of charge; also marine. City Employment office, 809 Summit st. 4aug6p

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 922 Huron st, corner Lagrange. 9june-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

LOUD TALK, BUT TRUE—Cancers, tumors, ulcers, fever sores, corns and bunions, cured without pain, without the knife, without the loss of a drop of blood; tumors removed without breaking the skin; no money required for services until healed. Diphtheria sore throat cured in 48 hours; enlarged tonsils, and all diseases treated. Address with stamp, office or residence, 1112 Monroe st, Toledo, O. E G Beckwith, M D.

FIRE, accident, marine, plate glass and life insurance; real estate, houses for rent and for sale. Phone 1288. C C & H H. ("Bert") Dawson, 2 Drummond block, opposite postoffice. 6aug3w

THOSE wanting a first-class stone sidewalk call on or address Ed Carr, 241 Bloomfield st, city. 6aug6

WELL DRILLING—Wanted, man or company to sink a gas well in good territory. Address for particulars, A Smith, McClure O. 5aug6p

YOU go at once to L. Hay's, the grocer, 937 Summit st, and see those Cocker spaniels on exhibition there for a few days only. 3aug6p

MAURICE C McCABE & Co, 37 Washington st, are practical plumbers, gas and steam fitters; if you want work done in this line look them up; it will pay you; they guarantee satisfaction in all their work, and the prices are made reasonable, any other mechanical work done on short notice. 30jul3m

ADRIAN MICH—Whenever you are at Adrian be sure to stop at the Botsford house, opposite the L S & M S depot; best $1-a-day house in the city. J W Ryan, propr. 31jy1mo p

FOR RENT—Turner hall club room. Inquire E Louis John, 426 St Clair st. 1aug6m

A C OTTO, 721 Monroe st, near Ontario, makes models and all kinds of light mechanical work; special attention to repairs on sewing machines, bicycles, lawn mowers, gasoline stoves, clothes wringers, scales, guns, etc. 23jy3w

MARENGO GROVE—Picnic parties will find covered wagon at Broadway street car barns; make arrangements by calling phone 1110; fare round trip 15 cents. 22jy1m

DR. MINGOS has returned to Toledo and permanently located at the corner of Summit and Oak sts; will attend to all special attention to chronic diseases and female troubles; consultation free. 2jy1mp

DO YOU WANT A PENSION? If you do, and have doubts as to your claim, consult J. H. Spahn, corner Monroe and Market Space. Advice given free. 7aug1yr

WANTED—The people to know that they can get anything they want in the line of stationary, art goods, cigars and tobacco, at Geo. T. Frey's, 611 Cherry st. 31jaug

GEORGE W. MERRILL, Justice of the Peace and Notary Public; deeds, leases, mortgages and all legal papers executed; special attention paid to collection of commercial paper. Office hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 25 Law building, corner Superior and Madison sts. jan12tf

CISTERNS of all sizes in stock or made to order, delivered in any part of city; will set in position if desired. Phone 874. The Morse Manufacturing Co., Curtis st. 2may1y

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—Situation by a competent woman as pastry cook; is well experienced; can give reference. Address C 63, Bee office. 6aug3

WANTED—Situation by lady as cook or chambermaid, or work of any kind to do. Address Mrs Lauch, room 11 Evoy block, corner St Clair and Lafayette sts. 6aug3

WANTED—A situation by a lady with a small child. Address C 62, Bee office. 6aug3

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or stenographer or both by a young man with some experience; best of references. Address C 59, care Bee. 5aug3

CLERK—Wanted, situation as hardware clerk and tinner; 20 years' experience; good references given. Address C 57, care Bee. 5aug3

FOR RENT ROOMS.

FOR RENT—Sept. 1, the store room in the Y. M. C. A. building, now occupied by E. A. Rood, corner Summit and Orange sts. H. N. Waibridge & Co. 6aug3

PARLOR—For rent, nice furnished parlor with two bedrooms, single or ensuite. Inquire 712 Madison st. 6aug3p

ROOMS—For rent, three front rooms, newly and furnished. Inquire at 335 Erie st, near Adams. 6aug6p

ROOM—For rent, front room for one or two gentlemen. 808 Madison, cor Ontario. 6aug6p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at 515 Erie st. 5aug6

FOR RENT—Three large front rooms on 2d Broadway over No 1607 (1st floor) at $6 per month, suitable for light housekeeping. Inquire of E M Beaumont, 720 Vinton st. 5aug6p

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms at $1 per week. Apply to Miss Pulver on the corner of St Clair and Knapp sts. 3aug6p

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; also basement rooms for light housekeeping with use of bath. Apply at 28 Ontario st, bet Monroe and Washington. 1aug6p

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSES—Summer dresses made from $2; fit guaranteed; also dressmakers and seamstresses sent out. London and Paris Dressmaking Co, 5 & 7 Summit st. 6aug6p

WANTED AGENTS.

AGENTS—Wanted canvassing agents by the Adamson Co patent agents; good wages to energetic men. For particulars call at my room, 335 North Erie st. C E Wells, general agent. 7aug2p

WANTED—Our agents make $100 to $300 a month selling our goods on their merits; want country and general agents, and will take back all goods unsold if a county agent fails to clear $100 and expenses after a 30 days' trial, or a general agent less than $250; we will send large illustrated circulars and letter with a special offer to suit territory applied for, on receipt of three 1 cent stamps. Apply at once and get in on the boom. Address Renner Manufacturing Company, Pittsburg, Pa. 11jy3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Hambletonian mare, six years old, dark bay, black mane, tail and legs, sound and kind, good roader; also buggy and harness. Trial to right party. 8 S Minuse, Erie and Sandusky sts. 7aug-p

MEAT MARKET—For sale, first-class meat market with all conveniences; good business locality. For full particulars call on Mrs Wm Schulze, 1417 Cherry st. 6aug2p

FOR SALE OR RENT—Saloon on Cherry st, near Wheeling & Lake Erie depot; must be taken soon. Call or address P Miller, 1101 Cherry st. 6aug6p

FOR SALE—Grocery store doing a good business and located in one of the best parts of the city; not over $850 or $900 cash needed. Address C 36, Bee office. 24jylf

PROPERTY—For sale; house and lot on Washington st $2,500; 71 ft on Collingwood near Delaware ave, at $40; 100 ft on Robinwood, near Bancroft at $25; house and lot on Lee st, 9th ward, $1,400; 3 new cottages now being built on East Broadway for $1,000 each; small down payments, balance monthly. Irving & Russell, 16 Produce Exchange. 28aug-tf

LOT—For sale a beautiful lot 50x211. Call at 518 Adams street. 21mar-tf

FOR RENT—HOUSE.

HOUSES—For rent, two new houses on Michigan st, between Cherry and Walnut streets. P J Mettler, 411 Washington st. 7aug3

FOR RENT—$19 month. No 2515 Chase st, on Robison road; two story house, newly rebuilt and papered, seven rooms, cellar, well and cistern. S S Minuse, Erie and Sandusky sts. 7aug2p

HOUSE—For rent, an eight-room house with all modern improvements, 904 11th st, near Illinois. Inquire of B H Holtgreve, S 11 Superior st, market space. 5aug6p

COTTAGES—For rent, two of my cottages, with natural gas, corner Elm and Third sts, East Toledo, $10.50 per month each. Stephen Brophy, 44 Produce Exchange. 3aug6p

FOR RENT—One of the best corners in the city for a barber shop. Inquire of James Crowe, corner of Broadway and Segur. 3aug4p

COTTAGES—For rent, two cottages; well and cistern; will rent or lease to good tenant. 553 Wisconsin st, bet Collingwood ave and Lenk st. 1aug6p

FOR RENT—Two new 8-room houses with all modern improvements, on Lafayette st near Michigan, $25 per month. Inquire of Feilbach & Co, corner Monroe and Huron sts. 1aug7p

FOR RENT—A new two story frame house just completed, with all modern improvements, on Dorr st near Lenk st. Inquire at 624 Dorr st or of Frank Farber, 42 Market Space. 1aug6p

HOUSE—For rent a house of 12 rooms with all the modern improvements, including natural gas, at 1225 Superior st; splendid neighborhood, convenient to business. Apply to V. W. Granger, 305 Summit st. 4apr-tf

BUSINESS CHANCE.

WANTED—A party to invest $2,500, with or without services, for half interest in a safe and legitimate business, conducted on a cash basis or on chattel mortgage when on time, in a fine location on light expenses; can influence a $5,000 line of credit or addition to capital; references exchanged. Full particulars, mutually confidential, by addressing C 54, care of the Bee. 4aug6p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—For city property, a 50 acre farm just outside the corporation under the influence of the lake air and well adapted for truck gardening and fruit. George E Pomeroy & Son, 414 Madison st. 9jyim

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN—On household goods pianos, horses, wagons, etc., without removal; partial payments received reducing cost pro rata; all business strictly confidential. Croft, room 14 Worthington block, Adams and Superior sts. 16may1y

NO MORE FOR HIM.

Missionary—Won't you take a tract, my friend?

Whop La (the Pawnee)—Not much! Last tract said: "And Lo, he was cast out."

DIED.

PURNEY—Thursday, Aug. 6, at 7:30 a m, Nellie E. Purney, oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Purney, sr., 2008 Cherry st.

Funeral Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock from residence. Friends of the family invited. 7aug2

CITY NEWS.

Use Seyfang's New Process bread.

Home grown tomatoes are on the market.

Broadway M. E. ladies give an ice cream festival to-night.

Have the washing sent to the Toledo Laundry Co. Phone 468.

Williams county teachers hold their institute at Montpelier, August 24.

The Consolidated started the East Broadway electric line this morning.

Bids will be received by the board of elections to-morrow for polling booths.

The corner stone of the new Methodist church at Montpelier will be laid on Sunday.

The Robisons are moving to their new quarters just vacated by J. W. Green & Co.

William Tell Division, K. P., give an excursion to Put-in Bay next Wednesday. Tickets $1.

A large number of Toledoans will go to Lakeside to-morrow to spend Sunday at camp-meeting.

A two weeks' institute will be held by Defiance county teachers at Sherwood, beginning August 17.

The economical man buys and uses Buckeye Paints and Varnishes because they are the most durable.

Toledo's Foresters are making great preparations for their picnic next Thursday at the fair grounds.

Drive about the city this evening in a Carriage or Surrey from the Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

John H. Parker and Katie M. Billy, of Norwalk, O., were married yesterday afternoon by Justice Parker.

John H. Schrider, a law student of Hamilton & Ford's, of this city, has settled down to practice at Bryan.

Building permits: I. H. Detwiler & Co., two cottages, Yates street, $700 and $800; L. Barnes, Ontario street, $400.

The wedding reception of Mr. James Flanigan and his wife occurs to-night at the G. A. R. hall on Adams street.

The ladies of the Fifth Presbyterian church give a lawn fete at the corner of Bancroft and Monroe streets to-night.

George Haunesser, of Wauseon, was arrested this morning and taken to the police station to sober up.

Sunday school teachers will meet at the Y. M. C. A. hall to-morrow afternoon, and will be instructed by Marion Lawrance.

The case against Mr. and Mrs. Musch and Augustin Kolodisick, for a disturbance, was continued until this afternoon, in police court.

This evening the degree of the temple will be conferred at the regular conclave of Toledo commandery, No. 7, K. T., at Masonic temple.

The Crescent Livery Co. Phone 899.

A new lodge of the Knights of Pythias has been autho rized at Melrose, Paulding county, with 23 names. W. J. Johnson is instituting officer.

City Auditor Walker is preparing a general claim ordinance to submit to the council on Monday evening.

Watches and clocks repaired at Judd's.

The People's theater will be opened for the regular season next Monday evening. "Uncle Isaac" is the attraction with M. X. Fehrman in the leading role.

Natural gas fund as shown at the auditor's office this morning: Cash on hand, $1,121.07; certified against the same, $892.53; balance unappropriated, $728.54.

Julia Kazeh swore out a warrant in Justice Parker's court this morning, charging Antony and Minnie Witt with slander. The case was continued to August 12.

Wedding and birthday presents at Judd's.

Arthur Miller forfeited $20 bail in the police court this morning by his nonappearance to answer to the charge of assault and battery preferred by Henry Roe.

Parks' City Ambulance will do work for $2.50 to any part of the city. Phone 1217.

Our stock is always complete. Prices the very lowest. B. H. Broer, 606 S. St. Clair street.

The largest stock of diamonds at Judd's.

B. Keller, janitor of the T. & O. C. railroad offices, was taken suddenly ill yesterday with a violent attack of cramps. He was taken home and is confined to his bed at present.

George Peters, aged 16 years, was convicted of stealing in police court yesterday afternoon. He is a paroled boy from the Reform Farm at Lancaster, and was ordered returned.

William Tell division of the Uniform Rank, K. P., will visit the second regiment of Cleveland in camp at Put-in-Bay next Wednesday and will be accompanied by the full City band.

Don't forget the Lawn Fete of the ladies of the Fifth Presbyterian church, corner of Monroe and Bancroft sts., this evening.

The funeral of Samuel A. Taylor occurred this afternoon from his late residence on lower Erie street, Rev. J. H. Bethards officiating. The remains were interred in Forest cemetery.

The current number of the Inland Printer contains a fine picture of the delegates to the late session of the International Printing Pressmens' convention, and Mr. Mark Knight, the Toledo representative, looms up in great shape among them.

The following drunks were disposed of in police court this morning: Mrs. Ella Peipsneider, costs; James Doyle, off docket; Louis Watson, costs; David Weaver, $5 and costs; John Joseph, discharged.

Adam Gates and Charles Gates were discharged in police court this morning. They are brothers and were arrested as vagrants. They lost their mother only a short time ago, and their guardian has not taken the proper care of them.

New Furniture arriving every day at M Bartlett's Furniture Palace, 618 Jefferson.

Simon Kohn was fined the costs in police court this morning for obstructing the sidewalk in front of his second-hand store on St. Clair street. The police have orders to keep the sidewalks clear of signs and merchandise, and as this is the first arrest the usual fine was not imposed.

Mrs. Robinson's residence on Grand avenue was discovered to be on fire at noon to-day. The family were absent from home. The fire department responded quickly to a call, and managed to save the home from great damage.

Our Fall styles are the prettiest and the prices lowest in the city. Bartlett's Furniture Palace, 618 Jefferson street.

Here's a cure for diphtheria from Lima: Make a poultice of beans or peas, put on hot every two or three hours with bandage, one-half teaspoonful of oil of tar with tablespoonful of lard. Spread thickly on surface if possible. Keep it on until membrane comes off the throat.

Stowe's Colossal Circus at Presque Isle all this week, which includes the Wonderful Elliott Family in their marvelous feats on bicycles, unicycles, etc. Don't fail to see this great show of trained animals, etc. Two performances daily at 4 and 9 p. m.

To-morrow Huntington Battery H, First regiment of Ohio light artillery, will hold its annual reunion at Memorial hall. The boys have made splendid arrangements for the event. Capt. Stephen W. Dorsey, of Star route fame, may be present, and if he does the boys propose giving him a royal reception.

New coverings for old frames; have your goods remodeled at Bartlett's, 618 Jefferson street.

Wm. Sheers was arrested Wednesday for indecently exposing his person from a second story window of the home at the corner of Cherry and Superior streets, and attracting the attention of passing ladies, by waving a newspaper. He was fined $15 and costs and given 15 days in the work house, in justice court this morning.

We will make extra inducements for those who wish to furnish their homes; get prices and styles at Bartlett's Furniture Palace, 618 Jefferson street.

King Ford, colored, had a preliminary hearing yesterday afternoon in police court on the charge of having committed rape on the person of Lulu Saunders about two weeks ago. Ford is about 26 years old and the Saunders girl only 10. It being clearly shown to the court that the crime had been committed Ford was bound over to the court of common pleas in the sum of $1,000.

The great Alteration sale is growing every day, yet all goods must go.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

We always give the best values in Black Goods. LAMSON BROTHERS.

The Alteration Sale is still booming.
NEUHAUSEL BROS.

To-morrow, as usual, buy Kid Gloves and Mitts at LAMSON'S.

Silks as well as Calicos go at Alteration Sale prices. NEUHAUSEL BROS.

THE GERMAN EMPEROR.

The First Three Years of the Reign of William II Reviewed.

William II. has been for three years Emperor, and in this time has succeeded not only in winning the respect of foreign Cabinets, but in strengthening himself at home. He succeeded a father idolized by all who came within the sphere of his gentle and generous nature; his grandfather left behind a warlike fame so great that only the age of Frederick II. can afford a parallel. The present Emperor has had, therefore, no easy task before him, for it has been necessary for him both to remove prejudice and to give country confidence in his intentions as well as his abilities.

The secret of the Emperor's power with his own people arises mainly from three causes:

First—He has courage.

Second—He is honest.

Third—He is a thorough German.

If the whole country had to vote tomorrow for a leader embodying the qualities they most desired, their choice would fall unquestionably on their present constitutional ruler. Perhaps the virtues I have specified appear commonplace, and will be taken for granted by the reader; but an emperor must be compared with others in the same trade.

His honesty has been the cause of nearly all the malevolent criticism that the outside papers have accorded him, for he has said freely that older or more politic people might have placed in a different way. He has made many minor mistakes by acting on the impulse of the moment, but these mistakes have never betrayed to his people a want of sympathy with their development. He has made his share of minor blunders in handling large masses of troops at the grand maneuvers, but the army would be happy to see him make a thousand times as many rather than to miss the active interest he takes in keeping the military machine in working order.—Century.

One of the requisites of a pleasant stay in the city of New York is a comfortable hotel, which is centrally located and where moderate prices are charged. The Sturtevant House, corner of Broadway and 29th st., fulfils these requirements.

We are selling lots of Curtains; you do not have to beat us down to get the right prices, they are right to start with.
LAMSON BROTHERS.

A month or six weeks more to wear thin underwear. Buy it at LAMSONS'.

Earthquake Shock at Charleston.

Columbia, S. C., Aug. 7.—From conductors of incoming trains yesterday it was learned that a decided earthquake shock was felt at Charleston about midnight Wednesday night. No damage was done, but the shock was of such force as to rattle windows. The local papers in Charleston make no mention of it, and suppress earthquake news, it is said, for fear of injuring the commercial interests of the city.

We have Scarlet and Cardinal Hosiery for ladies. LAMSON BROTHERS.

Bargains in Dress Goods and Dress Goods Remnants at LAMSONS'.

T. W. Bocock Dead.

Lynchburg, Va., Aug. 7.—Hon. Thomas W. Bocock, for 14 years a member of congress from Virginia, and for four years speaker of the confederate congress, died Wednesday night at his home in Appomattox county, aged 66.

New goods every day; we are keeping each department fully assorted and know no dull times. LAMSON BROTHERS.

Dragged to Death.

Port Jarvis, N. Y., Aug. 7.—On Wednesday afternoon Floyd West took Mary Brown and Tillie Brinson and Sterling Brooks, of Binghampton, to Milford for a ride. On the return trip, about 10 p. m., the wagon came into collision with a buggy containing two ladies and a driver. The horses, frightened by the shock, started on a run. Mary Brown was thrown over the front of the wagon and was dragged over the rough road for a distance of eight miles. She was dead when found.

Ladies Buy Magic Garters at LAMSONS'.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

Events of the Tennis Tournament Yesterday.

Games in the Big League—Splendid Game at Boston—Amateur Notes.

The tennis tournament at the outing grounds is still well attended. Yesterday afternoon the crowd present exceeded if anything that of the previous day, and the events were decidedly more interesting.

The feature of the game was the match at doubles between the two Coldhams and Messrs. Secor and Dodge.

The first set was won by the former 8 to 6, and the second by their antagonists 6 to 3. The deciding game will be played off this afternoon and will attract many spectators.

Messrs. Dodge and Tyler, in the second class, played a set, in which Tyler won 6 to 5. Witker and Smith played a couple of sets, the first resulting 5 to 6 in Smith's favor; the second, 6 to 0 in favor of his opponent.

Messrs. Smith and Cleary played two set, resulting in Cleary's favor by scores of 6 to 3 and 6 to 2.

Messrs. Scribner and Cummings played two sets, Cummings winning both by scores of 6 to 1 and 6 to 2.

Misses Alice Baker and Lotta Moore played three sets, Miss Baker winning two of the three.

The contests to day will be of an interesting nature and will virtually decide who are the crack tennis players of Toledo.

Games Yesterday.

LEAGUE.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Brooklyn	Terry—	5	8	6	1	2
Cleveland	Gruber—	3	5	3	1	5
Philadelphia	Thornter—	4	7	2	2	4
Cincinnati	Rhines—	1	6	1	0	2
Boston	Nichols—	2	8	0	5	0
Chicago	Hutchison—	3	10	3	0	4
New York	Rusie—	8	8	4	1	5
Pittsburg	Baldwin—	6	6	4	3	6

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	Pitchers—	R	H	E	SB	BB
Louisville	Stratton—	4	13	3	0	0
Boston	Buffinton—	8	10	10	0	2
St Louis	Stivetts—	5	8	4	0	2
Athletics	Waybing—	7	14	0	1	1
Cincinnati	Dwyer—	7	14	4	1	4
Baltimore	Madden—	4	8	7	0	3
Columbus	Clark—	9	10	4	3	7
Washington	Foreman—	11	10	0	4	8

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Chicago	52	35	87	.598
New York	46	33	79	.582
Boston	48	36	84	.571
Philadelphia	42	43	85	.494
Cleveland	42	46	88	.477
Brooklyn	40	44	84	.476
Cincinnati	36	52	88	.409
Pittsburg	34	51	85	.400

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.	Per cent
Boston	61	30	91	.670
St. Louis	60	34	94	.638
Baltimore	49	38	87	.563
Athletics	45	41	85	.529
Columbus	44	46	90	.489
Cincinnati	42	48	90	.467
Washington	30	56	86	.349
Louisville	31	65	96	.323

General Sporting.

Louisville will stick to the association.

Boston will win the association pennant.

The Cleveland League club is the best in Ohio.

Tom Loftus seems to have lost his grip this year.

The New York giants are playing more like pigmies.

Bob Leadly is managing the broken-down Omahas.

Alvord is slugging the ball pretty hard just now.

Werden is in better shape than he has been for years.

Wonder if Tine Ketcham has received any part of that $8,500 yet!

Toledo's contingent, Alvord, Werden, Smith and McGuire, are doing very well.

The Jonahed Cincinnati league club is still jogging along near the tail end of the procession.

Buck Ewing and Tim Keefe are back numbers. Clarkson and Charlie Bennett still hang on.

There is a prevailing opinion that the Columbus management will drop from $25,000 to $50,000 this season.

It looks now as if the Chicago Base Ball club, consisting of Old Man Anson, Pitcher Hutchinson, Little Cooney Kitridge and Tom Burns, would win the league pennant.

Columbus has it in for Werden. They will ask Kramer to expell him because he knocked the ball over their left field fence. Unpardonable, sir, to smash a ball like that in Columbus.

Among the Amateurs.

The Speranzas' would like to play any nine in the city under 17 years old.

The Crickets were defeated by the Fifth Ward 9 Stars by a score of 19 to 8.

There's a rumor afloat that Weil, the Auburndale short stop, has resigned.

The Buckeyes would like to hear from the Ironville Unions. Braatz, manager. John Jacobi, captain.

The Speranzas accept the challenge of the Ivys for Sunday, August 9, for any amount. H. Lippert, manager.

The Summits accept the challenge of the Futures for $2.25 or $5, Sunday, August 9, 2 p. m. C. Gressmann, manager.

The Foxes accept the challenge of the Commercials for Saturday, August 9, '91, on our grounds, at 2:30 sharp. Manager Fox B. B. C.

The Corn Citys will play the Rogers August 9 on the Pagetown grounds for $5 a side. Answer through the BEE. H. Christ, manager.

We, the Brown base ball club of the Fifth ward, challenge the Stars to play on Presque Isle Sunday, Aug. 16. Answer through BEE. Manager B. B. B. C.

The Speranza Juniors accept the challenge of the Racers and will play them Saturday morning, August the eighth, for $1 a side on corner Fourteenth and Monroe streets.

We, the Speranza Base Ball Club hereby challenge the Futures to a game of ball Sunday, the 9th, for $10 a side, to be played on the Presque Isle grounds at 11 a. m. A. Lippert, Mgr.

The Defenders challenge any club in the city under 17 years of age for a game of ball to be played Sunday, August 16, on the South street grounds. Amount to be agreed upon. Pathfinders preferred. H. Steisloff, captain; C. Bartels, manager.

"Oh, if I had only taken this medicine earlier in life, what years of suffering it would have saved me!" was the touching exclamation of one who had been cured of rheumatism by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Scores of such cases are on record.

Big Handkerchief Sale to-morrow at CONNELLY BROS.

A Town in Flames.

Cedar Rapids, Ia., Aug. 7.—Word was received here last night that the city of Commanche, Clinton county, was burning up. Grist and saw-mills, dry goods and business houses were all swept out by the fire. Help was sent for to Lynn and Clinton, and two engines and two hook and ladder trucks were forwarded on a special train, but as the town has no water works they could do but little to check the flames.

Any and everything going at Alteration Sale prices at NEUHAUSEL BROS.

We are headquarters for reliable Black Silks. You neglect your interests if you do not examine our stock.
LAMSON BROTHERS.

Harvest Excursions.

As usual, the Wabash leads, others follow. On August 24 and September 28 the Wabash Railroad Co. will run two great harvest excursions to points in the west, south and southwest.

The only line running free palace reclining chair cars.

For rates call on or write Boody house ticket office, or P. E. Dumbaugh, passenger and ticket agent, Wabash railroad, 308 Madison street, Toledo, O.

New Jackets and Wraps at LAMSONS'.

Red men are capable of the highest kind of civilization. They all like Smokette cigars, because they get a 10 cent smoke for a nickel.

Infants' Caps and Capes at LAMSONS'.

STATE ELECTIONS THIS YEAR.

There Will Be Twelve of Them of More or Less Importance.

Pennsylvania, November 3, will elect treasurer and auditor general, and vote whether a constitutional convention shall be held and elect delegates to the same.

Iowa, November 3, will elect governor and other state officers and legislature.

Kentucky, August 3, will elect governor and other officers and legislature, and vote upon the constitution framed by the convention which was elected August 4, 1890.

Maryland, November 3, will elect governor and other state officers and legislature, and vote upon six proposed amendments to the constitution of the state. The first impowers the governor to disapprove separate items in appropriation bills; the second restricts the exemption of corporations from taxation; the third provides for uniformity of taxation; the fourth relates to the election of county commissioners; the fifth authorizes the sale of the state's interest in all works of internal improvement, and the sixth empowers the legislature to provide for the taxation of mortgages, if such taxation is imposed, in the county or city where the mortgaged property is situated.

Massachusetts, November 3, will elect governor and other state officers and legislature.

Mississippi, November 3, will elect three railroad commissioners and legislature.

Nebraska, November 3, will elect associate justice of the supreme court and two regents of the state university.

New Jersey, November 3, will elect part of the senate and assembly.

New York, November 3, will elect governor, lieutenant governor, secretary of state, controller, treasurer, attorney general, engineer and surveyor, the senate, the assembly, ten justices of the supreme court and a representative in congress from the Tenth district.

Ohio, November 3, will elect governor and other state officers and legislature and vote upon a proposed amendment to the constitution providing for uniformity of taxation.

Texas, August 11, will vote upon five proposed amendments to the constitution of the state. The first provides for the registration of voters in towns of 10,000 inhabitants and over, the second relates to the maintenance of the common schools, the third fixes the maximum rate of interest at 10 per cent., and in contracts where no rate is specified at 6 per cent., the fourth relates to local option, and the fifth provides for establishing two or more civil courts of appeal.

Virginia, November 3, will elect one-half its senate and its house of delegates.—N. Y. Times.

Children Enjoy

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious the most gratifying results follow its use, so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Idlewild for Detroit and Belle Isle Park, Sunday, August 9.

Fare round trip 50 cents. Leaves her dock, foot Jefferson street at 9 o'clock a. m., city time. Returning, leaves Detroit at 5 p. m.

Profit

No object. We must move the stock this month to make room for fall goods.
KAPP'S, 415 Summit St.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

RETAIL SHOE MEN

Do you know that the best place for you to buy Ladies Slippers and Dongola Toe Oxfords is at Smith, Simmons Peabody Co.? They carry a large line of good goods

The time to get Furniture below cost is now at Hager's Closing Out Sale.

SHOE MERCHANTS

Buy your Lawn Tennis goods of Smith, Simmons & Peabody Co.; they sell the Candee make, the best in the market.

REMOVAL

Toledo Fancy Steam Dye Works from 518 Adams street to corner Huron and Adams, where we will be pleased to see all our old patrons. Will be back to our old stand, 518 Adams street, as soon as new building is completed.

HAGER'S Closing Out Sale is nohumbug. "Everything goes" below cost.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TOLEDO SHOW CASE FACTORY
ALL KINDS OF SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, STORE & OFFICE FURNITURE, DRUGGISTS AND JEWELERS WALL CASES.
DRAPER & NUGENT
TOLEDO, O.

LADIES, $500 REWARD!

DR. ANDERSON'S ENGLISH FEMALE REGULATING PILLS are the safest and most reliable. Give them a trial and be convinced. Sent by mail, postpaid, per box $1, 3 boxes for $2.50.
Moka Medicine Co., Toledo, O.

Also for sale by F. Hobly, M. D., 402 Nebraska ave.; Wm. Kirchmaier & Son, 601 Adams st.; Auburndale Pharmacy, Monroe and Milburn ave.; Depot Pharmacy, Knapp and Broadway; F. B. Stephens, Tenth and Washington st.; G. Meimth, Ph. C., cor 13th and Adams st.

Notice to Stockholders.

There will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Toledo and Island Steamboat Company, at the office of Messrs. Swayne, Swayne & Hayes, on Saturday, Sept. 5, 1891, at 4:30 p. m., for the purpose of acting on the question of issuing bonds of said company to the amount of sixty-five thousand dollars ($65,000), and securing the same by a mortgage or deed of trust on the property of said company.
S. C. REYNOLDS,
President.
N. H. SWAYNE,
Secretary.
aug7 to sept4

BUCKEYE BREWING CO.
Brewers of Genuine
Pilsener, Export and
LAGER BEER!
TOLEDO, OHIO.
JOHN JACOBY, Supt.

Do you want a "HAWKEYE" or "KODAK" CAMERA to take with you on your vacation? If so, call at HEADQUARTERS for all kinds of PHOTO GOODS.
SESSIONS & KOHNE,
602 Summit St., Toledo.

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Fishing Tackle.

LAWN MOWERS SHARPENED, KEY MAKING AND GENERAL REPAIRING.

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NEAR SUMMIT.

TOLEDO
Artificial Limb Co
TRINITY BLOCK,
Office, Room 6,
Corner Adams and St. Clair st
TOLEDO.

CROCKER-WHEELER
PERFECTED
ELECTRIC MOTORS
From 1-12 Horse-Power Up.
Most Efficient Motor on the Market.
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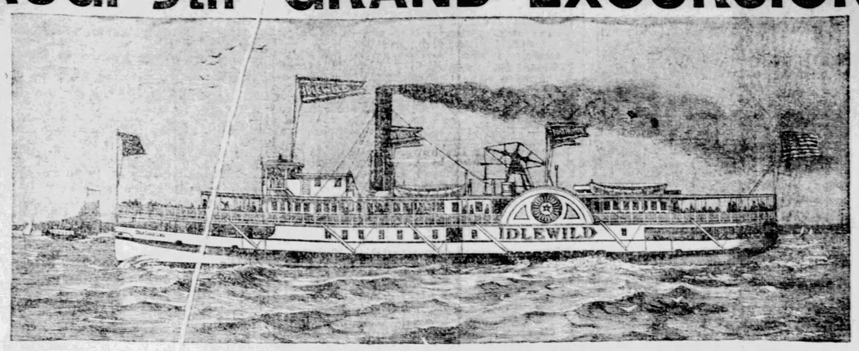
DOCUTA SANDALWOOD CAPSULES are the best and only capsules prescribed by regular physicians for the cure of diseases of the urinary organs, whether inherited or acquired. $1.50 per box. All druggists.

AUG. 9th--GRAND EXCURSION



TO BELLE ISLE PARK, DETROIT, ON STEAMER IDLEWILD.
TICKETS 50c ROUND TRIP.

Steamer will leave Toledo at 9 a. m.; returning, leave Detroit at 5 p. m. This will give Toledo people an opportunity to see the famous Belle Isle Park, Detroit, the finest park in the world, or spend three hours in Detroit.

DRINK GERMAN COFFEE

IT IS THE BEST.

Steel Ceiling!

Ask your Architect to specify the Kinnear Ceiling. It will not Crack or Fall Off.

We can furnish it in various designs. Our prices are made low so that you can afford to have it. See Boody House lobby. Write for prices.

THE KINNEAR & GAGER CO.
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

PICTURE FRAMES
AND ENLARGING.
A specialty of nice work and low prices. Orders by mail will receive pr